NG, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC

es will Interest You.

uctions in all Departments.

CIAL SALE.

YS' AND CHILDREN'S

S! OVERCOATS!

CH BROS.,

niers and Tailors,

WHITEHALL STREET.

L MILL SUPPLI ES,ETC

OWN & KING,

CTURERS AND DEALERS

—IN—

LEN AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES,
AND TOOLS, LEATHER AND RUBBER
TING, HOSE PACKING, ETC.
OJGERS, PRESSURE BLOWERS AND EXHAUST FANS.
ON PIPE FITTINGS AND BRASS GOODS.

R PRICES AND DISCOUNTS.

S. BROAD ST.

Hirsch



RITY INVESTMENT COMPANY.

ecurity Investment Company

ATLANTA, GA.

- - - - - - - $50,000.00

W. R. HAMMOND, Secretary.
sident. HALL & HAMMOND, Attorneys.

DIRECTORS.

JOHN KEELY,
L. J. HILL,
W. R. HAMMOND.

ing FIVE YEARS from date, with interest at 7 PER CENT, payable
by IMPROVED REAL ESTATE worth at least two and one-half
IR PAYMENT GUARANTEED by THIS COMPANY. Parties having
interest by addressing L. J. HILL, President, Atlanta, Ga.

IME, CEMENT AND COAL.

LE SONS

a Stove Flue, absolutely
Terra Cotta Chimney
nd Stove Thimbles.

LIME,
EMENTS,
PLASTER PARIS,
---DRAIN PIPE,---
-SEWER PIPE,-
FIRE BRICK,
-FIRE CLAY,-
—PLASTER'S HAIR,—
—MARBLE DUST,—
—SHOP COAL,—
GRATE COAL.
ATLANTA, GA.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.



We are now closing out our stock of

HARD AND SOFT COAL

Heating Stoves.

You can secure bargains for the next 30 days. Also large assortment of Brass Fenders, Fire Sets, Andirons, Coal Hods and Vases left over from the Holidays, at greatly reduced prices.

We have the best assortment of Hard Wood, Slate and Marbelized Iron

MANTELS,

Plain and Enameled Grates, Tile Hearths and Facings in the south.

GAS FIXTURES
—AND—
GLOBES

of latest designs always in stock.

COOKING STOV
—AND—
WROUGHT IRON RANGES,

TIN WATER SETS,
GRANITE IRONWARE,

Infact, all kinds of Housefurnishing Goods. Steam and Gas Fitters' Supplies, Hose, Inspirators, Valves, Pumps, Rams, etc.

Agents for Morris & Tasker's Wrought Iron Pipes for steam and gas, Dunning's Boilers, Climax Gas Machines.

The best of everything for the LEAST MONEY. Call or write for prices.

tt & Bellingrath.

of Carriages, Spring and
ons in the South.

WAGON COMPANY,

ATWATER, Manager,

t,
Peachtree Street,
GA.
facturers' Prices.
OME AND SEE US.
eneral Agents for
EAR & KENDALL,
Landaus, Victorias,
aways, T Carts, Etc.
S FOR
AGON CO.
le. Buy the
— sun wed



SINGLE & DOUBLE HARNESS
—ALL KINDS.—

If you want the best goods at lowest possible prices be sure and call on us.

H. L. ATWATER, Manager.

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XIX. ATLANTA, GEORGIA, THURSDAY MORNING, JANUARY 26, 1888. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

A CHAT WITH RANDALL

On the Report of the Ways and Means Committee.

SOME TIME BEFORE IT WILL BE MADE

He Is Confident of Success—The Bill for the Admission of Dakota—Other Washington Gossip.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—[Special.]—Immediately upon adjournment of the house this afternoon I sought Mr. Randall and had a short conversation with him. He seems of the opinion that it will be some time before the ways and means committee will report. They are working very slow, and the members of the committee themselves only seem to have found a vague outline, about as wired you last night, of what the most important bill to be considered by this congress will contain. Mr. Randall says THE CONSTITUTION is on the right line, and its policy will win. He promises an extended interview on the tariff question in the near future.

An old correspondent said after leaving Mr. Randall: "I have been here for years, and have learned that Mr. Randall always carries his point. You may rest assured he will win on the present tariff question, for, although it is doubted, I know he has very strong followers."

One of the most important questions, from a political standpoint, before the present congress is that of the admission of Dakota into the union. Many people of that territory are in favor of dividing it into two states and admitting them into the union, while even more of the people favor its admission as one state. Delegations from both sides are here and this morning those in favor of its admission as a whole were heard before the committee on territories. They ask for an enabling act to form a state constitution preparatory to admission hereafter, and showed this morning, that, however strong had been the feeling for division in the past, the feeling is now equally strong in favor of its admission as a whole. The population of the territory is 600,000, and as it will certainly be republican, the democrats recognize the necessity of acting cautiously. The delegates in favor of a division will be heard next Wednesday, and it will be some time before the committee will report. The democrats will, of course, oppose the division, and will probably oppose its admission in any shape until after the presidential election. The senate, being republican, is very anxious for its admission before the election, but it is safe to assert that the question will hardly come to a vote in the house during this session, however important it may be.

Mr. A. W. Gibson, of Macon, has been appointed to an excellent position in the post-office department. He will probably be sworn in tomorrow.

Four inches of snow fell here this afternoon, and the city is again alive with sleighs.

Mr. M. C. Blanchard, of Atlanta, is here.

E. W. B.

IMPROVEMENT OF THE NAVY.

A Resolution Inquiring About the Construction of the Cruisers.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—Among the petitions and memorials presented in the senate and referred, were the following;

By Mr. Brown, of the Medical society of Georgia, to have surgeons' supplies and instruments placed on the free list.

By Mr. Evarts, for the enactment of an international copyright law.

A resolution was reported by Mr. Jones, of Nevada, from the committee on contingent expenses, to pay to Mr. Lucas, who contested the seat of Senator Faulkner, $1,000 in full for all expenses and for any claim for salary, and on motion of Mr. Faulkner it was adopted.

The resolution offered by Chandler some days ago, calling on the navy department for information as to the purchase of plans and specifications in foreign countries; as to changes from the original plans in the construction of ships of war; and as to contracts made for ships and ordinance since the fourth of March, 1885, were taken up. The first of them was adopted, and the second referred to the committee on naval affairs. As to the third, Mr. Butler moved to amend it so as to substitute 1880 for 1885.

Mr. Chandler expressed himself as having no objection to Mr. Butler's amendment, but he preferred to have Mr. Butler's proposition embodied in the district resolution, because he said, all of the contracts and four-fifths of the documents between 1880 and 1885 had already been transmitted to congress.

The amendment was agreed to and the resolution adopted.

The senate resumed consideration of the deficiency bill, the question being on the amendment offered yesterday by Mr. Hawley, to pay certain amounts for the manufacture of postage stamps, stamped envelopes, etc. The amendment was adopted.

Mr. Hale, from the committee on appropriations, offered an amendment appropriating $261,161 to complete the construction and armament of the three steel cruisers, "Chicago," "Boston," and "Atlanta."

A long discussion ensued, many senators arguing against the propriety of putting into the bill amendments that would have the effect of delaying its passage; Mr. Hale, defended his action in offering amendment on the ground that the senate had just overruled the position which the appropriations committee had taken on the subject (not to add any items to bill as it came from the house) and also on the ground that the secretary of the navy stated that the appropriation was absolutely needed.

Mr. Beck said that since the debate began he had taken pains to inquire, and had ascertained that another deficiency bill, containing all these impertinent items of appropriation would be before the senate within a week from this time.

Mr. Hale then withdrew his amendment.

On motion the Evart's proviso, limiting the rate of interest to three per cent upon amounts of duties upon imports improperly collected and repaid to importers, was amended so as to apply only to suits or demands hereafter to be brought.

The bill was passed.

Mr. Blair gave notice that he would tomorrow, after morning business, ask the senate to proceed with the consideration of the educational bill.

The senate then, at 5 p. m., proceeded to the consideration of executive business and soon afterwards adjourned.

TRUSTS AND POOLS.

Congressional Inquiry Into Their Methods and Effects on the People.

WASHINGTON, January 24.—In the house, Mr. Henderson, of North Carolina, from the committee on judiciary, reported a bill to amend the internal revenue laws. Placed on the house calendar.

Consideration of the morning hour was occupied by a Kansas Indian land bill.

Mr. Bacon, of New York, asked unanimous consent for the present consideration of the resolution reported from the committee on manufactures, directing that committee to inquire into the names, number and extent of corporations engaged in manufacturing or mining, or dealing in any of the necessities of life, and known as trusts or pools, their methods of doing business and the effect of their combination upon the prices of necessaries of life.

In the discussion which followed, it was suggested (but not by formal amendment) that it might be well to include the whisky trust, the Standard Oil company and coal producing combinations.

Mr. Raynor, of Maryland, in order to extend the scope of the inquiry, moved to strike out the clause which confined the inquiry to trusts not incorporated under the laws of any state. The motion was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Randall, several amendments tending to broaden the scope of the inquiry were agreed to.

The resolution, with the accompanying preamble, was then adopted, as follows:

Whereas, It is alleged that certain individuals and corporations in the United States engaged in manufacturing, producing, mining or dealing in the necessaries of life and other productions have combine for the purpose of controlling or curtailing the production or supply of the same, and thereby increasing their price to the people of the country, which combinations are known as associations, trusts, pools, and like names; and

Whereas, Such combinations not only injuriously affect commerce between the states, but impair the revenues of the United States, as derived from its duties on imports; therefore,

Resolved, That the committee on manufactures, be and the same is hereby directed to inquire into the names, number and extent of such alleged combinations, under whatever name known, their methods of combination of doing business, their effect upon the prices of any of the necessaries of life and of all productions to the people of country upon its internal or foreign commerce, and its revenues from impost duties, together with any and all other matters relating to the same which may call for or suggest legislation by congress, and report the same to the house with such recommendations as said committee may agree upon and for these purposes the committee on manufactures is authorized to sit during session of the house, to employ a stenographer, to administer oaths, examine witnesses, compel the attendance of persons, and the production of papers.

The house then at 3:15 adjourned.

DAKOTA'S AMBITION.

Senator Butler's Substitute to the Bill for the Admission of Dakota.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—Senator Butler, in behalf of the minority of the committee on territories, today reported a substitute for the bill reported by Senator Platt, for the admission of Dakota, and the admission of the southern half as a state. The substitute is in the nature of an enabling act, to allow the people of the whole territory to form a state government. It provides for holding an election on Tuesday after the first Monday in June, 1888, in which all persons who have resided within the state for 60 days, and are otherwise qualified to vote, shall have the right to choose delegates to the constitutional convention, to meet on the third Tuesday in July, 1888. The constitution adopted by the convention it is provided shall not be incompatable with the constitution of the United States and shall be submitted to the people for ratification on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, 1888. If a majority shall favor the adoption of the constitution, the result shall be certified to the president. The state, until the next census, shall be entitled to two representatives in congress, who may be chosen on the day named for the adoption of the state constitution. The constitutional convention may also provide for the election of a full state government, which state government shall remain until the constitution framed by the convention is approved by congress. United States senators may be elected if the vote of the people is in favor of the ratification of the state constitution. When this constitution is approved and the state admitted into the union by special act of congress, the senators and representatives chosen shall be admitted to congress and the state government shall commence.

A NEW CARDINAL.

Important Changes to Be Made in the Catholic Church.

BALTIMORE, January 25.—A special correspondent of the Baltimore Sun at Rome writes that a number of important changes in connection with the government of the Catholic church in the United States are contemplated. Though nothing has been formulated yet, it is agreed upon in ecclesiastical circles that Archbishop Williams, of Boston, will be made a cardinal at the consistory in March. Other changes foreshadowed by the Sun correspondent are that Bishop McMahon, of Hartford, Conn., will be the new cardinal's coadjutor, and Rev. Dr. Byrne, of Boston, will succeed Bishop McMahon. Rev. Dr. Capele, of Washington, will probably be promoted to the vacant archbishopric of New Orleans. That new archbishopric will be created out of the archdiocese of Milwaukee and Bishop Ireland will become the new archbishop and that Dr. O'Connell, rector of the American college, in Rome, will succeed Bishop Keane, of Richmond, when the latter assumes duties in the new university at Washington. A member of the papal household, and one eminently informed to speak, told the Sun correspondent that Pope Leo would not take the slightest notice of an attempt to provoke jealousies between Irish and German Catholics in the United States. Slight rumors, to speak of them in the mildest style, have crept into Rome regarding alleged complaints at the predominence of Irish prelates in the American hierarchy. The pope has said that in making promotions in that direction, he will not recognize, even if accompanied by strongest recommendations, any claims for appointment based on national preferences. He is determined not to give ear to either side, should the issue ever come, for he holds that no American is Irish or German solely and living in the United States, but an American, and as much, mentally and spiritually, qualified for position in question will he only consent to the cases of those who are named as fitting persons to perform.

THE CATHOLIC UNIVERSITY.

Plans and Purposes Explained by Bishop Ireland.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—In response to an invitation issued by Cardinal Gibbons a meeting was held at Carroll institute hall this evening, presided over by the cardinal, at which the plans and purposes of the new Catholic university, to be built in this city, were explained by Rt. Rev. Bishop Ireland, of St. Paul, and Bishop Keane, of Richmond, Va. Bishop Lord, of St. Augustine, Fla., occupied a seat on the platform. Turning his remarks, Bishop Ireland stated that the cornerstone of the divinity building would be laid in about three months; that the centennial anniversary of the establishment of the Catholic hierarchy of America would be celebrated in the autumn of 1889, and at the same time the beginning of the second century would be celebrated by the opening of the divinity department of the university, to be followed as rapidly as possible by the departments of philosophy, law, medicine, etc.

BURIED ALIVE.

Explosion in a Mine in British Colliery—Nearly a Hundred Miners Killed.

VICTORIA, British Columbia, January 25.—An explosion occurred yesterday in Wellington colliery while over 200 miners were at work. It was at first supposed that no lives were lost, as the miners were rapidly hoisted out; but it is now believed that 90 or more were killed or suffocated. The bodies of 20 white miners were taken from the mines last night, and there are about 70 more men still in the mine, and there is no reason for believing that any of them are alive and no hopes of saving them are entertained. Three-fourths of the men still in the mine are Chinamen. There is no scarcity of volunteers, and officials and employes of the Van Couver Coal company are redering every assistance required. How the explosion took place is a mystery.

Explosion of Dynamite.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., January 25.—A explosion occurred at a dynamite factory near Jenkintown today. While four men were making cartridges, a large can of dynamite exploded. The men were all sent sailing through the air. One was killed, being nearly blown to pieces. The other three were badly crippled, but may live. The force of explosion was so great the earth was cracked in places hundred yards away, huge pieces timber were flying as though they wer so many chips, while every pane of window glass within a half mile of the spot was shattered.

A Rubber Company Fails.

BUFFALO, N. Y., January 25.—The Buffalo Rubber company, George D. Barr, proprietor, this afternoon made a general assignment. Preferences amount to $53,000. No schedule of liabilities filed.

WILL THEY DO IT?

Mississippi's Legislature and the Governor's Veto

ON THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION

An Attempt to be Made to Pass the Bill Over the Governor's Head—The Louisiana Republican Ticket.

JACKSON, Miss., January 25.—[Special.]—The house passed Mr. Madison's bill providing for the state paying disabled confederate soldiers thirty dollars annually. The amendment of the colored members to include such colored men who were servants of soldiers, accompanying them to the war, and are disabled by reason of such service, was adopted.

The senate bill taking all fees and perquisites away from district attorneys, and giving them a salary of twenty-five hundred dollars, passed the house, with an amendment reducing the salary to two thousand dollars, and leaving fees in convictions of violations of the revenue laws.

The senate engaged in a warm debate over the bill which taxes all railroads and other corporate property upon its value, the same as other property. No vote was taken before adjournment.

If this bill becomes a law it virtually repeals all corporate charters in the state so far as exemptions from or where discriminations in taxation is concerned.

Replying to the committee of invitation, Senator Walthall writes in substance, and his letter was spread upon the senate journal, that he is compelled to forego the pleasure of meeting and addressing the legislature now on account of pressing official work, but hopes to be able to do so before the adjournment of the legislature.

The question of passing the constitutional convention bill over the head of the governor is the special order in the senate tomorrow. The session will be an interesting one, and notwithstanding the overwhelming vote in favor of the passage of this bill, the opinion has grown today that the governor's veto will be sustained by the senate.

Louisiana's Republican Ticket.

NEW ORLEANS, La., January 25.—The republican convention was called to order at 12:30 p. m. Chairman Cage announced that the committee on credentials would not be ready to report until 2 p. m. and the convention took a recess until 2:15.

The convention reassembled at the appointed time, disposed quickly of preliminary business and by acclamation nominated the following state ticket:

For governor, H. C. Warmoth, of Plaquemine; lieutenant governor, H. C. Miner, Terre Bonne; secretary of state, J. F. Patty, St. Mary; state treasurer, Andrew Herr, New Orleans; state auditor, James Forsythe, Catahoula; attorney general, General W. G. Wyley, East Carroll: superintendent of education, B. F. Flanders, LaFayette.

The convention, at a late hour, elected delegates for state at large to the national republican convention, as follows: First congressional district, H. C. Warmouth and L. P. Smith; third, C. D. Darrall and Thomas S. Cage; fourth, A. H. Leonard and William Harper; fifth, Frank Morey and John W. Cook. The second and sixth districts will elect tomorrow.

Massachusetts' Prohibition Amendment.

BOSTON, January 25.—In the house this afternoon the constitutional prohibition resolution was passed, to be engrossed in concurrence with the senate, by a vote of 160 to 70, with one pair, being six more than the necessary two-thirds. An amendment proposing to substitute the word "alcoholic" for "intoxicating" was rejected by a vote of 88 to 137. The constitutional amendment will have to be passed by a two-thirds vote in both branches next year before its submission to the people at the polls.

Nominations Confirmed.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—The senate today confirmed the nomination of C. H. Way, of Georgia, consul general at St. Petersburg; C. C. Litchfield, postmaster, Abingdon, Va., and R. M. Gardner, Christiansburg, Va.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

Heavy Loss at Cleveland, Ohio—Susquehanna, Pa., in Flames.

CLEVELAND, January 25.—Fire broke out in O. G. King's shoe store, at Newark, last night, and it was completely gutted. Loss on building and stock is estimated at $150,000. D. L. Jones, hardware; Crane Bros., millinery; and W. W. Sprague, jeweler, suffered heavily from water and smoke.

CINCINNATI, January 25.—A special from Newark, Ohio, says the fire there was under control by three o'clock this morning. Besides the complete destruction of O. G. King's hat and shoe store, considerable damage was done to Sprague's jewelry store, D. L. Jonse's hardware, and Crane Brothers millinery. The total loss is estimated at $200,000.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., January 25.—A large fire is raging at Susquehanna, Pa., twenty-five miles south of here. Assistance has been sent from this city. The fire broke out about 3 a. m., and spread rapidly. Two hotels, five residences and a business block have been destroyed up to 6 a. m. The fire was extinguished without any destruction beyond that named.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 25.—[Special.]—Sheriff Cobb, of Edgecombe, brought to the penitentiary today eight convicts. Last night a fire at Tarboro burned the jail of Edgecombe county. Several prisoners were in the building. All were safely rescued. The firemens' hall and two or three private residences were burned. There was no insurance on any of the property destroyed.

Steele Creek church, in Mecklenburg county, was accidentally burned yesterday, the fire originating in the furnace. The building was of wood and very large. It was built thirty years ago at a cost of five thousand dollars. It was occupied by one of the oldest Presbyterian congregations in the south, organized a hundred and thirty years ago. It was the largest church in the North Carolina synod, having a membership of over five hundred.

ALLENTOWN, Pa., January 25.—The thread mill of the Barbour Thread company, containing 4,800 bales of Irish flax, was damaged by fire early this morning. Loss to mill and machinery, $30,000, and flax $85,000. The mill had just been completed, and was to have been started up for the first time today. No insurance, and no explanation as to how the fire originated.

MEXICAN POLITICS.

General Diaz Will Probably Succeed Himself as President.

CITY OF MEXICO, via Galveston, January 25. The presidential campaign may be considered well under way, General Diaz being a leading candidate. More than fifty interior newspapers have come out in favor of his re-election, and a number of Diaz clubs have been organized in different parts of the republic. The candidacy of General Ezobedo has apparently received no support in the country, and various other candidates mentioned from time to time do not manage to secure a backing in the press or among the people. It is generally conceded that Diaz will succeed himself. The general opinion of the press supporting him is that he has effected so many reforms during the first three years of his present term and has so many other important measures on foot that it would not be wise to change rulers. Army and Free Mason organs strongly support him. The clerical party has not put forward any candidate against him. The election will take place next June. The term is four years and begins on December 1st.

The French Opera Company.

BOSTON, January 25.—The French Opera company appeared in this city to-night, and was accorded a most hearty reception. This is the first time in twenty years that a French company has performed in Boston.

NORTH CAROLINA KNIGHTS.

Resolutions of Sympathy for the Reading Strikers.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 25.—[Special.]—North Carolina assembly of Knights of Labor met yesterday in annual session at Greensboro. Congressman John Nichols, state master workman, presiding. One hundred and fourteen delegates and officers are present. Reports were made of the strength of the order that during the past year it had doubled its membership. It is estimated that it now has over thirty thousand members. The assembly unanimously adopted following resolutions:

Whereas, There are now in the state of Pennsylvania thousands of our brothers who have been forced to strike against the oppression of the Reading railroad company.

Resolved, That while we do not believe in strikes, except as the last resort to which we believe Knights of Labor employed on railroads and in the mines of the Reading railroad company have been driven.

Resolved, That we regard this as as directly against, that terror to liberty—monopoly—and that while the battlefield of this great struggle is in the state of Pennsylvania we believe the principle involved is right—food, clothing and shelter for men who toil to create the wealth of this country and their right to organize for their own improvement and protection.

Resolved, That Knights of Labor of North Carolina are looking with deep solicitude and heartfelt sympathy upon the manful struggle of our brothers in Pennsylvania, that we will encourage them and help them financially to the extent of our ability, believing as we do that their cause is our cause.

Resolved, That we call upon all local assemblies in this state to aid these brethren in their struggle as far as they be able immediately.

THE BLAIR BILL INDORSED.

By the North Carolina Knights of Labor.

GREENSBORO, N. C, January 25.—[Special.] Last night the state assembly of the Knights of Labor were in session until a late hour, but the press committee says all business was of a private nature. This morning they met at nine o'clock, and business was at once resumed. The election of officers was soon disposed of. All old ones, with one or two exceptions, were re-elected. John Nichols was retained as master workman. The various officers are equally divided between the white and colored. Among the resolutions adopted, today, were the following: Indorsing the Blair educational bill; favoring a change of method to elect United States senators direct by the people; strongly favoring a government telegraph; forbidding the discussion of politics in the state assembly. The officers will be installed tonight by J. M. Broughton, member of the general assembly. The next meeting will be at Goldsboro. The assembly will adjourn tonight.

THE BREWERS RETALIATE

For the Boycott Placed Upon Their Beer By Discharging Union Men.

MILWAUKEE, January 25.—A circular has been issued by brewers of this city to their three thousand employes, notifying them that on January 26th every member of the brewer's union, No. 9, in their employ, will be discharged unless consenting to leave that organization. The circular is signed by Phillip Best, Joseph Schlitz, Val Blatz, Franz Falk, Fred Miller, Jung, Lorcher, J. Obermann, Cream city, and A. Gettelmann, brewing companies, all establishments of the kind in the city. The circular states that the employers are prompted to take this stand by the action of the union in openly supporting and promoting the boycott being waged here and elsewhere against their beer. They call attention to the large wages that are being paid their workmen, and to the fact that they granted all demands made upon them until the union tried to interfere in the malsters strike by making unreasonable demands upon them. The union will meet tonight and it is anticipated that a strike will be ordered.

At Work Once More.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., January 25.—The William Penn Coal company started up its colliery this morning more than full-handed. The superintendent had to turn away over fifty miners for whom he had no places at present. The breaker, planes, etc., worked all day without a hitch anywhere. The wages to be paid will go much beyond the eight per cent advance agreed upon.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., January 25.—Work at Enterprise colliery, an individual mine, was resumed this morning. The miners will be paid eight per cent above the scale. There is still some dissatisfaction about delivery of the output of the mines.

The Pope on the Labor Problem.

VIENNA, January 25.—The Rome correspondent of the Political Correspondence says that the encyclical on the social condition of the working classes, on which the pope has been engaged for the year past will advocate the principle of state intervention in favor of artisans and will exhort Catholics to support their governments in exertions to bring about social reforms and to ameliorate the condition of the working classes.

The Thread Mills Strike.

NEWARK, N. J., January 25.—A settlement of the strike at Clark's thread mills was effected this morning. Only two of the men who struck were taken back, and the rest were refused reinstatement. Seventy-three of the girls were taken back, but positions were refused to the rest. Father O'Conner was appealed to in behalf of girls who were refused work.

Mr. Haldeman's Great Heart.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., January 25.—It being announced this morning that the printers who recently struck on the Courier-Journal proposed starting an opposition paper, W. N. Haldeman, proprietor of the Courier-Journal, authorizes the Evening Times to tender the strikers full associated press dispatches six months free of charge.

Auburn's Suspended Bank.

AUBURN, N. Y., January 25.—Nothing new has transpired today in the tangled affairs of the closed bank. The heaviest deposit turns out to be that made by railway commissioners of Auburn, aggregating $120,000. Three of the commissioners are directors of the bank. One of the rumors of today is that the displaced book kept at the bank was in the handwriting of a third and unknown party. It has also developed that the city treasurer has never filed a bond for his second term in office and if the tax receipts deposited by him in the First National bank are not forthcoming, the city will stand a poor chance of recovery. The amount is nearly $27,000. Uneasiness among depositors is growing, but the direcrors continue saying all will be made good. No news has been received from the absconding clerk.

Who Drowned the Child.

BROWNWOOD, Texas, January 25.—City Marshal Butler and wife were kept up nearly all of Tuesday night, by a sick child. At 3 a. m., both fell alseep with the child lying between them. When they awoke the baby was gone. A search discovered it dead in the cistern. No servants were employed, and the only theory is that one of the parents drowned the child in a fit of somnambulism. Whoever did the terrible act carried the child through the house, opened and closed two doors, and after putting it in the cistern, replaced the cistern cover, and set the water bucket on top of it. The parents are frantic.

Demanding Dodge's Scalp.

WASHINGTON, January 25.—A number of democratic members of the house of representatives from Kentucky, Tennessee, Texas, North Carolina, Tennessee and other tobacco-growing states held a meeting, and decided to unite in a request for the removal of J. R. Dodge, statistican of the department of agriculture, on account of defects in his estimate of the tobacco crop of last summer.

Death of a Celebrated Stallion.

LEXINGTON, Ky., January 25.—The celebrated trotting stallion Happy Medium, valued at $40,000, died this morning. He was foaled in 1863. Thirty-nine of his get have records of 2:30 or lower. He was of Ned by General W. T. Withers.

THE BLOODY HAND

On the Side of a Tennessee River Vessel.

DARK AND MYSTERIOUS MURDER

A Young Man Murdered and His Body Thrown Into the River—Tragedy in a Ballroom—Other Crimes.

CHATTANOOGA, January 25.—[Special.]—A very sensational murder mystery has just come to light. News reached the city this morning that Frank Dearmond had been murdered at Hunter's Bluff on the Tennessee river, five miles from Darwin, on Monday night. The facts were obtained from N. A. Allen, a very prominent citizen of Darwin, who was in the city today. On Monday evening, just after supper, Frank Dearmond left his home, about a mile from Hunter's Bluff to go to the river to take some clothes to his brother, John Dearmond, who runs the steamer, J. C. Warner. The boat was not due until about 8 o'clock and Frank got off his mule and the last ever seen of him alive was when he left home. He carried a valise in which were the clothes of his brother, which was found on the river bank. Yesterday morning his hat, pipe and some other articles were also found by the valise.

A large pool of blood had collected where he appeared to have been sitting, and marks were found which surely indicated he had been knocked on the head and his body dragged down to the edge of the water and thrown into the river. A schooner was moored at Hunter's Bluff and it had been cut loose and drifted down the river a long distance. A skiff, which had been tied up near where the schooner was moored, was missing, and a party went down the river to search for it. It was finally found, all covered with blood and the marks made by a bloody hand were found on the side of the little craft. Dearmond's mule was also found a short distance from the bluff, feeding on grass.

When all the facts became known the most intense excitement prevailed in the whole neighborhood. Frank Dearmond, belonged to one of the best families in that section of the country, and was not known to have had a single enemy. What could have prompted any one to kill him is a profound mystery. That he was brutally murdered there can be no reasonable doubt. The pool of blood discovered showed that he had lost enough blood to produce death. Today the whole neighborhood was aroused, and have been searching for the dead body of the missing young man. The search will be continued until the missing body is found. Suspicion rests on one or two parties in the neighborhood, and the imprint of the bloody hand found on the side of the skiff has been carefully preserved. Thus far the whole thing is shrouded in mystery.

Dearmond was a steady, sober, industrious young man, and when he left home on Monday night, intended to return by ten o'clock. He didn't put in an appearance, which aroused the suspicions of his parents, and caused them to institute an investigation. Yesterday an effort was made to keep the whole thing a secret until the body was found, but the mystery leaked out today. The matter will be placed in the hands of the officers at once, and every effort will be made to discover the murderers.

A staff correspondent of the Times has just arrived from Darwin. The reported murder of Frank Dearmond has proven a fact, and a young man named Hunter has been arrested on the charge of having committed the crime. Dearmond was first killed by a load of shot from a double barrelled shotgun, and his body thrown into the river. Hunter has been taken to Decatur, Tenn., to keep him from being lynched. The motive of the murderer is unknown. The excitement at Darwin is intense.

ANOTHER GREEN ONE.

A North Carolina Merchant Falls Into the Hands of the Philistines.

PHILADELPHIA, January 25.—A man giving the name of Joseph L. Peal, and stating that he was a lumber and flour merchant of Bethel, N. C., called at central police station this morning and informed the Chief of Detectives Wood that he had been duped out of $210 by a confidence man. Mr. Peal said that a few weeks ago he received a letter at his home from a man in New York, named J. H. Word, who gave his address as 150 Mulberry street, (care of Barber.) The writer informed Peal that he had a lot of greenbacks which had been printed from stolen government plates and which he would sell to Peal at a liberal discount. Correspondence followed, and Ward informed the Bethel merchant that he would meet him at the Pennsylvania railroad station in Philadelphia.

Peal placed $500 in his pocket, with which to purchase goods, and left home for Philadelphia on Sunday. Here the old familiar confidence game was played upon him by an affable stranger from Tarboro, N. C., who knew all about Peal, and was glad to meet him so far from home, took him to dinner at his hotel, found himself unaccountably short of ready cash, and would Mr. Peal oblige him till the banks opened in the morning. Mr. Peal obliged him with $210. Next morning he began to think something had gone wrong and told his story to the police, and left for home with the remainder of his money. Mr. Peal professed to have no suspicion that the money he proposed to purchase might be counterfeit.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE.

An Insane Man in Greenville S. C., Gets Up a Hanging of His Own.

GREENVILLE, S. C., January 25.—[Special.] Perry Benson living near the Air Line depot, tried to commit suicide by hanging himself Sunday evening, Perry's wife was a way from home at the time, and on coming in found him with a rope around his neck, and it tied to a rafter in the top of the house. She at once concluded what he was trying to do, and gave the alarm. As soon as help arrived, Benson was cut down. He was helpless and would have died from strangulation in a few moments. More officers were called and Benson taken to the station house. Drs. Rowley and Peebles were called in and on examination concluded that it would not be necessary to send him to the asylum. Benson says a tree fell on his head some years ago, and his head has given him trouble ever since, and added that he had no reason for trying to kill himself, but was sure he was "conjured," that some one had buried a "charm" in his backyard and he could find it if they would let him out for awhile. Benson will have another examination, and will be sent to the state lunatic asylum if his condition is bad enough to warrant it.

A BLOODY AFFRAY.

Colored Railroad Hands Fall Out and Fight—One Killed.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., January 25.—[Special.] Jim Douglass and Jim Johnson, negro section hands on the Kansas City railroad, quarrelled this morning about the ownership of a shovel. Johnson drew a pocket knife and drove it to the hilt in the head of Douglass. The wounded man's brains ran slowly out at the opening, but he lived nearly twelve hours after he was stabbed. Johnson took to the woods and escaped.

A BIRMINGHAM MYSTERY.

A Man Shot Through the Head and Mortally Wounded.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., January 25.—A mysterious and probably fatal shooting occurred tonight about 8 o'clock. John Leslie, a lumber dealer, was shot twice through the head while lying on the floor in front of the fire. The shooting was done at a house where he lived with a woman, who claims to be his wife. Charley Boyd, Ben Smith and the woman who claims to be Mrs. Leslie, are all under arrest on suspicion, but it is not known who did the shooting. Leslie was alive at 12 o'clock but his brains were oozing from the wounds and he cannot recover. He is unable to talk. There is a long story connected with Leslie and the woman, full particulars of which cannot be obtained tonight.

He Confessed His Crime.

CLEVELAND, January 25.—Isaac N. Stanley, who, as paying teller of the National Bank of Commerce, embezzled $10,000 of the bank's funds in 1886 and lost money in wheat speculations, was today sentenced to five years in the Ohio penitentiary by Judge Walker, of the United States district court. Stanley's case was most stubbornly contested, but when it finally came to trial the prisoner made a clean breast of his crime.

DEATH AT THE DANCE.

One Man Killed and Several Others Badly Wounded.

COLUMBIA, S. C., January 25.—[Special.]—A dance was given last night at the house of John McClure, in York county, and was largely attended by both sexes. As the festivities progressed moonshine whisky circulated freely among the revelers, and about midnight a free fight ensued. Finally, the lights were blown out, pistols drawn, and about a dozen shots fired. When the smoke cleared away, Jim Beam, of Shelby, N. C., was found lying dead upon the floor, with a bullet through his heart. Several other persons were slightly wounded. George Gunthay and John Philips are in jail, charged with the murder of Beam.

PURSUING BARROWS.

The Train Robber Said to Be On a Plantation Near Mount Meigs.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., January 25.—[Special.]—Information was received at police headquarters this afternoon that James Barrows, the escaped train robber had been traced to a plantation a few miles from Mount Meigs, and was being watched closely by officers, who have been out since Monday on his trail. A squad of five policemen, fully armed with Winchester rifles and revolvers, left on a train this evening for Mount Meigs, and if in the meantime Barrows has not gotten away again, it is very probable he will be captured before the next twenty-four hours. It is known that he is desperate and well armed, and will make a savage fight before surrendering, and the officers will proceed cautiously. Printed descriptions have been sent in every direction and it is hardly likely now he will get away. There are rewards aggregating $11,000 offered for his capture, dead or alive, and $6,000 for his brother Reubeu who is now safely confined in jail here.

At midnight no information had been received from the squad which left on train. It is not likely anything will be heard before forenoon, tomorrow. The entire town is interested in the pursuit of the desperado, and police headquarters is besieged hourly by parties anxious to learn the news.

Physicians now report that Bray, the man who was shot by Barrows in escaping, will probably not survive the night, as the ball, it is believed, passed through his liver. At 12 o'clock tonight he was very low and apparently sinking.

KYRLE BELLEW'S PURSUER.

She is Alleged to be Crazy, and an Inquiry is Set Afoot.

NEW YORK, January 25.—Harriet Elizabeth Coffin, daughter of H. Lucius Coffin, a rich resident of Cincinnati, is thought to be crazy, and Judge Andrews, of the supreme court, has appointed a committee to inquire into her sanity. She has been examined by Drs. George M. Hammon and S. Wesley Smith. Dr. Smith says that Miss Coffin has hallucinations and delusions of sight and hearing. She imagines when she goes to the theater that people point at her and say, "Look at that fast woman," and that she is in love with Cyrle Bellew. She thinks, however, that Bellew insults her every time he sees her, and she threatens to shoot him. For this purpose she carries a loaded revolver. Dr. Hamilton corroborates his fellow-physician, and adds that the young lady thinks that people are trying to take her life.

Miss Coffin has an income of $2,400 a year, inherited from her grandfather, Charles D. Coffin. Her property is in the hands of a trustee—Charles B. Whidby—who has taken these proceedings against her. Her parents live apart, and both refuse to act. Mr. Whidby says Miss Coffin lived with her mother until about a year and a half ago, when, because of an imaginary dislike, she left the maternal household and engaged apartments at the Sturtevant house as Miss H. E. Stafford. She staid there a few months and then disappeared. Nothing was known of her until January 12, when she reappeared at the Windsor and directed the clerk to register her as Mrs. H. E. Richardson. She caused a disturbance and conducted herself so badly that she was requested to leave.

A WARNING TO ENGLAND.

Baron Brassey On the Weakness of the Defenses.

LONDON, January 25.—Baron Brassey delivered a lecture before the chamber of commerce taday on the inadequate defenses of coaling stations. When he had finished the duke of Cambridge indorsed his views and said that the existence of the empire depended upon its power to keep commerce free from alarm. He was unable to understand why the commercial community could not see that preparation for contingencies was the truest economy. Formerly there was time to prepare, but now warning came one day and action the next. The country was not prepared for an emergency. It was positively endangered, and courted insult.

Lord Charles Beresford explained that he resigned the office of junior lord of the admiralty because the interests of the military and naval services had been subordinated to political exigencies. His statement was greeted with enthusiastic applause. Lord Beresford said the reason for his leaving the government had nothing to do with the general policy of the conservative party. It was a question regarding the defenses of the country. Anybody who knew anything regarding British fortifications concurred with him in the opinion that they were inadequate. It was better, he declared, to have no guns in their forts than to have those of ancient pattern.

THE STORM AT HALIFAX.

The Worst Known for Years—Burglary of a Postoffice.

HALIFAX, January 25.—Yesterday's snow storm was one of the worst known here for years. Railway travel is demoralized. The harbors of North Sydney, Yarmouth and Annapolis are frozen over solid for the first time in years. In the "howling" of Monday night, the postoffice at Annapolis was entered by burglars, who went through the mail bags from Yarmouth for Halifax, from Halifax for Yarmouth, and from St. John, were opened and all registered letters and money packages stolen. As large amounts of money are sent through the mails by Halifax and Yarmouth banks, sometimes as much as $10,000 in a package, it is believed that a big haul was made. Postofficer Inspector McDonald started to investigate the robbery, and is now snowed up at Winsdor.

At midnight when the storm was at its worst the dwelling house of Alexander Beaton, a prominent resident of Bouladere, caught fire and in a few minutes was completely destroyed. Beaton's wife and grandchild were burned to death. The other inmates barely escaped with their lives.

A Suicide in Alexandria.

ALEXANDRIA, Va., January 25.—Charles G. Minnigerode, a prominent citizen of Alexandria, who has business relations with large railroad supply houses in New York, committed suicide at his residence tonight by shooting himself in the head with a pistol. He was a son of Rev. Dr. Minnegerode, of Richmond, Va., was at one time a confederate soldier and served on General Fitzhugh Lee's staff. He leaves a wife and eight children.

STORY OF A BRACELET.

Suspicions of Macon's Policemen Aroused.

ATTEMPT TO "SHOVE UP" JEWELRY

The Senior Tree Planting—Chicken Thieves Get in Their Work—Macon's Death Rate—Other News.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—About 9:30 this morning, while on his beat near Refeld's pawn shop, Officer McCluskey had his attention attracted by a negro woman, Matilda Mitchell, who acted very suspiciously. Determining to fathom the mystery he awaited developments.

The woman, totally unconscious of being watched, walked into Refeld's pawn shop and tried to obtain a small amount of money on a piece of gold bracelet, as it appeared to the officer; but the amount that was offered was too little, so she left. The officer, now aroused by what he had seen, promptly arrested the woman as she came out of the store. Saying that she had some very important business at the grocery store of William Johnson, near by, the officer went there with her. While there she stood for a moment before the counter; then, stating that she had finished all she had to do, she was conducted to the barracks. There she was searched, but not one thing could be found upon her clothing that satisfied the vigilant officer, so he returned to the store alone and commenced a diligent search. After some time he found, a gold badge with the following inscription on it: "Adelphia society, of Wesleyan Female college, 1851," on the other side Miss Sallie W. Snyder, Macon, Ga. The officer hastened over to the barracks and confronted the woman and demanded of her how came she with the badge, the woman's answer was that it was given to her by another woman. The officer not finding any convincing evidence in his discovery dismissed the case.

The badge belongs to Mrs. R. W. Patterson, nee Miss Sallie W. Snyder. She missed it about a year ago, and did not know whether it had been lost or stolen. The negro woman who was arrested was formerly the washerwoman for Mr. Patterson's family.

The Senior Tree Planting.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—The senior class of Mercer university met this afternoon in Dr. Battle's classroom for the purpose of electing officers for their coming "Class Tree Exercises," which will take place some time in June or July, during the college commencement. The result was as follows: President, H. Harvey Black, A. T. O.; secretary, G. M. Overstreet, P. D. T.; chaplain, J. M. Waller, S. A. E.; orator, Joe. H. Drewry, K. A.; historian, H. D. Williams, A. T. O.; poet, C. W. Steed, A. T. O.; prophet, S. S. Bendet, K. A. With such an array of officers we depend upon elaborate and delightful exercises.

Recorder's Court.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Before his honor, Judge Tracy Baxter, this morning, the following cases were disposed of:

Charles Stout, fighting and disorderly conduct, paid $10 for his fun.

Gussie Paul, colored, same charge, was sent to the chaingang for sixty days.

L. H. Washington, drunk and asleep on street; $5.

Arthur Franklin, colored, safe keeping; held for warrant.

C. A. Neel, drunk on street, paid $2.50.

Ellis Smith and Ellis Jones each surrendered $5 for fighting and disorderly conduct.

Hands for the New Railroad.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—This morning the Southwestern train carried off about one hundred negro laborers, in charge of Mr. W. A. Smart. They were engaged by Contractors Wright and Straner to work upon the new East Alabama railroad, from Eufaula to Ozark. Judging by the actions of most of the hands, it appeared that "riding on the steam cars" was decidedly a new feature for them, and, as one exclaimed, "My! what er ride—tree hundred miles 'fore we has ter begin work!"

Macon Men in Atlanta.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—A Macon correspondent of THE CONSTITUTION, while on a flying visit to Atlanta, had the pleasure of meeting the following prominent gentlemen from Macon: Colonel Isaac Hardeman, Messrs. L. D. Moore, Clem P. Steed, W. B. Hill, W. A. Wynne and N. E. Harris. Several others went up today. At the rate the lawyers are deserting us to attend the supreme court in Atlanta, there will not be one in the city by the last of the week.

Chickens Lifted.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—This morning before day, some one entered the well stocked fowl house of Henry Bell, who lives out in Collinsville, and carried off a dozen fine chickens. They were very fine fowls and the loss will fall heavily on him. He thinks he knows who the lover of chickens is, and obtained leave of absence from his place of work, the Central railroad shops, today to work up the case, but at this hour the thief had not been discovered.

A. T. O. Meeting.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—The A. T. O. Social club will hold one of its delightful meetings on Friday evening, February 27th, at the handsome residence of Mrs. Geo. W. Burr, on Orange street. As this is the first meeting that has been held in the new year, it will be the beginning of the best, with more of such to follow. A large attendance is expected and a magnificent programme will be rendered.

Macon's Death Rate.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—There has not been one single interment in any of the cemeteries now for about eight days. The last was on the 17th inst, and today there will be three. This certainly speaks well for the health of Macon. The three deaths recorded are negroes, and if they would obey the sanitary rules the death rate would be much smaller.

A Robbery.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—This morning a thief entered the hallway of the boarding house of Mrs. Wynne, on Fourth street, and carried off a lot of overcoats, hats, umbrellas and overshoes.

Last winter Macon was troubled with these sneak thieves very much, and a large number were sent to the chaingang, but so far this year they have been rather scarce.

Ten-Cent Circus.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Tom McFlynn's ten-cent circuit arrived here yesterday, and is largely attended, the performance being very good. The music of the band is much admired. They will go north from here.

Personal Paragraphs From Macon.

MACON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Mr. Geo. C. Smith, of Milledgeville, is in the city.

Dr. Choppin expects to move into his handsome new residence on Forsyth street, in a few days.

Mr. Cady Townsend passed through Macon, on his way to Thomasville.

Mr. Clisby Wise has returned from Oxford, Ga., where he has been attending college. The return was on account of sickness.

The young people of our city will give a German at the elegant residence of Colonel C. M. Wylie, on College street this evening. In spite of the bad weather, a large attendance is expected.

The Parson Was Elected.

HAMILTON, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Rev. W. A. Farley was elected county school commissioner, to fill the unexpired term of C. A. Dendy, who died a few days ago. Mr. Farley will fill the position with honor to himself and to the best advantage of the county.

Growing in Interest.

AUGUSTA, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—The pet stock show is growing in exhibits and interest, but the weather is a great drawback to Augusta's varied attractions just now.

NEWNAN'S ENTERPRISE.

The Organization of a Cotton Factory Company Creates a General Boom.

NEWNAN, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—The directors of the Newnan cotton factory met yesterday afternoon, and several thousand dollars of additional subscriptions were reported since last meeting. The committee on location reported numerous propositions made by property owners in and around the city all of whom were willing to exchange their lands at reasonable figures for paid up stock in the company. Application for a charter has been made and will be granted at the next March term of the superior court. It will be capitalized at $200,000, with $100,000 paid up stock. Work of erecting the buildings will commence as soon as the charter is granted. They contemplate putting in five thousand spindles and run exclusively on specialties. Since its agitation real estate has advanced and other enterprises are spoken of as locating here.

The population of Newnan has increased over one hundred since the first of this month, and houses are greatly in demand.

A wholesale oil house, of Atlanta, is trying to buy land near the junction of the Atlanta and West Point and Griffin and North Alabama railways, for the purpose of erecting a branch house at this place so that they can make it a distributing point over both these roads.

That is where a great many think the cotton factory ought to be in order to save drayage. The directors named the company the Newnan Cotton mills. There is some talk of establishing a bank in connection with it, the business being so heavy with a five thousand spindle capacity as to require them to do their own banking, and run that department on the usual savings bank plan, which finds general favor. Especially is that the expression among the poorer classes, who have no inducements to deposit their earnings with the other banks only for safety, while the new savings bank would take deposits from one dollar up, and pay interest on the amounts deposited.

THE PARALLEL COLUMN IN AUGUSTA

Mr. Benet at the River Improvement Convention.

AUGUSTA, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Augusta's River Improvement convention met today, and it was attended by over fifty delegates from counties in the Georgia and Carolina side of the Savannah, and fifty more delegates from Augusta. Hon. C. B. Murray, of Anderson, S. C., was made temporary president, and Hon. Martin Calvin, secretary. The address of welcome was eloquently delivered by Hon. John S. Davidson; reply by Hon. W. C. Benet, of Abbeville. This eloquent Carolinian is very popular in Augusta, and his speech was received with ringing applause. Both speakers gave the river a boom and water at the bridge rose two feet in consequence. It is proposed to permanently organize the Savannah Valley association until congress improves the river, and to promote river organization. This will be done tomorrow, and the convention called next fall, during Augusta's exposition. To this convention Savannah, Macon, Atlanta, Chattanooga, Birmingham, Knoxville, Greenville, Spartanburg, Columbia and other cities and all counties along the river will be invited to send delegates.

J. H. Estill, of Savannah, was elected regular president of this convention this afternoon.

Tomorrow an excursion will be given on steamboat "Advance" and a grand banquet at New Arlington tomorrow night.

SOQUE WOOLEN MILLS.

An Important Enterprise at Clarksville.

CLARKSVILLE, Ga., January 25.—[Special.] Last week that part of the Soque woolen mills of this place, belonging to Mrs. Foreacre, of Atlanta, was purchased by Captain A. J. Heard, of this place, who is now the sole owner. At a meeting held last Saturday, the following officers were elected: A. J. Heard, president; R. L. Heard, secretary and treasurer; R. M. Sassen, superintendent. The capital stock was increased five thousand dollars on the original. These mills were put under headway in the year 1883 and chartered in 1884, and originally owned by G. J. Foreacre, Mrs. D. H. Foreacre, A. J. Heard, M. H. Bumstead and G. M. Duggar. These mills have heretofore made a superior quality of jeans, linsey and flannels, but now they expect to improve on what has been, and not only make woolen, but cotton goods. They now have on hand about ten thousand dollars worth of their product, and still running on full time, and after this month a night force will be put on.

FROM THE ALTAR TO THE GRAVE.

A Bride of Only Six Weeks Gone to Her Reward.

PALMETTO, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—The town was greatly affected this morning, when the sad news of the death of Mrs. Lilla Smith, of Powell's Station, reached here. Mrs. Smith was the youngest daughter of Mr. Henry Stipe, of this place. On the 14th of December last she was led to the hymeneal altar by Mr. Ira Smith, of Powell's Station, and had been a bride only six weeks. They were married in the Baptist church here in the presence of a large number of her friends, who sent their best wishes with her into her new sphere, where she had taken up the duties of life with bright and happy prospects. But at the end of six short weeks her family and the same friends who witnessed her happy marriage are called upon to mourn her untimely departure.

New Officers of Decatur.

DECATUR, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Mayor J. W. Kirkpatrick has appointed the following committees for the year: Finance committee—E. L. Hanes, chairman; G. A. Ramspeck, J. P. Crockett. Street committee—Geo. A. Ramspeck, chairman; J. B. Steward, J. A. Mason. Cemetery committee—J. B. Steward, chairman; J. B. Swanton, E. L. Hanes. Sanitary committee—J. P. Crockett, chairman; J. A. Mason, J. B. Steward. The mayor, by virtue of his office, is chairman of the police committee, and he appointed J. A. Mason and J. B. Steward to act with him. W. W. Jossey has been elected marshal, and Mr. T. R. Ramspeck secretary and treasurer.

Judge Speer's Court.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Judge Speer, of the United States court, has been hearing arguments on the suit to foreclose mortgage on the estate of Charles A. L. Lamar, who was killed in one of the last fights of the war. The mortgage was originally for eight thousand dollars. The suit is being brought by the executor of the estate, Gazaway B. Lamar, father of Charles Lamar. It is claimed that the principal and interest now due amounts to one hundred and thirty thousand dollars. The case was not concluded.

Crops in Bartow.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., January 25.—[Special.] The bad weather continues, and business is almost at a standstill. At every opportunity the farmers push their work of preparation for another crop. Wheat generally looks well, and the average is as large as usual. A heavy crop of oats will probably be sown, and there is a disposition to sow the grasses and clover wherever possible.

To Be Scattered Abroad.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., January 25.—[Special.] So much are our people pleased with the recent letters of Mr. Brown and Bill Arp to THE CONSTITUTION that they will be copied in the Courant this week and five hundred extra copies scattered abroad. The Courant, by the way, we consider the liveliest and best weekly in north Georgia, if not in the state.

To Fill a Vacancy.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Charles S. Ellis was elected an alderman today by the board to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Alderman Bogart. Mr. Ellis is a prominent naval stores factor, being the senior member of the firm of Ellis, Young & Co. He is a representative business man.

Blakely as a Mule Market.

BLAKELY, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Blakely is fast becoming one of the best mule markets in this section. Within the last two or three weeks, a hundred or more have found sale here, and two more carloads are among the arrivals this week.

A Grave Discussion.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—The superior court has been engaged all day in trying to determine the right of Christ church in the old South Broad street cemetery, which the city and county want to cleanup and beautify.

A Movement On Foot.

NEWNAN, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—A movement is on foot to organize a fire insurance company in Newnan with a large paid up capital, and the projectors are meeting with encouragement among the moneyed men of the town.

Sick headache is readily cured by Hood, Sarsaparilla, which tones and regulates the digestion, and creates an appetite.

STARTING THE BALL.

Temperance People of Augusta Organizing.

THEY WILL ASK FOR AN ELECTION

A Petition to Be Circulated for Signatures—Prohibitionists Confident of Success—Other News.

AUGUSTA, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—The first step towards opening the prohibition campaign in Augusta was effected by the permanent organization of the Finch Lodge Independent Order of Good Templars tonight. A large crowd attended the meeting that was held in the St. James Sunday-school room at 8 o'clock.

General C. A. Evans and Rev. Joel T. Gibson were to have addressed the meeting, but owing to previous engagements, were unable to attend. Mr. Edward W. Dodge was elected chief templar. A committee was appointed to secure a hall. The members of the lodge, it is said, will commence at once to circulate a petition asking Ordinary Walton to order an election as soon as a sufficient number of voters have signed the document, and they are confident of victory. An important meeting of the lodge will be held next Wednesday night.

PECULIAR PETS.

Tanning the Blue-Jay—A Cat's Frolic With Rabbits.

ALBANY, Ga., January 25.—A gentleman once residing at Palmyra, Lee county, used to feed the blue jays daily. They became so fond of him, that when he walked in his beautiful garden they would fly down from the branches of the great shade trees and perch upon his shoulders.

An overseer upon the Byne planation, in the same county, had a pet cat which he was much attached to. He was in the habit of taking long horseback rides, and would take his gun along and place his cat back of his saddle. He would occasionally shoot a bird for the cat, which would jump down, make a meal upon the game and spring back to its perch upon the horse's back.

A family in east Dougherty had a cat which used to kill and bring in game to them. One moonlight night as the cat started out on a foraging expedition it was followed and watched. As it made its way along it uttered a peculiar cry or call from time to time. The little denizens of the woods seemed to understand it as they began to gather from every direction. When the cat had reached a clear and open space it stopped and waited. Soon a number of rabbits, as if by some preconcerted arrangement, began to gather around her, until a large ring was formed, the cat in the center. After a few moments of silence, while the rabbits were taking their positions, the ranks were suddenly broken by one of them playfully running towards the center. The cat glided after it and the rabbit sought its place. Others followed suit until to the astonished spectator it appeared prisoner's base or some of the old round gomes of his childhood being indulged before his eyes. But by what strange participants and how queer it all looked in the stillness of the woods and under the quiet moonlight. This singular frolic continued for some time, until suddenly the cat made a vicious plunge upon a too-venturesome rabbit. There was a faint squeek, the other rabbits, in sadder and deadly fear, sought their coverts. The game was ended for the night, and the hunter cat had secured a victim.

A HIGH OLD TIME IN ATHENS.

Some Green County Negroes Get Drunk and Take in the Town.

ATHENS, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—On yesterday several of Mr. J. H. Carlton's hands came to the city from his Green county plantation to get provisions, etc. The recent rains had made the roads so rough that they were delayed in the city several days. As these negroes are old citizens of Athens, they thought they had to paint the town before leaving, and after several drinks apiece, they started out for a night of fun. They commenced by breaking up the furniture in their boarding house. The old negro woman sent for the police, and as soon as the negroes saw the blue coats they gathered up a handful of rocks and started for them. The police stood their ground and finally captured the would-be midnight artist. One, Irvin Williams, swore to the police that if they locked him up in the stationhouse he would break the iron cages in pieces. Mr. Carlton happened to be in the city yesterday and got his negroes out and sent them home rejoicing.

Cotton in Blakely.

BLAKELY, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—There are now in warehouses in this place 318 bales of cotton, as against 500 bales the corresponding date last year. This would indicate a falling off of a few hundred bales from last season's receipts, as but very little still remains in the hands of the planters, not even so much as at this date last January.

It is feared that the oat crop has been injured seriously by the recent excessive cold weather.

A Breeze From Brunswick.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—The first class and powerful steamship Port Augusta, capacity 8,000 bales cotton, is now loading at Brunswick with cotton for Liverpool. This is one of the largest steamships which has cleared from any of the South Atlantic ports this season, and clearly demonstrates the superiority of Brunswick as a shipping port, as no lighterage is necessary. The commerce of Brunswick is rapidly increasing.

The Bartow Exhibit.

CARTERSVILLE, Ga., January 25.—[Special.] The mineral exhibit of Bartow at the Piedmont exposition having been returned to us, a large cone shaped structure, embracing the whole exhibit, has been erected near the Western and Atlantic railroad track as a standing exemplar of our varied resources, and so that even he who runs on the railroad may read.

Georgia, Carolina and Northern Railroad.

ATHENS, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—There are a thousand hands at work on the upper end of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern railroad, near Chester, S. C., and before spring they will reach Athens, moving rapidly toward Atlanta. A corps of engineers will pass through the city very soon, establishing the line. The people are confident that the road will be built.

A Lively Investigation.

SAVANNAH, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—On Monday the county commissioners will begin investigation of the management of county convicts. It is believed that the convicts on the chaingang have been cruelly treated for a long time by the guards. At least one hundred witnesses will be summoned.

The King Mill.

AUGUSTA, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—The annual meeting of the King mill was held today. Charles Estes was elected president; directors, H. B. King, J. O. Mathewson, Z. McCord, D. R. Wright, L. A. Thomas, W. E. McCoy, W. A. Latimer, of Augusta, and R. H. Richards, Atlanta.

Mother Sick, Brother-in-Law Dead.

BLAKELY, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Mr. B. A. Thomas and wife, of Shelbyville, Kentucky, who have been spending some time in our midst, were suddenly summoned home Sunday last in response to a telegram announcing the extreme illness of the former's mother and the death of his brother-in-law.

New Court House in Haralson.

BUCHANAN, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Superior court adjourned Tuesday. Judge Maddox presides with dignity, and dispatches business rapidly. Several night sessions were held. The grand jury recommend that Haralson county build a new courthouse. Work on the Chattanooga, Rome and Carrollton railroad is progressing as rapidly as possible.

A Cotton Fire.

AUGUSTA, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Fire destroyed $2,000 worth of cotton in the Langley factory picker room late last night, but the machinery escaped uninjured. Everything insured.

Insured for $3,000.

CLARKSVILLE, Ga., January 25.—[Special.] The residence of Dr. J. P. Phillips, which was burned on the morning of the 21st instant, was insured for $3,000 which will not cover the loss sustained. The residence was the old Dr. George D. Phillips's homestead, located one mile from this place. The fire broke out about 2:30 when all were asleep. Mrs. Phillips awakened to find the flames creeping in at the back windows from the direction of the diningroom. She immediately ran to Mrs. Bass, who was spending the night and who assisted her in taking the children from the now almost enveloped building. The only male person on the place was Robert McMillan, a lad of fifteen, who assisted to save the family with their wearing apparel, which was scarcely accomplished before the roof was falling in. Dr. Phillips was in Marietta visiting his brother who is now very ill.

ACCIDENT AT TALLAPOOSA.

Three Cars Derailed—A Colored Brakeman Killed.

TALLAPOOSA, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—A brakeman by the name of John Crawford, colored, was crushed to death, being instantly killed by a freight car turning over on him at this place this morning a while before day. The facts are as follows: The east bound freight had side tracked on a Y in the west end of town in order to let other freights pass. After the west bound trains had passed, the switch was opened and the train was moving out, but the end of the crooked rail, known as the "frog," broke, thereby derailing two cars and the cab.

The unfortunate brakeman was at his post on top of the cars, but seeing the cars were, turning over, he jumped down on an embankment, only in time to be caught by an overturning loaded car, which fell upon him, mashing him to death instantly. It was said he called for help once or twice, but soon expired. Captain Alexander appeared on the scene early this morning, and had the dead man extricated and the wrecked cars placed on the track, and the road put in order by noon for use. It appears that the occurrence was purely accidental. No one else was injured. Captain Alexander left arrangements for the interment of the dead man.

The 11 o'clock freight is blockaded, and the 2 o'clock passenger train will not leave until they receive orders.

YESTERDAY IN COLUMBUS.

Marriage of Mr. J. L. Whitaker and Miss Jodie Struppa—Other News.

COLUMBUS, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Mr. J. L. Whitaker, formerly of Atlanta, was married to Miss Jodie Struppa, a prominent society young lady of this city, at 6:30 o'clock tonight. Mr. Whitaker is now head clerk at Cargill's dry goods store.

Mr. John B. Mell, nephew of Chancellor P. H. Mell, of the university of Georgia, was married to Miss Stella Harrison tonight. The groom is a talented young sculptor employed at the Monumental Marble works.

Mr. J. K. Orr, chairman of the mass meeting held by the citizens last week, today appointed the following committee to ascertain the sentiments of the people in regard to the proposed exposition: G. Gunby Jordan, T. M. Faley, T. F. Garrard, J. M. Williams, H. C. Hanson, J. M. Fletcher, J. A. Kirrer, J. S. Garrett, J. H. Gabriel, D. P. Dozier, J. J. Flournoy, E. H. Jenkins, L. A. Camp, T. Joseph, W. C. Bradley, J. K. Orr.

Yesterday the five-year-old son of Mr. Nathan Benton, who lives five mile from this city, had his first two fingers of his left hand accidently cut off with an ax in the hands of an older brother.

Dr. I. P. Cheney, of Hamilton, killed a white partridge near that place Tuesday. The rare bird was sent to Frazer and Dozier in this city today. It was almost snow white.

This morning a car loaded with coal ran off the track at the junction of Sixth avenue, and so blocked the road that it was an hour before the Mobile and Girard passenger train could pass.

Sport in Dougherty.

ALBANY, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—A party of ten Albany hunters killed 555 doves in Lee county today. The largest score was 85.

Deaths in Georgia.

BLAKELY, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Mr. Lon Collins, of Bluffton, died on Sunday night last of consumption, after an illness of many months. He was just in the bud of young manhood when stricken with this dread disease a year or two past. He was a brother of Messrs. G. L. and James T. Collins, a prominent merchantile firm of Bluffton, an exemplary young man, and leaves a large circle of friends to sorrow for his loss.

ALBANY, Ga., January 25.—[Special.]—Colonel Philo Loud died at Baconton last night. He was eighty-eight years old, a native of London, England. For many years he was bookkeeper for Carhart & Co., Macon. He was in active business life up to his eightieth year. He had recently moved to Baconton, having resided in Albany several years. His aged wife died here a short time since.

His Sentence Was Commuted.

RALEIGH, N. C., January 25.—[Special.] To-day Governor Scales commuted the sentence of Crawford Walters, in Columbus county jail, to a fine of twenty-five dollars. Walters was convicted of slandering an innocent woman, and was sent to jail for twelve months, and fined a thousand dollars. He appealed to the supreme court which decided that both fine and imprisonment could not be imposed. He was then given eight months' sentence. He has served five months, and the physicians state that further confinement would endanger his life. On these grounds the Governor commutes the remainder of the sentence to a fine of $25.

Ridenhour's Case.

WINCHESTER, Va., January 25.—Judge Clark this morning denied the motion for a new trial in the Ridenhour case. A stay of sentence was granted until Friday. In the meantime bills of exception will be prepared by the prisoner's counsel, and the statement of facts agreed upon for the purpose of taking the case to the court of appeals.

One of the Parties Died.

From the Chattooga, Ga. News.

Last Thursday two darkies at work on the railroad near Robinson's gap got into a difficulty which resulted in the death of one of the parties. They first begun disputing in a friendly way as to which was the best man. This brought on a scuffle, then a hand to hand fight, which terminated in both drawing their knives and cutting one another. The other hands made no attempt to part them. A white man who was not far off at the time the negroes began using their knives, ran up with a rail and parted them, but it was too late; the jugular vein of one of the darkies was cut and the other one was seriously hurt. When they were parted the one whose jugular vein was cut staggered back and fell and at every breath he drew and every movement he made the blood would spurt in a stream from the wound in his neck. Medical aid was summoned and the flow of blood was stopped for a time, but during the night the wound broke open afresh and early Friday morning the man died. The other darky will probably recover.

A Miscreant Caught.

From the Griffin, Ga., Sun.

It will be remembered that on the night of the 31st of December, near the Dan Johnson place, some one shot into the up night passenger from Macon, though fortunately but little damage was done. Since that time Officer Cunningham, for the Central road, has been keeping watch in that vicinity. Friday night he succeeded in arresting Aaron Fambrough, whose guilt is beyond question. As the 8:45 train from Macon was rounding the curve near the Johnson place, Fainbrough jerked out his pistol and snapped it once, but the cartridge failed to fire. Before he could draw his pistol to a cock again, Officer Cunningham slipped his new wristlets on him, and then carried him to the lockup. Mr. Cunningham deserves considerable praise for this, as it was a neat job and one requiring no little pluck. Fambrough languishes in jail and no doubt will soon adorn a pair of stripes.

A Natural Mistake.

From the Kansas City Journal.

It was not an unnatural blunder, that of a lady who mistook a policeman for a footpad at Twelfth and Washington streets last night. It was rather late for a policeman to be out alone and unprotected.

If you had taken two of Carter's Little Liver Pills before retiring you would not have had that coated tongue or bad taste in the mouth this morning. Keep a vial with you for occasional use.

A WOMAN'S PROTEST,

Against a Cranky Senator's Effort in Behalf of Woman's Suffrage.

Mrs. Caroline F. Corbin, in reply to Senator Blair's report of the senate's special committee on woman's suffrage, has written a magnificent letter to the cranky New Hampshire senator. Her reply is based on that dignitary having misquoted and misunderstood—neither of which is surprising—an extract from a former letter of Mrs. Corbin on the subject, and is so pointed and strong that it deserves to be put on record. Among other things, she says:

"You say in your report that there are many women who are not wives and mothers. Very true and when women vote and hold office there will be more of them. A true regard for the best interests of society demands that their number shall be reduced by all natural and reasonable means, but when political rewards are offered as the price of services in public life, do you not believe that many, and those not of the weak and ignorant, but of the more gifted and intellectual, will be tempted to forego marriage and motherhood for the sake of winning them? Woe betide the land which thus offers its political trusts as premiums for childless women! The morals of society are corrupt enough now. What do you suppose they will become when not to be married, not to be a mother, is the prerequisite for a woman's success in a chosen and tempting career? I speak advisedly, and in the light of thirty years of profound and prayerful study of social problems, when I say that the direct tendency of woman suffrage would be to form a class of women such as held high court in Greece in the days preceding its downfall; women brilliant and intellectual, but wholly wanting in that steadfast faith and abiding virtue which characterizes the Anglo-Saxon ideal of womanhood, I may say the Christian ideal as well—the wife and mother. Are American men prepared to relegate the wives and mothers of this republic to a secondary and subservient place, and share the political leadership of this great and free country with an oligarchy of Aspasias?

"You say that you have only proposed the measure because women have asked you to do it. The same plea was made by your great progenitor in the Garden of Eden; but it did not avail him. Moreover, in the case of Adam, it was true. In the present instance the plea contains but the minimum of truth. There are fifteen million of women in this country—I quote your own statistics—of voting age. Will you kindly inform us what proportion of that fifteen millions you have heard from? You say that these women are being governed without their consent. Is it possible that you can sincerely believe that fifteen millions of American women could be governed without their consent? Do you not rather feel assured that if a bare majority of that number did not consent, for what appear to them to be good and sufficient reasons, to be governed by indirect rather than by direct representation there would be a revolution within twenty-four hours? With every right of agitation at their command which man possesses—free speech, free assembly, the right of petition, a press ever ready to disseminate their views, and many privileges of courtesy beside that men lay no claim to—what power could withstand the moral force of any demand which these 15,000,000 should unitedly make?

"With what show of reason do you compare freeborn American women to the degraded and ignorant slaves on southern plantations, and speak of men as their masters? As a matter of fact the power of men over women is not greater than that of women over men. Nature lays the infant man a helpless creature in the lap of his mother. He is in her power for life or for death, and for the first ten or fifteen years of his existence, and that during the forming and determining period of his career—a period, too, in which he is answerable to no other law than that of his home—her power over him, physical, intellectual, and moral, is so nearly supreme that no power which he can arrogate over her in later years can overbalance it. Under ordinary circumstances the faithful, intelligent mother may make of her son in all the essentials of manners and morals, whatsoever she will. If American men were today narrowed-minded, tyrannical, vicious creatures they are charged with being by the woman suffragists, unfitted to be legislators for the whole nation, it could only be because their mothers had misundstood or neglected the opportunities which nature puts into their hands. Such a charge is a tremendous indictment against the motherhood of the nation, and if it could be sustained, ought of itself to bar woman from all legislative function until they can better fulfill that which nature demands of them in child-bearing and rearing. Moreover, it is the function of slaves to labor; but it is this nation's pride and boast that in no other country that the sun shines on are there so many homes supported by the loyal and untiring industry of men, where women are kept in ease and comfort, in order that they may give their time to the higher duties of rearing children and planning and carrying on enterprises of charity, philanthropy and reform; and the influence of these homes upon the public sentiment is the one irresistible power in American social and political life.

Enforce the Laws.

From the New York Mail and Express.

Why not disfranchise the Mormons, confiscate their ecclesiastical property, and send out two or three regiments of troops, if necessary, to aid in executing the laws against polygamy? It is time that this foul cancer on the national body-politic was cut, without fear, delay or mercy.

For The Nervous
The Debilitated
The Aged.

Medical and scientific skill has at last solved the problem of the long needed medicine for the nervous, debilitated, and the aged, by combining the best nerve tonics, Celery and Coca, with other effective remedies, which, acting gently but efficiently on the kidneys, liver and bowels, remove disease, restore strength and renew vitality. This medicine is

Paine's Celery Compound

It fills a place heretofore unoccupied, and marks a new era in the treatment of nervous troubles. Overwork, anxiety, disease, lay the foundation of nervous prostration and weakness, and experience has shown that the usual remedies do not mend the strain and paralysis of the nervous system.

Recommended by professional and business men. Send for circulars.

Price $1.00. Sold by druggists.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Proprietors
BURLINGTON, VT.

D. C. BACON, Pres. M. F. AMOROUS, Gen. Mgr

ATLANTA LUMBER COMPANY,

YARDS, Humphries St., & E. T., V. & G. Railway. | OFFICE 48 Marietta Street. | MILLS, On Line C. R. R. & E. T., V. & G. Ry.

Long Leaf Pine,
KILN-DRY DRESSED FLOORING
CEILING,
WEATHERBOARDING,
SHINGLES AND LATHS,
BRIDGE AND TRESTLE TIMBERS.

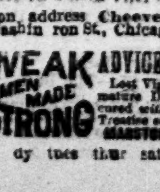
Best in quality, lowest in price. Write for estimates on house bills. jan 21 2p n r m

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

ALL CREDITORS OF THE ESTATE OF William Ezzard, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment. Atlanta, Ga., January 11, 1888.

CORNELIA E. SMITH, Executrix.
ROBT. A. ANDERSON, Executor.

Jan 12, d6t thur



This belt or regenerator is Made Expressly for the cure of derangements of the generative organs. A continuous stream of Electricity permeating throu'h the parts must restore them to healthy action. Do not confound this with Electric feats advertised to cure all ills; it is for the one specific purpose. For full information, address Cheever Electric Belt Co., 103 Washin ton St., Chicago, Ill. tue thu sat

WEAK MEN MADE STRONG — ADVICE FREE! HOW TO ACT! Lost Vigor and Manhood Restored. Premature Decline and Functional disorders cured without Stomach Medicines. Sealed Treatise sent free upon application. MARSTON CO., 19 Park Place, New York.

dy tues thur sat sun wkyly

MEDICAL.

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or exposure in

Malarial Regions,

will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid.

Try Them Fairly.

A vigorous body, pure blood, strong nerves and a cheerful mind will result.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

POND'S EXTRACT
VEGETABLE
PAIN DESTROYER

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause is speedily controlled and stopped.

Sores, Sprains, Bruises. It is cooling, cleansing and Healing.

Catarrh, It is most efficacious for this disease, Cold in the Head &c. Pond's Extract Catarrh Cure, (75c.) specially prepared to meet serious cases, should be applied with Pond's Extract Nasal Syringe, (25c.)

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured more cases of these distressing complaints than the Extract. Pond's Extract Plaster is invaluable in these diseases, Lumbago, Pains in Back or Side, &c.

Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Use the Extract promptly. Delay is dangerous.

Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching. It is the greatest known remedy; rapidly curing when other medicines have failed. Pond's Extract Ointment, (50c.) is of great service where the removal of clothing is inconvenient.

In Bottles only. Prices, 50c., $1, $1.75. Note our name on every wrapper and label. Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

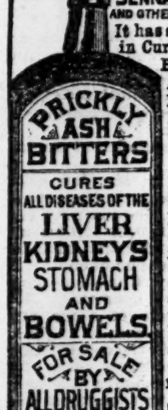
PILES.
POND'S
EXTRACT
OINTMENT.

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over Piles, however severe.

Also for Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c. Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS

IT IS A PURELY VEGETABLE PREPARATION CONTAINING PRICKLY ASH BARK AND PRICKLY ASH BERRIES SENNA-MANDRAKE-BUCHU AND OTHER EQUALLY EFFICIENT REMEDIES



It has stood the Test of Years, in Curing all Diseases of the BLOOD, LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, BOWELS, &c. It Purifies the Blood, Invigorates and Cleanses the System.

DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, SICKHEADACHE, BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, &c disappear at once under its beneficial influence.

It is purely a Medicine as its cathartic properties forbids its use as a beverage. It is pleasant to the taste, and as easily taken by children as adults.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO Sole Proprietors, ST. LOUIS and KANSAS CITY

COAL!

MANUFACTURERS, RAILROADS AND OTHERS

IN NEED OF STEAM COAL

Can be supplied by addressing the TENNESSEE COAL, IRON AND RAILROAD Co., Tracy City, Tennessee.

HOTEL FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—THE TALlapoosa hotel, Tallapoosa, Ga., 50 rooms elegantly furnished, billiard room, barber shop, and all complete in every appointment. One acre of land. The hotel is crowded continually and will soon have to be enlarged to accommodate its patrons. Tallapoosa is a rapidly growing city, and this hotel is the best in the city, and admirably located. It has been recently rebuilt and refurnished by this company, and is offered for sale solely for the reason that the company do not wish to conduct any business which shall come in competition with the people or the city, which they are devoting their energies to build. Terms will be made easy, and the only condition made in selling is that the purchaser shall place it in the hands of a competent party who will conduct it at its present high standard. For further information call on or address Tallapoosa Land, Mining and manufacturing Co., Tallapoosa, Ga. thur sat mon

Electric Belt Free

To introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electro Galvanic Suspensory Belts, Price $5; a positive and unfailing cure for Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Emissions, Impotency &c. $500.00 Reward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate a genuine electric current. Address at once ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, P. O. Box 178, Brooklyn, N. Y.

FITS STOPPED FREE

Marvelous success. Insane Persons Restored. Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER for all BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc. INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to Dr. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.

WEAK MEN!

Whose VITALITY is failing, Brain DRAINED and EXHAUSTED or Power PREMATURELY WASTED may find a perfect and reliable cure in the FRENCH HOSPITAL REMEDIES originated by Prof. JEAN CIVIALE, of Paris, France. Adopted by all French Physicians and being rapidly and successfully introduced here. All weakening losses and drains promptly checked. TREATISE giving newspaper and medical endorsements, &c., FREE. Consultation (office or by mail) with six eminent doctors FREE. CIVIALE AGENCY, No. 174 Fulton Street, New York.

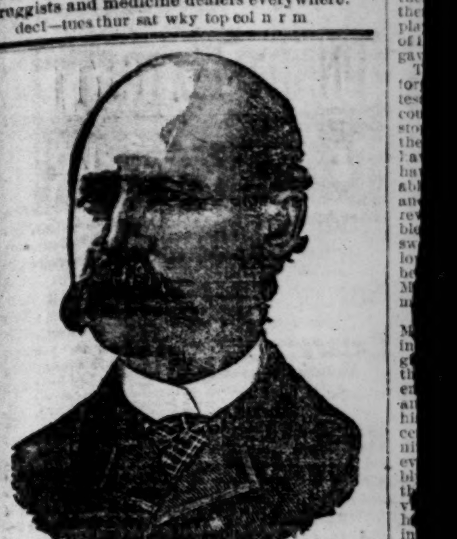
TANSY PILLS

are perfectly Safe and always Effectual. Never fail to afford speedy and certain relief. More than 10,000 American women use them regularly. Guaranteed superior to all others or cash refunded. If your druggist don't keep "Wilcox's Compound Tansy Pills," accept no worthless nostrum said to be "just as good," but send 4c. for particulars and receive the only absolutely reliable remedy by mail. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

MEDICAL.

NEVER GO BACK on a Friend which you've always found worthy of confidence. You cannot, therefore, afford to forget Benson's Plaster when seeking a reliable, prompt and never-failing remedy for aches and pains of every description, such as hoarseness, sore throat, chest pains, torpid liver, ague cake, weak back, kidney disease, rheumatism, etc. Benson's Plasters are neat, non irritating, always handy and easy of application. They are inexpensive, will keep in any climate, and are always seasonable. They fully meet all the requirements of a household remedy and should always be kept for emergencies. Benson's Plasters are sold by first-class druggists and medicine dealers everywhere.

dec1—tues thur sat wky top col n r m



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

The only fine calf $3 Seamless Shoe in the world made without tacks or nails. As stylish and durable as those costing $5 or $6, and having no tacks or nails to wear the stocking or hurt the feet; makes them as comfortable and well-fitting as a hand sewed shoe. Buy the best. None genuine unless stamped on bottom "W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe, warranted.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4 SHOE, the original and only hand sewed welt $4 shoe, which equals custom-made shoes costing from $6 to $9.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2.50 SHOE is unexcelled for heavy wear.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2 SHOE is worn by all Boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the above goods are made in Congress, Button and Lace, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

G. H. & A. W. FORCE, Agents,
G. W. PRICE, Agent, Atlanta.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DUDLEY DuBOSE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
23½ Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

G. T. OSBORN,
OFFICIAL STENOGRAPHER COWETA CIRCUIT
All calls by telegram or otherwise promptly attended to.
Office 21 Marietta Street.

J. Carroll Payne. Raphael Semmes Payne.
PAYNE & PAYNE,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
3½ Whitehall st., Room 4, Centennial Building.
1m

HUGH ANGIER,
CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR,
Railroad and Sanitary work a specialty.
14½ Whitehall St. Room No. 23.

SAMUEL GWOOD DE. CLIFFORD L. ANDERSON
GOODE & ANDERSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Offices No. 1 Marietta street, corner Peachtree.
Will do a general practice in all the courts, State and Federal. Real Estate and Corporation Law specialties. top prof c

FRANK CARTER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
12½ East Alabama street..................Atlanta, Ga
Telephone 333.
Refers to Moore, Marsh & Co., Gate City National Bank and Hon. Campbell Wallace. top col

EDMUND W. MARTIN,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
No. 55½ Whitehall Street,
Atlanta, Ga.
Telephone 512. top cols

WILLIAM A. HAYGOOD. HAMILTON DOUGLAS.
HAYGOOD & DOUGLAS,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Office 17½ Peachtree Street,
Telephone 117. Atlanta, Ga.

WALTER GREGORY,
Attorney and Counselor at Law,
Room 5, Jackson Building.
Special attention given to damage and insurance cases, and collections.

Thomas C. Carleton Hewlette A. H
CARLETON & HALL,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Commercial Law a specialty. Newnan, Ga

JOHN M. SLATON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
20½ Peachtree Street,
Healy Building. Atlanta, Ga.
jly12 ly

ROBERT HARBISON. JAMES H. GILBERT.
HARBISON & GILBERT,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW,
Gate City Bank Building, Rooms 54 and 55. Telephone 750.
Commissioner for New York and Notary Public.

PORTER KING,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
27½ Whitehall street,
Prompt and careful attention to all business.

H. C. JOHNSON. L. H. JOHNSON
JOHNSON & JOHNSON,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
(N. J. Hammond's Old Office.)
21½ E. Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND,
ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW.
Rooms Nos. 41 and 42 Gate City Bank Building,
Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets.
T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking Depositions in Fulton County.

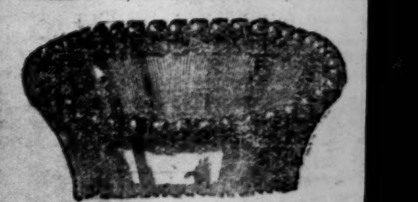
A. R. WRIGHT. MAX MEYERHARDT. SEABORN WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT & WRIGHT,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW,
Rome, Ga.
Collections a specialty. dbft

ARCHITECTS.

EDMUND G. LIND,
ARCHITECT,
Office, 63½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.
aul —d3m

W. H. PARKINS,
ARCHITECT,
Office 7½ N. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

L. B. WHEELER,
ARCHITECT, Atlanta, Ga.
Office 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building, cor. Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator.



This is the Top of the GENUINE Pearl Top Lamp Chimney. All others, similar are imitation.



This exact Label is on each Pearl Top Chimney. A dealer may say and think he has others as good BUT HE HAS NOT.

Insist upon the Exact Label and Top. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. MADE ONLY BY GEO. A. MACBETH & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MEDICAL.

Tutt's Pills

The dyspeptic, the debilitated, whether from excess of work of mind or body, drink or exposure in

Malarial Regions,

will find Tutt's Pills the most genial restorative ever offered the suffering invalid.

Try Them Fairly.

A vigorous body, pure blood, strong nerves and a cheerful mind will result.

SOLD EVERYWHERE.

POND'S EXTRACT

VEGETABLE PAIN DESTROYER

Hemorrhages. Bleeding from the Lungs, Stomach, Nose, or from any cause is speedily controlled and stopped.

Sores, Sprains, Bruises. It is cooling, cleansing and Healing.

Catarrh, It is most efficacious for this disease, Cold in the Head, &c. Pond's Extract Catarrh Cure, (75c.) specially prepared to meet serious cases, should be applied with Pond's Extract Nasal Syringe, (25c.)

Rheumatism, Neuralgia. No other preparation has cured more cases of these distressing complaints than the Extract. Pond's Extract Plaster is invaluable in these diseases, Lumbago, Pains in Back or Side, &c.

Diphtheria, Sore Throat, Use the Extract promptly. Delay is dangerous.

Piles, Blind, Bleeding or Itching. It is the greatest known remedy; rapidly curing when other medicines have failed. Pond's Extract Ointment, (50c.) is of great service where the removal of clothing is inconvenient.

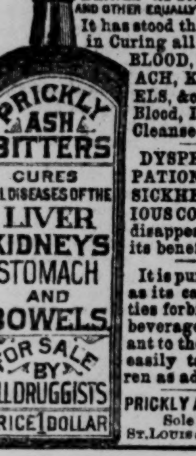
In Bottles only. Prices, 50c., $1, $1.75. *Note our name on every wrapper and label.* Prepared only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK AND LONDON.

PILES. POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT.

It's remarkable specific action upon the affected parts gives it supreme control over *Piles*, however severe.

Also for *Burns, Scalds, Eruptions, Salt Rheum &c.* Testimonials from all classes prove its efficacy. Price 50c. Sold by all Druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price. Put up only by POND'S EXTRACT CO., 76 5th Ave., N. Y.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS



IT IS A PURELY VEGETABLE PREPARATION CONTAINING PRICKLY ASH BARK AND PRICKLY ASH BERRIES SENNA-MANDRAKE-BUCHU AND OTHER EQUALLY EFFICIENT REMEDIES

It has stood the Test of Years, in Curing all Diseases of the BLOOD, LIVER, STOMACH, KIDNEYS, BOWELS, &c. It Purifies the Blood, Invigorates and Cleanses the System.

DYSPEPSIA, CONSTIPATION, JAUNDICE, SICKHEADACHE, BILIOUS COMPLAINTS, &c disappear at once under its beneficial influence.

It is purely a Medicine as its cathartic properties forbids its use as a beverage. It is pleasant to the taste, and as easily taken by children as adults.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS CO Sole Proprietors, St. Louis and Kansas City

COAL!

MANUFACTURERS, RAILROADS AND OTHERS

IN NEED OF STEAM COAL

Can be supplied by addressing the TENNESSEE COAL, IRON AND RAILROAD Co., Tracy City, Tennessee.

HOTEL FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN—THE TALlapoosa hotel, Tallapoosa, Ga., 50 rooms elegantly furnished, billiard room, barber shop, and all complete in every appointment. One acre of land. The hotel is crowded continually and will soon have to be enlarged to accommodate its patrons. Tallapoosa is a rapidly growing city, and this hotel is the best in the city, and admirably located. It has been recently rebuilt and refurnished by this company, and is offered for sale solely for the reason that the company do not wish to conduct any business which shall come in competition with the people or the city, which they are devoting their energies to build. Terms will be made easy, and the only condition made in selling is that the purchaser shall place it in the hands of a competent party who will conduct it at its present high standard. For further information call on or address Tallapoosa Land, Mining and manufacturing Co., Tallapoosa, Ga. thur sat mon

Electric Belt Free

To introduce it and obtain agents we will for the next sixty days give away, free of charge, in each county in the U. S. a limited number of our German Electro Galvanic Suspensory Belts, Price $5; a positive and unfailing cure for Nervous Debility, Varicocele, Emissions, Impotency &c. $500.00 Reward paid if every Belt we manufacture does not generate a genuine electric current. Address at once ELECTRIC BELT AGENCY, P. O. Box 178, Brooklyn, N. Y.

FITS STOPPED FREE

Marvelous success. Insane Persons Restored Dr. KLINE'S GREAT NERVE RESTORER *for all* BRAIN & NERVE DISEASES. *Only sure cure for Nerve Affections, Fits, Epilepsy, etc.* INFALLIBLE if taken as directed. *No Fits after first day's use.* Treatise and $2 trial bottle free to Fit patients, they paying express charges on box when received. Send names, P. O. and express address of afflicted to DR. KLINE, 931 Arch St., Philadelphia, Pa. See Druggists. *BEWARE OF IMITATING FRAUDS.*

WEAK MEN!

Whose VITALITY is failing, Brain DRAINED and EXHAUSTED or Power PREMATURELY WASTED may find a perfect and reliable cure in the FRENCH HOSPITAL REMEDIES originated by Prof. JEAN CIVIALE, of Paris, France. Adopted by all French Physicians and being rapidly and successfully introduced here. All weakening losses and drains promptly checked. TREATISE giving newspaper and medical endorsements, &c., FREE. Consultation (office or by mail) with six eminent doctors FREE. CIVIALE AGENCY, No. 174 Fulton Street, New York

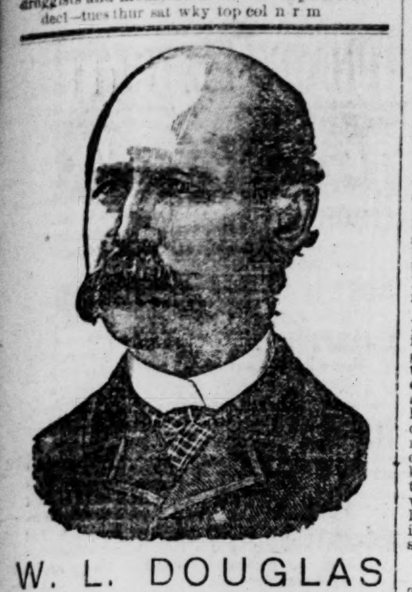
TANSY PILLS

are perfectly Safe and always Effectual. Never fail to afford speedy and certain relief. More than 10,000 American women use them regularly. Guaranteed superior to all others or cash refunded. If your druggist don't keep "Wilcox's Compound Tansy Pills," accept no worthless nostrum said to be "just as good," but send 4c. for sealed particulars and receive the only absolutely reliable remedy by mail. WILCOX SPECIFIC CO., Philadelphia, Pa.

MEDICAL.

NEVER GO BACK on a Friend which you've always found worthy of confidence. You cannot, therefore, afford to forget Benson's Plaster when seeking a reliable, prompt and never-failing remedy for aches and pains of every description, such as hoarseness, sore throat, chest pains, torpid liver, ague cake, weak back, kidney disease, rheumatism, etc. Benson's Plasters are neat, non irritating, always handy and easy of application. They are inexpensive, will keep in any climate, and are always seasonable. They fully meet all the requirements of a household remedy and should always be kept for emergencies. Benson's Plasters are sold by first-class druggists and medicine dealers everywhere.

dec1—tues thur sat wky top col n r m



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

The only fine calf $3 Seamless Shoe in the world made without tacks or nails. As stylish and durable as those costing $5 or $6, and having no tacks or nails to wear the stocking or hurt the feet, makes them as comfortable and well-fitting as a hand sewed shoe. Buy the best. None genuine unless stamped on bottom "W. L. Douglas $3 Shoe, warranted."

W. L. DOUGLAS $4 SHOE, the original and only hand sewed welt $4 shoe, which equals custom-made shoes costing from $6 to $9.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2.50 SHOE is unexcelled for heavy wear.

W. L. DOUGLAS $2 SHOE is worn by all Boys, and is the best school shoe in the world.

All the above goods are made in Congress, Button and Lace, and if not sold by your dealer, write W. L. DOUGLAS, Brockton, Mass.

G. H & A. W. FORCE, Agents,
G. W. PRICE, Agent, Atlanta.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

DUDLEY DuBOSE, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 23½ Whitehall, Atlanta, Ga.

G. T. OSBORN, OFFICIAL STENOGRAPHER COWETA CIRCUIT. All calls by telegram or otherwise promptly attended to. Office 21 Marietta Street.

J. Carroll Payne. Raphael Semmes Payne.
PAYNE & PAYNE, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, 8½ Whitehall st., Room 4, Centennial Building. 1m

HUGH ANGIER, CIVIL ENGINEER AND SURVEYOR, Railroad and Sanitary work a specialty. 14½ Whitehall St. Room No. 22.

AMUEL GWOO DE. CLIFFORD L. ANDERSON
GOODE & ANDERSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Offices No. 1 Marietta street, corner Peachtree. Will do a general practice in all the courts, State and Federal. Real Estate and Corporation Law specialties. top prof c

FRANK CARTER, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 12½ East Alabama street..........Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 333. Refers to Moore, Marsh & Co., Gate City National Bank and Hon. Campbell Wallace. top col

EDMUND W. MARTIN, Attorney and Counselor at Law, No. 55½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 512. top colu

WILLIAM A. HAYGOOD. HAMILTON DOUGLAS.
HAYGOOD & DOUGLAS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Office 17½ Peachtree Street, Telephone 117. Atlanta, Ga.

WALTER GREGORY, Attorney and Counselor at Law, Room 5, Jackson Building. Special attention given to damage and insurance cases, and collections.

Thomas C. Carleton Hewlette A. H
CARLETON & HALL, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Commercial Law a specialty. Newnan, Ga

JOHN M. SLATON, ATTORNEY AT LAW, 20½ Peachtree Street, Healy Building. Atlanta, Ga. jly12 ly

ROBERT HARBISON. JAMES H. GILBERT.
HARBISON & GILBERT, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW, Gate City Bank Building, Rooms 54 and 55. Telephone 750. Commissioner for New York and Notary Public.

PORTER KING, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW. 27½ Whitehall street, Prompt and ... attention to all business.

R. C. JOHNSON. I. H. JOHNSON
JOHNSON & JOHNSON, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. (N. J. Hammond's Old Office.) 21½ E. Alabama Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

N. J. & T. A. HAMMOND, ATTORNEYS AND COUNSELORS AT LAW. Rooms Nos. 41 and 42 Gate City Bank Building, Corner Alabama and Pryor Streets. T. A. Hammond, Jr., Commissioner for taking Depositions in Fulton County.

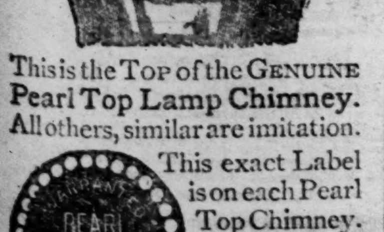
A. R. WRIGHT. MAX MEYERHARDT. SEABORN WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, MEYERHARDT & WRIGHT, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Rome, Ga. Collections a specialty. dhft

ARCHITECTS.

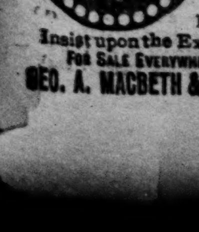
EDMUND G. LIND, ARCHITECT, Office, 63½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga. aul—d3m

W. H. PARKINS, ARCHITECT, Office 7½ N. Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

L. B. WHEELER, ARCHITECT. Atlanta, Ga. Office 4th floor Chamberlin & Boynton building, cor. Whitehall and Hunter streets. Take elevator.



This is the Top of the GENUINE Pearl Top Lamp Chimney. All others, similar are imitation.



This exact Label is on each Pearl Top Chimney. A dealer may say and think he has others as good, BUT HE HAS NOT. Insist upon the Exact Label and Top. FOR SALE EVERYWHERE. MADE ONLY BY GEO. A. MACBETH & CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

THE PLAY'S THE THING.

James and Wainwright—Rhea Coming—Emma Abbott.

The important event of the week will be the appearance of these distinguished artists, Louis James and Marie Wainwright, at the head of a magnificent company.

This talented couple, by their association, are able to give a representation more perfect and more satisfactory than any other company on the road, and such indeed is the universal verdict of the press and of the public. The New York Sun thus critically reviews their performance of "Gretchen" at the New York Grand opera house:

The jolliest Mephisto that ever limped with cloven foot and sung into Faustus' willing ear, the fairest, daintiest Gretchen that ever sat at spinning wheel and dreamed of her lover's eye, were visible on the grand opera house stage last night. Sharp as was their contrast there was no stint of favor for either of them. A good sized audience followed Mr. Gilbert's play with thoughtful interest and to the Mephisto of Louis James and the Gretchen of Miss Wainwright gave indorsement as warm as it was well deserved. That Mr. James has added Gretchen to his repertory may be accounted almost as a caprice. Miss Fortescue's company of incompetents were touring the country with a drama last season, and at one of their stopping places fell in Mr. James' way to witness their performance. Its utter unacceptability may have shocked his artistic sensibilities; or he may have deemed the play a venture likely to be profitable, since it called for no royalty and a limited cast and was besides, in the direct line of the "Faust" revivals recently popular; or what is far more probable he may have discerned that Miss Wainwright's sweet personality would make a Gretchen to be loved as no other maid of Faustus' vision ever had been. So Mr. Gilbert's airy was quickly added to Mr. James' list, and the provinces soon spoke in admiration of it.

The chief charm of this new Gretchen is found in Miss Wainwright's portrayal of the ingenious heroine. No role in which she has appeared here has given her better opportunities for the display of those natural artistic advantages with which she is endowed. That she could rescue Mr. Gilbert's peasant maid from the lackadaisical depths into which his text occasionally plunges her, is, in itself, a decent tribute to her art. At all times she was winning and earnest, and in the closing scene she was even powerful. Mr. James Mephisto was admirably done. The airy sarcasm, the quiet humor, and the evil undercurrent of the character were alike vividly brought out. In his elocution, Mr. James has of late shown notable improvement. Last night, in intonation and in phrasing, there were frequent suggestions of Mr. Booth's excellent style.

The appearance of M'lle Rhea on Monday and Tuesday of next week will doubtless be looked forward to with interest. On Monday night and at Tuesday matinee she will produce two plays which she has never before given in Atlanta, "Pygmaleon and Galatea," and "Frou Frou." On Tuesday night she will appear in "Fair Fingers," a play in which she has made a most decided success.

Rhea is a great favorite in Atlanta, and the mere announcement of her name is enough to insure big business. She is the leading society actress on the stage, and is an actress of great ability.

Mr. Chas. H. Pratt, representative of Emma Abbott, is in the city, preparing for the coming visit of Miss Abbott and her famous opera company.

The press everywhere praises Miss Abbott's company as the best she ever had, and as for Miss Abbott herself, the papers say everything that is nice of her.

Among the principals are found Miss Lizzie Annandale, the charming contralto; two famous tenors in Senor Michelena and A. Montegriffo; that excellent baritone, Pruette; Broderick, the rich-voiced basso; Allen, the elegant comedian, and M'lle Bertram, the new brilliant vocalistic star. The chorus and orchestra are pronounced exceptionally fine. The operas to be produced are "Il Trovatore," "Ruy Blas," "Carnival of Venice," and Bohemian Girl. The company will be here February 2, 3 and 4.

FIGHT WITH A CONVICT.

Captain Reese's Struggle With Will Armour Cole City.

Principal Keeper Towers got another letter from Captain William O. Reese yesterday which recounts a dangerous fight between Captain Reese and Will Armour, a colored convict from Fulton county. The letter will be found below:

COLE CITY, January 22.—Colonel John R. Towers, Atlanta, Ga.—Dear Sir: We had some trouble at the coke ovens last Friday evening with Will Armour, a five year convict from Fulton county.

Kilpatrick was going around the coke ovens, and found Armour's work in very bad shape, and he was lying down by the ovens, neglecting his duty.

Kilpatrick spoke to him about it, and he raised up and drew a coal shovel and a large knife on Kilpatrick and advanced to strike him. Kilpatrick, being unarmed, drew out his pocket knife and gave back until he could get something to defend himself. He then sent some of the convicts for me. I then went out to where they were and ordered the negro to put down the knife and shovel. He refused to do so. I then struck at him with my stick, intending to knock the knife and shovel out of his hand. He was very quick and warded off the blow and made for me, at the same time making a hard blow at me with the shovel. Seeing his intention, I closed in with him and warded off the blow to some extent. Notwithstanding this he gave me a very severe blow across the shoulder and collar bone. He also made a small cut on my crippled arm. Kilpatrick, seeing my precarious position, ran up and struck him a severe but not fatal blow on the side of his head, which caused him to drop his shovel and knife and resort to some rocks that were lying near by. He picked up one and threw at me, and I managed to dodge it, drawing my pistol at the same time. I fired two shots at him some ten or fifteen steps off. He then retreated to the end of the coke ovens and gave up, after being taken by three or four of the convicts by force.

Neither of the shots took effect, and he is not hurt except the blow he received on the head, which is not very serious at present. I had him chained up and taken to the hospital, to avert any complications that might arise in his case. My shoulder is paining me very much yet, and may continue to do so for sometime. It being my only good shoulder, I am compelled to use it; however I hope it will be better in a short time. This negro has been troublesome and unruly since the first day he was received here and if he had been more seriously hurt it would possibly have been better for him and all concerned.

If you desire further information Mr. Shubrick can get it when he comes up, which will be in a few days, I suppose. As soon as Armour is all right I will try and make an example of him, as such cases require harsh treatment in order to deter him as well as other characters of his kind. I am very thankful that the case was no worse, and as for myself, I made a very narrow escape from being seriously hurt.

I am, sir, very respectfully,
WILLIAM O. REESE.

The trouble at the slope camp is all quiet at present. REESE.

Colonel Towers addressed a letter to Mr. Reese, in which he told him that he should have used his pistol at the start.

ATTENTION LAWYERS!

Chief Justice Bleckley Has Something to Say About Letters.

When the supreme court met yesterday morning Chief Justice Bleckley made the following statement in relation to letters written by counsel to members of the court about cases pending in, or disposed of by that court:

"Since the court was in session last, I have received two letters from counsel, one of them connected with a case disposed of heretofore, and one of them connected with a case not yet decided. I allude to the subject merely to say, that if counsel wish any communication with the court about cases, we desire it made in open court, and not to members of the court, by letter or otherwise. To write letters to judges about cases is not a regular way to transact forensic business. That mode of intercourse with counsel in relation to cases is not a proper one for us, and we desire that counsel present in open court anything they may have to say about their cases, so that it may be heard of all the world, and especially by counsel on the opposite side.

The Devil Fish Described by Hugo

Is not a more tenacious monster than malaria, whether it takes the form of chills and fever, bilious remittent, ague cake or dumb ague. Like the octopus of the story, it clasps the victim in its tentaculæ, and folds him closer and closer in a horrible embrace. Attacked with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, however, it gradually relaxes its tremendous grip, finally abandons it, and the quondam sufferer, liberated at last, rejoices in the sense of new born freedom, engendered by the restoration of complete health. Dyspepsia, too, and constipation, those old and remorseless enemies of the human family, give ground, and are finally driven from the field by this Napoleon of remedies, the greatest, the purest in the family pharmacopœia. Rheumatism succumbs to it, so do kidney troubles. The nerves, when overstrained, regain quietude and vigor by its aid, and the ability to rest tranquilly and eat with zest are increased by it. Resort to it in time and avoid unnecessary suffering.

The Elephant Steamship.

From an Exchange.

The Great Eastern sold for $80,000, and now it is going to cost $50,000 to tear her to pieces.

FITS: All fits stopped free by Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. No Fits after first day's use. Treatise and $2.00 trial bottle free to Fit cases. Send to Dr. Kline, 931 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa.,

SOME STRANGE BIRTH-MARKS.

Marks and Deformities that Have Been Due to Impressions Made Upon a Mother's Mind.



The old saying that facts are stronger than fiction finds ample proof in some articles that have recently appeared in English Medical Journals of the very highest standing. Observations and experiments upon both human beings and animals, prove beyond question that the popular old-time belief that impressions made upon enciente females do often appear in curious marks and deformities upon the child when born, For instance, a woman in Lincolnshire who had been dreadfully frightened at sight of a mouse, gave birth to a male child having the perfect imprint of a mouse in bright crimson on its back. Again, a lady living in London, while out for exercise one day, was run over and her left leg broken by a hansom cab. Her child, when born, some six months later, had a deformed left leg, a large bunch and curvature appearing at the point where the mother's leg was broken. Still, again; a valuable greyhound belonging to Lord Cairnsford was run over in Piccadilly by an omnibus, and had both hind-leg broken. Four of five puppies born some weeks later were found to have deformed hind-legs.

Women who have been subjected to terrible frights, have given birth to idiotic or insane children, just as certain children have inherited a love for liquor from intemperate parents. It is not surprising, then, that so many women are today taking regularly, during the period of pregnancy, Scotch Oats Essence, that great nervine. It averts frights and terrors, counteracts the evil effects of impressions, assures healthy offspring, and best of all, easy confinement and bundant breast-milk. The Oat-kernel contains Phosphorous that not only makes strong bones and healthy muscles, but clear brains and steady nerves. It also contains "Boskine," from the Oat-meal husk or bosk, that relaxes the bowels gently, and prevents distressing morning nausea. Scotch Oats Essence contains, in concentrated form, all the Food, Tonic, and Medicinal properties of the best Oats.

It is a fact now well recognized by physicians that no only is Scotch Oats Essence an almost certain cure for Convulsions, Nervousness, Fretting, etc., in children, and is largely taking the place of Soothing Syrups and the like, but that mothers who use it, both before and after confinement, have plenty of pure, rich milk, and their children are singularly free from Nervous and Diarrhœal troubles.

Supreme Court of Georgia. October Term, 1887.

ATLANTA, January 25.

Order of circuits, with number of cases remaining undisposed of:

Macon	17	Southern	1
Chattahoochee	26	Oconee	12
Pataula	12	Brunswick	10
Southwestern	19	Eastern	26
Albany	16		

The following judgment was rendered:

Lovett vs. State. Larceny from the house, from City Court of Carrollton. Criminal Law. Jury and Jurors. Former Jeopardy. Pleadings. Practice in Superior Court. Evidence. (Before Judge Adamson.)

Bleckley, C.J.—1. Though the jury in a criminal case may not have deliberated for more than an hour and a half, the court, if fairly satisfied that they cannot and will not agree upon a verdict, may discharge them and declare a mistrial.

2. A plea of former jeopardy is not ready for final adjudication until traversed or demurred to. If it misrepresents or does not fully represent the action of the court on the former trial, the whole of such action is nevertheless open for consideration in ruling upon the plea, but if not already recorded, it should first be entered of record nunc pro tunc. The court should not overrule a plea because of matter of fact which is outside both of the plea and the record, although such extrinsic matter may be within the knowledge and recollection of the judge.

3. The meat alleged to be stolen from the house being in a sack, and the prisoner having in the same room a sack of his own with meat in it, what he said to a neighbor soon after arriving at home, tending to show that he had taken up and brought away the wrong sack by mistake, was admissible evidence in his behalf. 28 Ga. 258; 30 Ga. 872; 34 Ga. 208.

4. The error of excluding such evidence is not repaired by submitting to the jury a written recital of it after the witness had left the court, and after the argument had progressed to an advanced stage.

Judgment reversed.

Cobb & Juhan, for plaintiff in error.
C. P. Gordon, solicitor city court; W. F. Brown, for the state.

The following cases were argued:

MACON CIRCUIT.

Nos. 8 and 9. Concluded.

Nos. 2 and 4. Cooper vs. Jones, and vice versa. Complaint, from Houston. W. C. Winslow and M. G. Payne, by brief, for Cooper. H. M. Holtzclaw and Hardeman & Davis, contra.

No. 2. Tharp et al. vs. Yarbrough et al. Complaint for land, from Crawford. L. D. Moore and W. S. Wallace & Son, for plaintiffs in error. Gustin & Hall and R. D. Smith, contra.

No. 4. Barrow vs. state. Murder, from Houston. M. G. Bayne and A. S. Giles, by brief, for plaintiff in error. J. L. Hardeman, solicitor-general, for the state.

No. 7. Gibson vs. state. Forgery, from Bibb. J. C. Howland, by Hardeman & Davis, for plaintiff in error. John L. Hardeman, solicitor-general, for the state.

Pending argument of Mr. Davis, the court adjourned to this morning at 9 o'clock.

EDGEWOOD ETCHINGS.

Edgewood now is well supplied with Methodist divines, viz.: Rev. J. F. Mixon, Rev. J. L. Mayson and Rev. J. T. Lin.

A leading society man and a couple of young ladies became so engaged in conversation the other evening on the accommodation train that they were carried to Mayson's crossing, and had to call into requisition Mr. J. R. Mell's new cab line to transport them back to Edgewood.

That part of Edgewood lying in Fulton county, or the west end of the town, is to be made into a new militia district. A voting precinct will have to be established near Hulsey's.

Both east and west Edgewood are solid for annexation.

HINDERCORNS.

The only sure Cure for Corns. Stops all pain. Ensures comfort to the feet. 15c. at Druggists. Hiscox & Co., N.Y.

PARKER'S GINGER TONIC

From its combination of valuable medicines, is superior to the essence of Ginger in the cure of Cramps, Colic, Dyspepsia and Bowel disorders, and is invaluable for all Throat and Lung troubles. Use it without delay if you have Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, Weak Lungs. 50c. & $1.

NOTICE.

To Teachers of Public or Common Schools in Fulton County, Ga., whose licenses have expired, and to all Applicants who may desire to obtain license to teach in the Public or Common Schools in the State of Georgia:

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE!

IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIRECTIONS OF Hon. James S. Hook, State School Commissioner of Georgia, I will be present in the basement of the Fulton County Courthouse at 10 a. m. Thursday, 26th day of January, 1888, for the purpose of conducting an examination of white teachers and white applicants for positions as teachers.

I will also be present at the same place at 10 a. m. on Friday, 27th, and Saturday, 28th days of January, 1888, for the purpose of examining the colored teachers and the colored applicants for positions as teachers.

JOHN N. FAIN,
School Commissioner of Fulton County, Ga.
1wk

E. R. SCHNEIDER

601 and 602 Broad St., Augusta, Ga., Importer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Fine Wines, Cigars, Brandies

TOBACCO, MINERAL WATER, WHISKIES, GIN, PORTER, ALE, ETC

AGENT FOR

Veuve Clicquot Ponsardin.

Arbana Wine Co., Anheuser-Busch Bring we

Prompt Attention Given to Private Orders

PREMIUM.

LOCK UP YOUR JEWELS.

EVERY MAN PROTECTED AGAINST BURGLARS AND THIEVES.



THE CONSTITUTION will now offer a real Burglar and Fire Proof Safe as a premium with its daily edition.

THIS SAFE IS WARRANTED,

and is as difficult to open as the larger ones. It weighs over 600 pounds and is the very thing for small merchants and professional men and families. We club it with the daily one year for

$39.50

This Safe alone is worth much more than that price, yet we have made arrangements to make this rate, at least for a few weeks. If you want a good safe and a good paper

NOW IS YOUR CHANCE.

The manufacturers guarantee this safe to be as represented. If you are a subscriber we will send you this safe for

$30.00.

AN EXCELLENT PREMIUM.

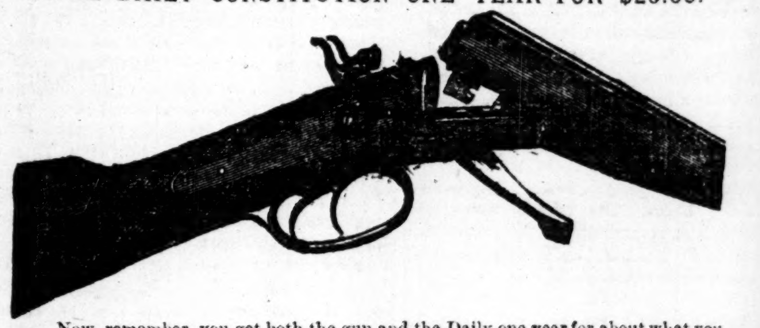
THE CONSTITUTION GUN is now offered as a premium with the Daily. High prices at an end. Everybody can now read and shoot if they desire.

THE CONSTITUTION has been clubbing a $24 Gun with its Weekly edition for the past three years, and has sold hundreds of them. We have been prevailed upon to club it with the Daily, and have decided to do so. The gun we offer is a

DOUBLE-BARRELLED SHOT GUN

And is of a very superior make. It is imported especially for us, and is warranted by the manufacturers. It is one of the best guns ever made, and in many respects superior to those usually sold for $24. We will club it with

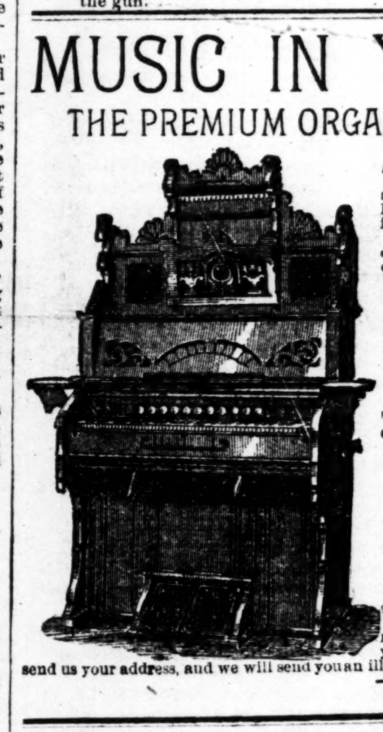
THE DAILY CONSTITUTION ONE YEAR FOR $20.00.



Now, remember, you get both the gun and the Daily one year for about what you would have to pay retail dealers for the gun alone. It is a double-barrelled breech-loader, of handsome finish, with oiled walnut stock, pistol grip, and tested steel barrels. It weighs a trifle over seven pounds, and is a true shooter. We have the gun at our office and will be glad to show it to those who may call. We have received hundreds of certificates, from Texas to Virginia, telling of its merits. Now, don't you want one? If so, come in at once and subscribe for the Daily and you can get the gun at a reduced price. If you are already a subscriber, we will let you have the gun at $10. This is a good chance for you. Call at business office and see the gun.

MUSIC IN YOUR HOMES.

THE PREMIUM ORGAN AS GOOD AS THE BEST.



IT is all we claim for it. Like our other premiums, we guarantee it to be as represented.

It is a superior instrument in every way. It has give satisfaction wherever sold. Those who have used them have pronounced them as good in tone and fine in finish as instruments that cost $125.

Now, Listen: We will club this very organ with the daily for much less than that price. We will send the daily one year and this organ for

$65.00!

If you are a subscriber, we will let you have the organ for

$56.00!

So you see you will save a considerable amount by getting them from us.

We have not the space nor the time to tell you of the many merits of this organ and our other premiums, and if you want to know more about them, come to our office or send us your address, and we will send you an illustrated catalogue.

THE CONSTITUTION.

NO MORE HIGH PRICES!

Our Premium Sewing Machines, equal to the best. Prices about one-half what you will have to pay retail dealers.

We club them with THE DAILY CONSTITUTION, and you will never have an opportunity to get as good a machine at a small cost. We will send the Daily one year and the Premium High Arm Machine for

$31.00!

Or we will send the Daily and the Premium Low Arm Machine for

$27.00!



Our Premium Machines have given universal satisfaction, and we have sold thousands of them. If you will come to our office, we will show you the machine and letters from parties who have bought them, so you may be convinced. They know we club

A GOOD MACHINE

With The Constitution. Every one of them is guaranteed, and if they do not come up to what we recommend, will take the Machine back and

REFUND THE MONEY.

If you are already a subscriber, we will send you the High Arm Machine for $21, and the Low Arm for $17. If you want more information, either write us or call at office.

ADDRESS THE CONSTITUTION.

HENRY POTTS. FRANK POTTS.

H. & F. POTTS,

No. 24 Peachtree St., ATLANTA, GA.,

Wholesale Dealers in Fine Whiskies

AND AGENTS FOR

Jos. Schlitz Celebrated Milwaukee "Pilsener" Bottled Beer.

TELEPHONE 175. jan26—dtf

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH **PENNYROYAL** **DIAMOND BRAND** **PILLS**

SAFE ALWAYS RELIABLE. TO LADIES INDISPENSABLE. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. ASK FOR DIAMOND BRAND CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH AND TAKE NO OTHER SEE SIGNATURE ON EVERY BOX. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO. SOLE PROP. MADISON SQ. PHILA. PA. THE ORIGINAL, THE ONLY GENUINE. BEWARE OF WORTHLESS IMITATIONS. ASK DRUGGIST FOR CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND. TAKE NO OTHER, OR INCLOSE 4¢ (STAMPS) FOR PARTICULARS IN LETTER BY RETURN MAIL. SEE SIGNATURE ON EVERY BOX. 5,000 UNSOLICITED WRITTEN TESTIMONIALS AND OVER FROM LADIES WHO HAVE USED CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH DIAMOND BRAND PENNYROYAL PILLS WITH SUCCESS.

jan22—d&56t sun tues thur

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

ONE HALF JERSEY MILK COW, FOR SALE AT Morris' wagon yard. Decatur street, 115.

A HAND ELEVATOR CAN BE SEEN IN THE new office of the Atlanta Home Insurance company, corner Broad and Alabama streets. Apply to Atlanta Home Insurance company. 2t

GEORGIA RAISED RYE WITHOUT DECEPTION, besides every other article in the grocery line can be had cheap of W. S. Williams, 17 Broad street. wed,fri,su

TWO-CENT STAMPS FOR SALE AT CONSTItution business office. Open all day. tf

FOR SALE CHEAP — SEVERAL IMPOSING stones, with tables, almost new. Call on or address Weekly Department of Constitution. dec10-tf

BUSINESS CHANCES.

BAKERY FOR SALE—THE BEST IN ATLANTA center of city, large patronage, elegant store long lease; splendid soda fountain; ice cream parlors, confectionery, cigar stand; complete outfit for the whole, at a bargain for cash. Address, R. L. K. Atlanta, Ga. tf

WANTED—A PURCHASER—THE BEST MERcantile business in Anniston, Ala., for sale. Average cash sales $4,000 per month. Good stand, low rents. Large real estate interest demands my undivided attention. Address lock box 273, Anniston, Ala. jan21d4t

AUCTION SALES.

WOLFE'S BARGAIN HOUSE, 98 WHITEHALL street, the place to buy bargains. Heavy Beaver Overcoats, $2 to $4; Cashmere Frock and Sack Coats $1.25 to $3.50; choice Cassimere Pants $1.25 to $2.50; boys' Overcoats $1.25 to $3.; large oil paintings $1.50 to $5; large steel engravings $4 to $6; good bedsteads $1.50 to $15; fine dressers $3.50 to $25; four fine sewing machines; two bear robes; two good horses, delivery wagon and harness. These will be sold at slaughter prices. Money advanced on consignments. Auction sales promptly attended to. H. Wolfe, Auctioneer. tf

BOARDERS WANTED.

LEYDEN HOUSE, 124 PEACHTREE—FURNISHed rooms and board, $20, and upwards. Best rooms, option of grate fires or register. Leyden House. tf

KIRBY HOUSE, NO. 11 WHEAT STREET, NOW affords best fare and attention to local and transient. Terms moderate. Telephone 1043. 1m

LOCAL, TRANSIENT AND DAY BOARDERS CAN obtain delightful rooms, polite attention and excellent board at Nos. 26 and 28 N. Forsyth street

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—AGENTS TO SELL THE NEW STYLE door bell with name-plate combined. Address Jas. F. Hays, 327 West Lombard street, Baltimore, Md. 3t

WANTED — AGENTS. GRANDEST MONEY making business ever offered. A golden harvest for the next two months; $75 per month and expenses to active men to sell our goods. No capital required. Sample case of goods and full particulars free. We mean just what we say. Address Standard Silver ware Co., Boston, Mass. nov—tue thu sat sun

WANTED—LADY AGENTS FOR BUSTLE AND extender combined; just the thing for winter dresses. Also the "B" hose supporter. Both entirely new. Ladies' Supply Co., 287 Washington Boulevard, Chicago. tues thurs sat sun

$100 TO $300 A MONTH CAN BE MADE working for us. Agents preferred who can furnish their own horses and give their whole time to the business. Spare moments may be profitably employed also. A few vacancies in towns and cities. B. F. Johnson & Co., 1009 Maine street, Richmond, Va. 1m

WANTED—2 AGENTS TO SOLICIT FOR LEADing Fine Art Works. Call at ROOM 2, 7½ North Broad.

PERSONAL.

BUSINESS MEN DERIVE GREAT SATISFACtion from the use of our "Ironclad" notes which waive homestead rights and all the exemptions. We now send, postpaid, the above described note, 100 in a book, for 40c, or a book of 50 for 25c. We have also the above form with seven lines blank for taking a mortgage, which we call an "Ironclad note with mortgage clause." We send these, postpaid, 100 in a book, for 60c; 50 in a book for 35c. Address The Constitution. d&wky tf

LANDLORD LIENS—THE BEST FORM—SENT postpaid to any address for 50c for a tablet of 50, or 85c for 100. Address The Constitution. d&wky tf

WANTED—MONEY.

WANTED—$5,000 TO $10,000 ON FIRST-CLASS real estate. Address Box 78, Atlanta, Ga. tf

HELP WANTED—MALE.

SALESMAN WANTED—SMALL LINE OF SAMples from manufacturing corporation offered a live man. One traveller earned an average of $150 per month for six years past. P. O. box 1,371, New York. thur sun

WANTED—A SALESMAN TO CANVASS ONE or more of the southern states for the sale of a line of Cabinet Hardware and Upholstery Goods. Address "Hardware," care Carrier No. 95, Baltimore, Md. tues thurs sun

FOUR GOOD COMPOSITORS CAN OBTAIN permanent cases by applying to Daily Times Union, Jacksonville, Fla., Times Union.

WANTED AN ACTIVE MAN OR WOMAN IN every county to sell our goods. Salary $75 per month and expenses. Canvassing outfit and particulars free. Standard Silverware Co., Boston, Mass.

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

WANTED—A GOOD MILLINER, MUST BE young and a member of Baptist church. Address P. O. box 211, Americus, Ga.

WANTED—A GOOD NURSE. CALL AT CONstitution business office.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY—LADIES TO WORK for a wholesale house on Needlework at their homes—sent any distance; good pay can be made; everything furnished; particulars free. Address Artistic Needlework Co., 135 8th St., New York City sun,tue, thur,sat-6m

WANTED—LADIES AND YOUNG MEN TO decorate holiday novelties for fall and winter trade; steady employment; $9 per week earned All materials furnished; work mailed free. Address New England Decorative Works, 19 Pearl street, Boston, Mass., P. O. Box 5078. tue thu sat

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

YOUNG MAN WITH EXPERIENCE AS ASSIStant bookkeeper and entry clerk solicits employment. Reference. Address Business, care Constitution office. 4t.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED STENOgrapher and bookkeeper a situation in a good business house. Best of reference. Address No. 22, Constitution office.

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPER OR assistant, by a young man who is a graduate of Goldsmith & Sullivan's business college and who has had a year's practical experience. Twenty years of age and willing to start on a reasonable salary. Can give best of references. J. M. H., box 193, Atlanta. 3t

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALES

POSITION WANTED—A YOUNG LADY DEsires a position as governess in a private family or teacher of a small school. Address Miss D. S. Terrell, care R. J. Terrell, Eatonton, Ga. tu-th-su

WANTED—SIX SMALL GIRLS TO STRING tags at the Constitution Job Office. tf

LADIES' COLUMN.

FEATHERS CLEANED, CURLED AND DYED also kid gloves, at Phillip's, 14 Marietta street

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—MEN, WOMEN, BOYS AND GIRLS to earn 20c to $2 an hour at their own homes. No humbug; work is simple and easy. Twenty working samples, an envelope containing a sample of goods and full instructions, sent for 10c, to help pay postage, etc. Address H. C. Rowell & Co., Rutland, Vt. dec17-2m

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—SEVERAL ELEVATED LOTS ON Houston street, half way between First Methodist church and Neel's Academy, Edgewood; susceptible of being made the most beautiful homes in Atlanta. Owner's business takes him from the city. Address, Owner, care Constitution. thurs sun

FOR SALE—NO. 27 BALTIMORE BLOCK CORner house and the most desirable one in the block. A rare chance for any one wanting a delightful home. Terms easy. Apply to C. T. Brockett, office 7½ Peachtree street. Residence No. 1 Baltimore Block. sun tuis thur sun

FOR SALE—FRUIT FARM AT HAPEVILLE Fronts 500 feet on Central railroad. Contains 21 acres, mostly set in fruit—strawberries, raspberries, apples, peaches and some grapes. Good new barn and 4-room house, splendid water, high location good poultry house and parks. Price reasonable Call on A. H. Lindley, 27½ Whitehall street.

LOST.

STRAYED FROM THE KNAPP PLACE ON Washington street, a large yellowish cow; one horn crumpled. Liberal reward for her delivery.

FOR RENT—HOUSES, COTTAGES.

FOR RENT—A NICE CORNER STORE AND basement. Good stand. Apply to Harralson Bros. & Co., 15 North Pryor. tf

Rooms.

FOR RENT—A NICE CORNER STORE AND basement. Good stand. Apply to Harralson Bros. & Co., 15 North Pryor. tf

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM ON SECOND FLOOR, J. S. Broomhead, 61½ South Broad street. jan20-1w

Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—A NICE CORNER STORE AND basement. Good stand. Apply to Harralson Bros. & Co., 15 North Pryor. tf

THE CONSTITUTION:
Published Daily and Weekly.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION
Is delivered by carriers in the city, or mailed, postage free, at $1.00 per month, $2.50 for three months, or $10.00 a year.

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION
(Circulation over 110,000) is mailed, postpaid, for $1.25 a year, or for $1.00 in clubs of five or more. Address all letters to
THE CONSTITUTION,
Atlanta, Georgia.

ATLANTA, GA., JANUARY 26, 1888.

Custom House Taxation.

We print elsewhere the text of a memorial shortly to be presented to congress from the citizens of Calhoun county, Alabama, and we also print from the Talladega (Ala.) Mountain Home, a communication from Mr. Samuel Noble, which ought to attract the attention of our farmers.

Mr. Noble approaches the question of protection to American industries from the practical and common sense point of view. He shows that protection is calculated to help the farmer by giving him the benefit of home markets. This is a question that every sensible farmer, especially every sensible southern farmer, ought to study for himself. The farmers of Great Britain are protectionists by reason of their bitter experiences, and they will remain so to the end of time.

So far as England is concerned, it is well-known that the experiment of free trade has not helped the agricultural classes. In no civilized country on the globe are the farmers in a more helpless or miserable condition, and the agricultural laborers are even in a worse condition than the farmers proper. Compared to either class a Georgia farmer is a millionaire.

Under the system of slavery, it was natural that the south should be in favor of free trade; but all the conditions have changed. The big plantations have been for the most part cut up into small farms, and the great need of the small farmer as well as the large farmer is a home market where the diversified products of the farm may be sold for cash as readily as the cotton crop.

So long as the south remains purely agricultural, just that long will the farmers remain in their present condition, which is one of comparative poverty, and just that long will her people pay tribute to other sections. With home markets, such as come from the development of the industrial resources, the farmers would not only make a profit on their produce, but the value of their farms would be enhanced. Free trade means that the south will continue to be purely agricultural, and this, in its turn, means that southern farmers will remain poor and in debt. Every sensible farmer ought to study this question for himself.

There is one thing that no farmer can afford to ignore, and that is that the tariff imposes a tax on the foreign producer. The free trader says that this tax is paid by the purchaser, but that this is not true can be amply proven. If the duty on foreign products were paid by the American purchaser, the duty would be added to the price for which protected articles can be bought in foreign markets. Thus the free traders claim that if a duty of 10 cents is added to an article that cost $1, the price of that article must be $1.10.

As a matter of fact, the duty is an incentive to the American manufacturer, and home competition reduces the price. This competition stimulates invention, and invention still further reduces the price. Take an example: Russian sheet iron was formerly imported and sold here for eighteen cents a pound. A duty of two and a half cents a pound was laid on it, and now the price of Russian sheet iron made in this country is eight and half cents a pound. The duty on chloroform is fifty cents a pound, but chloroform is made and sold here for thirty-five cents a pound.

Nor is this all. The clothing which the people buy here is cheaper, style and quality considered, than can be bought in London. Overcoats are advertised in New York as low as $1 and $2, and heavy winter suits at from $3 to $5. The writer of this has been wearing an all wool suit which cost $10 in Atlanta. This is the result of protection. Take away this protection and the British manufacturer would reduce prices so as to drive the American manufacturer out of business. This would give him a practical monopoly, and he would then charge as much as he thinks proper.

Would this help the southern farmer? We should think that any sensible person could figure it out.

MR. JAMES RUSSELL LOWELL is now the victim of the slurs of the republican editors, but it is to be presumed that he will survive it all.

The Future of Our Large Cities.

The New York Star predicts that the city of New York will become the most populous metropolis of the would. It reminds its readers that the growth of the city has been as rapid as that of London which doubled an area of six square miles between 1818 and 1834, and rose to eighty square miles fifty years later. The Star thinks that the various bridges already built and projected will bring a number of outlying suburbs together, and they will all be consolidated into one great city.

The rapid growth of our large cities is not altogether a hopeful sign. Already the proper government of New York is becoming a serious problem. We have seen that in this country, as in Europe, the criminals, the discontented and the dangerous classes naturally drift to the cities. They band themselves together, and even under the most favorable circumstances it is difficult to keep them in order. Occasionally they openly defy the law, and their spasms of violence produce a state of affairs very like anarchy.

In a free country, with no standing army, where all the citizens have the right to keep and bear arms, it is a hard matter to keep down the lawless element in our cities, and the spread of socialistic and communistic theories will make it all the more difficult in future.

Of course it is out of the question to check the massing of population in the vicinity of New York. This cannot be done, but it will be found that much trouble will be avoided by keeping the different communities in a measure separate and distinct, by continuing their present system of local self-government, instead of consolidating them. Any other course will concentrate too much power in our large cities, and pave the way to their establishment as separate commonwealths.

If we must have these immense cities, let us cut them up into divisions and communities, each with its own local government. We must not have our cities overshadowing the states. If their natural limits outgrow the control of the states, we must prescribe artificial limits, and cut them up into separate communes, independent of each other. This matter is gradually assuming the proportions of a big question, and it is time for the New Yorkers to consider it seriously.

IN the January Century, Mr. Marion J. Verdery has an interesting article giving an account of the Atlanta exposition. The article gives a graphic description of the great fair.

In the Elevator.

In the good old times people who lived on the top floors of the tall houses climbed up the stairways. They puffed and swore, but they lived to a good old age. Their exercise did not hurt them in the least.

We moderns are incapable of such exertions. Since the introduction of elevators people decline to walk up and down stairs. They prefer to go with the machine.

In some of the apartment houses in the large cities there is no elevator boy, and the management of the elevator is entrusted to the tenants. Not long ago a young lady residing in one of these houses returned home, opened the door of the elevator and stepped in, closing the door behind her, only to find that she was in the little closet or cage of the lift, the machine itself being several floors above. She could not open the door, as it would not open from the inside. Her screams were not heard, and the elevator began slowly descending. It came down past floor after floor, and was about to touch the girl's head and crush her to death, when a gentleman on the outside opened the door and dragged the victim out, with the loss of her skirts.

This was a horrifying adventure, but in another house the elevator got stuck between two floors, and the solitary passenger, a young gentleman in a dress suit, on his way to a dinner party, was kept imprisoned for three hours. His friends came and talked to him up and down the shaft, but he could not get out until some skilled workmen came and released him.

On another occasion a gentleman and lady were similarly caught, and kept in durance vile for several hours. Neither was married, and it is probable that the awkward situation would have resulted in a little romance if it had not been for the fact that the lady was sixty-five years old and her escort was forty years her junior.

These little incidents show that the possibilities and potentialities involved in the elevator cannot be overestimated. The elevator is a great convenience, and we cannot do without it, but when a fellow gets into one there is no telling what will be his fate. If he does not get smashed or starved to death while he is stuck between two floors, he runs the risk of getting into some compromising situation from which he can only extricate himself by plunging into a precipitate matrimonial alliance.

It is very unwelcome advice to give, but it must be said that the safest course for timid and prudent people is to stick to the old-fashioned way of crawling up and down the stairways. It is slow and inconvenient, but it is safe.

THE bloody shirt issue continues to drive honest and self-respecting republicans out of the Blaine party.

Local Option and Restrictive License in New York.

We note that the New York legislature has now before it for consideration the question of passing some more satisfactory restrictive and practical anti-liquor laws than those by which the liquor traffic in that state is now controlled.

General Curtis, one of the most prominent members of the assembly, has introduced a bill in the house modeled almost exactly after the Georgia local option law and only slightly differing from our law in that it provides that a county board of supervisors may submit at any time, to the voters of a county, the question of prohibition, the majority vote of any county accomplishing the same result as in Georgia. The excise committee of the assembly has reported in favor of the passage of the high license bill which was introduced some time ago.

It is said that when the question comes before the house, the principal features of both bills will be merged into one, and that the legislature will pass an act based upon high license and local option, as the most practical legislation which can be enacted on the liquor question. The New York Mail and Express in speaking of the probable action of the legislature, has the following very sensible editorial on the question of high license and local option:

> The great merit of the two principles, when applied together, is that every community has the principle in force which its public sentiment will sustain. A point which the prohibition advocates too often overlook is that the real battle against the liquor evil is to be fought in the cities. Legislation, to be effective, must be such as can be enforced in the cities; and, to be enforced there, it must have the weight of public sentiment in its support. There is not a large city in the country in which a sufficient moral support can be found for prohibition to enforce it. Everywhere that the experiment has been tried it has failed most lamentably, as the testimony from Maine, Rhode Island, and other states abundantly proves. There is probably not an intelligent person in this city who will maintain that prohibition could be enforced either here or in Brooklyn. The enactment of a prohibitory law for these cities would simply mean unrestricted and untaxed liquor selling. But in the rural communities, where the prohibition sentiment is strong and constantly increasing, a public opinion can often be found which would undoubtedly make the enforcement of a prohibitory law a comparatively easy matter.
>
> What can be more rational, therefore, than to provide for each community the kind of law which its popular sentiment demands? Let the cities have high license, which experience has conclusively shown will restrict their liquor traffic and make it possible to keep it under absolute control, and let the rural communities which can show a majority for prohibition establish that. Everybody's convictions will thus be respected, and there will be a reign of law and order as well as of common sense.

DOES Dakota propose to bring her blizzard into the union?

Immigration to the South.

The New Orleans Times Democrat publishes a letter from a Mr. J. B. Lockney, of Waukeska, Wis., to the editor of that paper, in which information is asked about various localities in the gulf states, with a view to choosing a suitable place for a colony of farmers and mechanics to locate. Mr. Lockney inquires especially as to the health, cheapness and fertility of soil, schools, churches, etc., of the different parts of the south, and says that he "longs for a climate in which work can be done without discomfort every week in the year." Continuing, he says:

> A greater tendency toward the south and the southwest will gradually take place, for with many it has long been a matter of choice between the severe winters of the north and northwest and past prejudices of many localities in the sunny south. Correspondence is especially desired about property in first hands with perfect title; owners of small tracts will please also write.

While the communication is not addressed to THE CONSTITUTION, we shall take the liberty of answering it and sending to Mr. Lockney a marked copy of what we have to say in reply to his request for information concerning the advantages offered by the south to the many good people of the north who are now looking southward for new homes. The Times Democrat of course tells Mr. Lockney that he and his friends can find just what they want in the south, and very naturally advises them to follow their inclinations and turn this way. THE CONSTITUTION thinks that Mr. Lockney and his friends could not be better satisfied anywhere than in Georgia, but—like the Times Democrat—we will not make any suggestions as to a desirable location for a colony from Wisconsin, because there are very many localities in the south which offer them better inducements than the cold and snow-covered section in which they now are. Wisconsin is a good state, and it has good people, but the climate is not what the farmer wants. They are tired of being snowed under three months in a year and frostbitten three more, and want to move to a place to establish themselves where they can be occupied, without discomfort, every week in the year.

In publishing Mr. Lockney's letter and calling attention to it, the Times-Democrat lays especial stress on the necessity of some system by which the advantages of the south can be properly placed before the many people who are willing and ready to avail themselves of the many inducements which this section offers. Texas has already organized an association for this purpose, and the fruits of its work have already been shown. Arkansas is getting ready to do likewise, and we heartily join the Times-Democrat in the recommendation that Georgia, Louisiana, Alabama and other southern states should turn their attention to the matter as soon as possible.

No state in the south offers more inducements to immigration than Georgia. Our mineral resources are boundless; our farming lands are as good as can be found in the country; our timber lands are practically exhaustless, and so varied are the advantages which the state possesses that inducements are offered to all branches of industry. Then, why should not our rich counties lead in the move of perfecting some organization by which the tide of immigration can be turned to our state. There are thousands of Mr. Lockneys at the north, and every one of them has friends who would come with him to the south. Thousands of northern people are now scattered all over the south, and it is rarely, if ever, that you hear of one of them moving back from the balmy climate of the south Atlantic and gulf states to the cold embrace of the northwest blizzard. They are satisfied and win the esteem of the people of the locality in which they live.

The principal thing necessary to secure immigration is to properly present the inducements which the south offers, and that is exactly what we are not now doing. Let our people consider the matter and act.

EDITORIAL POSTSCRIPT.

THE REPUBLICAN PRESS is sick.

OUR FREE-TRADE BRETHREN in congress would do well to go slow.

MR. LOWELL has evidently found a democratic microbe in his soup.

ANOTHER WEEK OR TWO more of blizzards and there will not be enough of Dakota left to be admitted in the union.

W. M. GIBSON, KING KALAKAU's prime minister, has just died in San Francisco, and his remains have been sent to Honolulu.

THE DEATH OF Kate Claxton's father reminds people that the actress is the granddaughter of Spencer H. Cone, a noted Baptist minister.

SENATOR INGALLS REMARKED, the other day, that he would rather be John L. Sullivan than Daniel Webster. Very likely. Webster is dead.

WHEN OLD UNCLE CLARKSON, of the Iowa State Register, deprecates the bloody shirt business it is time for John Sherman to take to the woods.

THE MUGWUMPS ARE laboring under the delusion that a great many republicans are still holding office. Most of the republican officials have been very gracefully slipped out by the president.

DAVID WHITMER, THE last of the three witnesses to the Book of Mormon, testified to its truthfulness on his death bed at Richmond, Mo., the other day. This will give the Mormons another boom.

NO DOUBT EDITOR RICHARDSON, of the Telegraph, will have his this winter's baggy pantaloons "revised" for next winter. There is no reason why he should not provide Manager Campbell with a pair out of the remnants.

IT SEEMS THAT Maxwell will have to hang. Maxwell killed his friend Preller and packed his body in a trunk at the Southern hotel, in St. Louis. He claims that he was performing a surgical operation, and accidentally killed his friend.

MISS EMILY GUION'S suit against a matrimonial agency in New York has brought out the important fact that in our large cities ladies can purchase husbands at $250 apiece. Some of the purchasers find out when it is too late that they have paid too high a price.

THE MAINE SUPREME COURT has made a decision which embarrasses the prohibitionists in their attempt to secure convictions for violations of the prohibition law. Heretofore the payment of a United States liquor tax was made "prima facie" evidence of the sale of intoxicating drinks. The supreme court decides that "prima facie" in this case means nothing more than "presumptive," as other interpretation would compel a jury to accept evidence without weighing it itself, which would clearly be unconstitutional. This decision is disheartening to the prohibitionists of Portland who, through the Rev. Mr. Bayley, present statistics to show that during the last six months there were 922 arrests for drunkenness in that city, against 567 for the same period in 1885.

Worthy of Commendation.

The January issue of "Dixie" is out, replete as usual with good things. THE CONSTITUTION takes occasion to commend the enterprise and liberal spirit which has always actuated the publishers of this, now well known, southern industrial magazine. Its recent holiday issue was a revelation of the possibilities of a southern printing establishment. It was a magnificent piece of work, and has never, to our knowledge, been equaled in the south, and could not well be surpassed in the north. That this is not fulsome praise the thousands who secured copies will willingly testify, while the simple statement that it cost the publishers in excess of sixty cents per copy, will serve to convey to those who did not see it an idea of its elegance.

The Dixie company is pursuing the right course. The idea seems to be permanence and solidity of the journal in preference to immediate profit, and expenditures in this direction are liberal and judicious. Its editorial conduct has been characterized by a wise conservatism, and the journal enters upon its fourth volume with every evidence of a most prosperous year, and with the assurance that its expositions of southern industrial possibilities are regarded with respect and confidence by investors because exaggeration of statement is rigidly excluded from its columns. It is entitled to the most hearty and liberal support, and every southern manufacturer ought to subscribe for it. The south has reason to be proud of Dixie, and Atlanta, its birth place, cradle and home, has no cause to be ashamed of the robust and vigorous "three year old" journal.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

Who Owns the Property?

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I have read with interest the communication of Mr. W. R. Wilson in your paper of this morning, relating to the matter of a union depot. Mr. Wilson says.

"Why not look up the Mitchell heirs and give them a one-third interest in the land where the carshed is now and sell it for a market house?"

My present recollection is that in the settlement made with the Mitchell heirs by the state during my administration, the Western and Atlantic railroad obtained a fee simple title to the ground now occupied by the depot and tracks. If so, there can be no further objection by the Mitchell heirs to the state making whatever disposition of the depot property the legislature and the railroads having ownership in the building may authorize.

RUFUS B. BULLOCK.

Atlanta, Ga., January 25th, 1888.

A Republican's Views.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Three editorials in your issue of the 17th inst, suggested this letter.

I infer from them your position on the tariff question, and other matters of public interest, which I had supposed was different from what they are. I find that I can agree with you on nearly all questions, and points of questions, and yet you are a democrat and I am a republican.

This suggests something to my mind that evidently people are being misled or allowing the contending factions to mislead them.

The masses of both old parties are in favor of reducing the surplus. They are in favor of a protective tariff sufficient to keep out dangerous competition that would prove ruinous to American industries. They are, I believe, when they rightly understand, in favor of abolishing the tax on tobacco and liquors; they are in favor of internal improvements.

Then what is the difference, really, between the two parties?

Is it not, after all, a question of office? There is more difference between the Carlisle wing and the Randall wing of the democratic party than there is between the two old parties, because I term the followers of Randall the democratic party, believing he represents the major part of it.

Therefore if my views are correct why cannot the country be developed, and we have a period of prosperity and good will unheard of in the history of this or any other country in spite of the warring factions. How can this be done?

First, meet in mass convention, irrespective of party, in the several states, state your grievances and make your demands.

Second, nominate and elect none but those in full accord with your views.

The time has come when citizens, both north and south, should lay aside all past petty differences and prejudices and work for their common interest, for no one part of this country can be developed without benefitting the whole.

My views may be somewhat radical and in advance of the times, but I believe greater attention should be given the south by congress toward developing it in every way possible, because there lies the future wealth of this nation.

Such a policy would go a great way toward uniting the north and south.

I further believe that congress should pension all maimed ex-rebel soldiers. Why? Because it would be right. Not as a reward, but as an act of charity. Because this is a republic and such an act would be a great step in making it permanent. Because we profess to be the leading nation of the world, and our acts should prove it. Because it would be a source of helping reduce the surplus. Because the different states are caring for them and why should not the government relieve them of this as they are a part of her? Because it would put more money in circulation and the government lose nothing in the end. Because it would help many a poor cripple who is today unable to help himself. Because the south does not ask it. Because it would forever cement the bond of friendship between the north and south. Again: Because it would be right.

W. S. DEMAREE.

Roca, Neb., January 23, 1888.

TO THE POINT.

Mr. Samuel Noble Brings the Subject Home. Where the Farmer Loses His Profit.

From the Talladaga Mountain Home.

EDITOR HOME: Three weeks ago I saw a paragraph in a New York paper stating that a shipment of 6000 crates of tomatoes that have arrived on a Savannah steamer, 3,000 crates were ordered dumped in the harbor by the health police. All the loss and expense of the shipment was borne by the farmer. He had no home market for them; his object in shipping was to exchange his labor in the shape of the product he had raised from the soil, and buy in return the labor he could not do himself—the labor of the mechanic. Had diversified mechanical industries been established at Savannah, the farmer would get more for his produce, taken no risk and bought everything he needed cheaper.

It is the same with the northwestern farmer; he has no home market for all his wheat, so he hauls it twenty miles to a railroad station, thence it goes to Chicago, thence to New York, thence to Liverpool, thence to some interior town, where it is sold to some English workman, in competition with the wheat raised by the Russian and Australian English farmer. How much profit is left to the northwestern farmer with wheat at 69 cents in Chicago? How much more of the diversified industry of the skilled workman would he be able to buy if the workman were near him, and he found home consumers for all he could produce? Would his taxes paid to state and county be more or less if the factories and homes of the workmen were near him, than if they were in another country?

The farmer cultivates the soil in order that he may sell what he produces, and buy every comfort of life he can not produce himself. If in Talladega and Calhoun counties there were put up rolling, cotton, woolen, paper and paint mills, blast furnaces, hardware manufactories, nail and glass works, funiture factories, carpet, silk and cloth mills, boot and shoe factories, hat factories, locomotive, car and machine works and stove foundries, and ten thousand other industries, would lands fall or rise in value? Would the farmers be able to get more for what they had to sell? And would they not sell more of everything they produce, by having thousands of workingmen competing in buying from them? and would they not be able to buy everything they needed, and buy cheaper, with so many industries competing to sell them right at their door? Is there anything to prevent any farmer, or society of farmers, business men, or working men, combining and putting their money together to build up any of these industries? And if they did, in what way would they be monopolists, capitalists or lenders of money, more than a farmer who has money invested in land, cattle and implements, or a merchant with his store and goods in his shelves, or a blacksmith with his hammer and anvil, or a carpenter with his saw and plane? Are not all workers—the great producers of the country—by their labor increasing the value of everything they work on, and each producing something for each other's use and comfort—every man creating happiness by labor, and all adding to the wealth and prosperity of the country from what is taken from the ground? If the duty we make the foreigner pay for coming into our market is such a great protection, and creates a moneyed monopoly of manufacturers, why do not more manufactories spring up and more people go into manufacturing? We are now importing over ten million dollars of foreign work per week that ought to be done at home, and will be when our statesmen unite in legislating for our own citizens and not for the foreigner. Can any free trader name any article that the foreign manufacturer did not charge his own price for when we could not produce it ourselves, that home manufacturers have not cheapened by competing with him, thus compelling him to take less profit from us than he got before? Will our country grow richer and the burden of taxation be less by all our people making a profit and investing it at home, or by the foreigner taking away the profits to build up his own country.

SAMUEL NOBLE.

Wicked London.

From the Christian Standard.

London was again shocked a few days ago, by another distinguished prelate, Archb-deacon Farrar. In a sermon before the Social Purity Alliance, he drew a hideous picture of London morals, declaring that there were in the city 80,000 professional courtesans, 600,000 drunkards, 6,000 public houses and 4,000 clubs which initiated young men into the ways of vice.

An Essay On Man.

Although he covets it from birth,
And covets it through life's brief span,
Man never, never gets the earth.
It is the earth gets the man.
—Boston Courier.

WALKS AND TALKS.

"What do you think of that?" said Mr. Tip Harrison to Governor Lounsbury, of Connecticut, yesterday, as he showed him a picture of the new capitol building. "That is a fine building." Mr. Harrison then explained to him the "points" about the new capitol, and wound up by stating that the cost of the building would be something over $800,000. "Indeed!" exclaimed the governor. Why, our capitol building at Hartford, which does not present a handsomer appearance, cost $2,700,000!"

***

And now comes along a cultivated gentleman and remarks; "The people of Atlanta did not see Edwin Booth do his best acting. You want to see him in the third act of the "Fool's Revenge," and witness his Sir Giles Overreach in "A New Way to Pay Old Debts."

***

There were a good many reflections on the weather yesterday, but the best one was made by the sun.

***

A man remarked at the Kimball house last night, "Atlanta will have something new in a few days. I allude to a wholesale beer house."

***

As the new capitol building will soon be ready for heating, lighting and furnishing, it may be interesting to note just what was expended for the same purposes in the present capitol building. The heating apparatus cost $15,500; lighting both halls, $6,500; furniture, $10,000; carpets, matting, etc., $6,000; painting, packing and carting, $10,700—Total, $48,700. The governor has not yet appointed the committee to ascertain the cost of furnishing the new capitol. He will doubtless do so at an early day.

***

"Jubal Early" was called as a witness in Fulton superior court yesterday. He was from Lynchburg, Va., it is said, but is a barber by profession, who has been in Atlanta several months, and is about 21 years of age.

***

The "black listing" of drunkards is no new thing. In 1876, E. H. Grouby, the proprietor and editor of a paper in Blakeley, black-listed himself in the following card: "On and after date, the undersigned gives notice that he will prosecute any person selling him intoxicating liquor of any kind, to the full extent of the law. This is not for the purpose of injuring whisky dealers, but to get sober and stay so." Subsequently Mr. Grouby worked at the case in this city.

***

"Everybody ought to see Louis James and Marie Wainwright in 'Gretchen,'" said Mr. Clarence Knowles yesterday. "It is one of the prettiest plays ever produced."

By the way, Miss Wainwright, who is the wife of Mr. James, is a Virginia lady—an "F. F. V." She is related to the Page family, and her relatives are among the most prominent people in the old dominion.

A MEMORIAL.

Address to the Congress of the United States, Asking for Protection.

Appended is a memorial which will shortly be presented in the senate and house of representatives at Washington. It is now being circulated for signatures:

Your memorialists, citizens of the county of Calhoun, state of Alabama, would most respectfully show that they are engaged in agriculture, manufactures and commerce, from the profits of which the wealth and prosperity of our nation is created.

As merchants, farmers, manufacturers, professional and workingmen, feel that each and every interest herein named is to be effected, more or less, by the legislation of the present congress bearing upon the general econom policy of the country.

We beg to present for your consideration our views upon the questions of internal revenue, and tariff reform, in their relation to the business interests of the country.

Believing that you, as representatives of the states, and of the people, desire to do all things that may be best for the whole country, we submit to your consideration the following proposition begging that you will shape the national legislation in accordance therewith.

That the internal revenue tax is a tax levied upon our own people, upon the product of their own labor, and is in every sense a tax upon the consumer, and hence we ask its immediate and total repeal.

We regard the levying of custom duties as a tax levied upon the foreigner, to be paid out of his profits, for the privilege of entering and doing business in the home market our own citizens have created, and in any revision of the tariff duties we ask that they be so levied as not to increase the profits of the foreign producer to the lowering of our own:

That true statesmanship consists in promoting the happiness and prosperity of all the people of our common country; that this end can be best attained, and in the fullest measure, by the possession, use and enjoyment of the greatest amount of diversified labor by our own people, through the development and employment of our own resources and labor instead of foreign; that the lowering of duties on foreign importations will increase, instead of diminish, the surplus in the treasury by largely increasing importations and the profits of the foreign producer, and in the end transfer the surplus from our own to foreign nations in payment of debts thus created.

THE AMERICAN IDEA.

Violations of the Traditions and Unwritten Law of the Land.

G. C. Eggleston in Princeton Review.

Trades unions, Knights of Labor and similar associations have asserted their right to exercise a tyranny wholly foreign to the spirit of American institutions, and utterly subversive of human liberty. Under the American idea every man is free to work, or to hire others to work, upon the best terms he can make. That liberty the labor organizations have sought to take away by violence. They assume not only to compel their own members to work, or to quit work, at the behest of their little bosses, but to lay like commands upon free men who owe no allegiance to them, and to compel the doing of their will by physical force, by social ostracism and by the ingenious cruelty of the boycott. We have seen almost the entire trade of the country brought to a halt for weeks at a time by command of one man, of bad character and low intelligence, who openly declared that he gave the order merely to "show his power." We have seen all the street car lines of two great cities "tied up" at command of a secret conlave, by way of compelling the public to enforce an illegal and unjust demand that a corporation should discharge all the men in its employ and give their places to others. We have seen the business of a poor widow ruined by a boycott, because she employed bakers who did not belong to a particular secret society. Even while these pages are passing through the press, we see a trade union endeavoring to compel employers to discharge faithful and capable workmen and workwomen because they do not choose, or are not permitted, to become members of that union; to establish the right of a voluntary association arbitrarily to say who shall, and who shall not, be allowed to earn a living by labor.

How Stammerers Are Cured.

A Chicago professor has great success curing stammerers. Here are a few of the exercises. Some ministers and actors would do well to practice them:

"Amos Ames, the amiable aeronant, aided in an aerial enterprise at the age of 88."

"Obtain all opportunities of obliterating obnoxious ostentations."

"Henry Hingham has hung his harp on the hook where he hitherto hung his hopes." What a nut for a Cockney to crack.

"I like white vinegar with veal very well."

"She sells sea shells. Shall he sell sea shells?"

"Quixote Quixite quizzed a queerish quidbox. Where is the queerish quidbox Quixote Quixite quizzed?"

An Original Reformer.

From the New York Star.

Robert Harding recently collected a crowd in front of a public hall in London. When a policeman asked him what he was doing, he said: "I am here for the purpose of testing the right of free speech. I came here to deliver a speech on peaceful anarchy." He refused to go away, and the policeman, attempting to take him, found him fastened to an iron railing by a chain around his waist, locked with a puzzle lock. He refused to tell the combination of the lock, and expressed a willingness to die with a smile on his lips for free speech. The crowd finally told him that he was making a fool of himself, and he consented to unlock himself and go to the stationhouse. When arraigned in court he was released with a warning.

The George Sky Rocket.

From the Baltimore American.

Henry George seems to have settled down into the commonplace along with his land theory. A brilliant fallacy may produce a temporary sensation, but the notoriety isn't very durable. It soon wears out.

ATLANTA IS IN.

The Championship Flag Will Fly From Athletic Park.

Preliminary Organization—The Club is Formally Admitted to League Membership—What Will Be Done.

Atlanta was formally admitted to membership in the Southern league, yesterday.

This will be good news to almost everybody, for upon the subject of a ball club public sentiment has been practically unanimous.

Everybody wants baseball.

The delay in the organization of an Atlanta club has been occasioned, not by lack of interest, but by the failure of any man or men to take initiative. Yesterday's meeting supplied the deficiency, and after a temporary organization had been perfected, it was resolved to put a club in the Southern league, and the $1,000 guarantee has been placed in the hands of President Wilson.

The first important step has been taken. To secure a club worthy to represent Atlanta, is the next thing to be done.

Yesterday's Meeting.

For several days the directors of the Southern league have been in the city for the purpose of doing what they could toward getting the Atlanta enthusiasm aroused to the organization point. It was at first intended to hold a meeting on Tuesday, but illness of several gentlemen interested made this impossible. Yesterday morning, however, a number of prominent gentlemen met at THE CONSTITUTION office for the purpose of discussing the question of "club or no club." Among those present were Mr. Clarence Knowles, Mr. C. A. Collier, Mr. H. W. Grady and a number of other gentlemen who have been prominent in Atlanta baseball in the past.

None but favorable sentiments were expressed. Everybody felt that Atlanta, the first city of the south, should have a club in the Southern league, and everybody said so. But those gentlemen who had devoted their time and energy to the various Atlanta baseball clubs of the past, did not feel as if they ought to be asked to shoulder the cares and responsibilities this year. The matter was talked of at length, and Mr. Joe Ohl, city editor of THE CONSTITUTION, was asked to accept the presidency and business management. Mr. Ohl consented to fill the position temporarily, and to do all in his power to affect a strong organization, provided he would receive the hearty support of all lovers of the national game. This support being promised by all present, the $1,000 guarantee was raised and paid to President Wilson, of the Southern league, and Atlanta needed only the formal action of the league directors to make her a full-fledged member of the league.

The League Meeting.

This formal action came later.

After learning of the formation of the Atlanta club, the directors of the league were called together in room 104 at the Kimball, to take action upon this application. All four of the club members—New Orleans, Birmingham, Charleston and Memphis—were represented by delegate or by proxy. There were two applications for membership, one from Atlanta, and one from Chattanooga. Chattanooga, had, through her vice-president, Mr. Whitesides, left a formal application for membership, with the understanding that it was to be acted upon only in case Atlanta made application.

The first business transaction was the reduction of the amount of guaranty. It has been $1,500, but at the request of Chattanooga, it was reduced to $1,000. After this had been done, Atlanta and Chattanooga were formally admitted to membership.

This completed the work of the directors and the meeting adjourned.

League Propects.

President Wilson and the other delegates are very much elated over league prospects.

The accession of Atlanta and Chattanooga gives the league two good baseball towns—Atlanta is especially so—and these two cities have the advantage of being well located. The club in Chattanooga is organized upon a sound financial footing, and the Atlanta club will doubtless receive the hearty support of the people of the gate city.

A good six-club league is greatly to be preferred to an eight-club league with one or two weak spots. But it is not unlikely that there will still be eight clubs to the league, although no special effort will be made to get in any others. Nashville has said she would not go in without the privilege of playing Sunday games at home, but Nashville will be restless without a ball club, and the base ball men of that city may change their minds. If Nashville does make application, an eighth club will be put in some other good ball town.

But six clubs are enough, and all calculations are being based upon a six-club league. With these six cities represented, the Southern league will be as strong as it ever was, and base ball in any of the cities will be a paying investment.

What Atlanta Proposes.

Atlanta proposes, first and foremost, to have the championship club of the Southern league.

The Atlanta club has at no time since the organization of the Southern league, taken a back seat and it is not proposed that this will be the case now. To be successful the club must have the hearty and substantial support of the people. The gentlemen who have interested themselves in the club have done so simply that Atlantians may have an opportunity to see ball—and good ball—this summer, and they deserve support and encouragement.

The club will be organized as a stock company, the shares of stock being $25 each. This will place the stock within the reach of everybody and everybody should subscribe. In this connection it might be well added that base ball, with the reserve privileges, will pay.

Manager and Players.

Some good manager will be secured at once, and it is probable that the selection of players will be left largely to him. It is late in the season, but there are plenty of good players to be had, and there is no doubt but Atlanta will be able to get a nine that will do the city credit. Cline, Sneed, Cahill and one or two other old favorites were offered by the clubs now holding them and the offers still hold open, but the prevailing sentiment is in favor of new blood.

Atlanta is to have a club and Atlanta is to be congratulated.

NOTES AND NEWS.

Eighteen young men of Mountain Home, Ark., swore off from the tobacco habit on the first of the present year. Whoever returns to the habit is to be ducked in a pond of water.

In Breslau, Germany, a chimney fifty-four feet in height has been constructed entirely of solid blocks of paper firmly compressed together, the blocks being placed carefully one on the top of the other, and joined together with a special cement. The chimney is non-inflammable, and, by the nature of the material, quite secure from lightning.

A steeple-jack near Huddersfield had climbed to the top of an immense chimney to remove the scaffolding, when the rope by which he was to descend broke and fell to the ground. While the crowd were wondering how he would ever get down he unraveled his stockings, and letting down the thread finally drew up a rope big enough to let him down.

Many years ago William Egeman, of Aurora, Ill., received from his relatives in the old country a pin in the shape of a cross, in which were set nine stones, which he supposed were glass or paste. After wearing the ornament for a time he cast it aside as of little value. Recently a jeweller told him that the stones were diamonds, worth at least $1,200.

A Pittsburg lady who, in her childhood, was a schoolmate of Mr. Blaine, says that the future distinguished statesman always stood near the head of the spelling class, but did not particularly attempt to excel in his other studies. She remembers him as a boy of strong will power, and says that he used to be more fond of remaining in the school-room studying at recess than of joining his comrades in play.

The Message.

I made a little song one day,
Not over sad nor over gay.
And every word thereof was full
With praise of one most beautiful.

To her I sung it, while o'erhead
The sunset deepened into red
Behind the hills, word, song and verse,
With utter love made wholly hers.

And so I put it from my heart,
I said: "My song since hers thou art,
Save at her bidding it shall be,
Return thou never more to me."

And as I lay today, quite still,
Beside her grave upon the hill,
The little song came back, so clear,
So sweet, I think she sent it here.
—Albany Evening Journal.

A BRIDE AND A GROOM

Followed to Atlanta by the Bride's Two Sons.

Mrs. Williams, Mother of Grown Children, Marries a Man Younger than Her Youngest Child.

A bride nearly sixty years of age, accomp-
nied by a groom of less than twenty-five year
occupied one of the Markham house brid
chambers from Monday evening until yeste
day afternoon, at two thirty o'clock, when th
went out of the city on the Central railro
train.

Quite a sensational story surrounds the a
cient bride and youthful groom.

The bride's home is at Fairplay, in Morg
county. There she has a general store whi
does a large business, and two or three fi
farms. In addition to the store she has thr
sons—the youngest of whom is older than h
groom—and a large circle of relatives a
friends. Just what the lady's maiden name
does not appear, but up to Sunday last she w
known throughout the section of the state
which she lived as Mrs. Elizabeth Williams
widow of David Williams, a gentleman w
died several years ago, possessing the resp
and esteem of all who knew him. During
life Mr. Williams worked constantly, a
in addition to managing
plantations, opened a general m
cantile establishment in the town of Fairpl
Morgan county. He was a gentleman of a
business capacity, and the in mercantile tr
prospered as well as upon his plantations.
sons, however, did not take kindly to the sto
preferring the free independent life of
planter, and this, in all probability, was t
initiatory step in the sensational marria
which has just transpired.

Several years ago Mr. Williams died, le
ing his store and plantations to his wife a
three sons. The boys finding the store witho
a proper custodian began giving it their atte
tion, but the work was too confining and i
some, and in a short time they hired a you
man named Charles Sullivan. Mr. Sulliv
was born for the mercantile business, and so
demonstrated that fact by careful and ju
dicious management of the store. The bo
quickly discovered this fact, and, turning th
attention to the plantation, left t
store almost exclusively in M
Sullivan's charge. Mrs. Williams, howeve
possessed considerable business ability, a
gave much of her time to the store. In th
way she and young Sullivan were thrown t
gether a great deal, but no one who kne
them imagined that a love story would be t
result of the association. Sullivan manag
the store successfully until a few months ag
when he left Fairplay. Why he went away
a matter of conjecture, but go away he di
During the time Sullivan was in charge of t
store, Mrs. Williams's youngest son began e
hibiting business qualifications of no me
order, and when Sullivan went away t
youngest Williams assumed charge of t
store. Under his management everythi
moved along smoothly and successfully a
Sullivan was not missed by any one except
Mrs. Williams.

But no one suspected that Mrs. Willian
missed him.

On Saturday last Mrs. Williams informe
her sons that she wanted to go to Rutledge
spend a week or two and upon the afterno
of that day one of her sons drove her to Ru
ledge, where she was given the best apa
ments in the hotel. The lady carried with h
a trunk filled with wearing apparel and tw
or three weeks was supposed to be the exte
of her absence from home. On Sunday—t
day after Mr. Williams reached Rutledg
Sulliuan put in appearance and that afte
noon accompanied by the lady called upon
Methodist minister by whom they were unite
in marraige. The lady was well known in
Rutledge, and the marriage created qtite a
sensation because of the great difference in the
ages of the contracting parties. Immediately
after the marriage Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan left
Rutledge, and Monday morning reached At-
lanta. They secured apartments at the Mar
ham, and were enjoying themselves as only
bridal couple can, when two of the boys a
peared upon the scene.

The boys came Tuesday.

Soon after the marriage was consummate
some one sent information to the bride's hom
and on Monday the boys started for Atlan
After reaching the city, the Williams boys b
gan searching for their mother and her hu
band. Early yesterday morning they foun
them at the Markham, but about the tin
they made the discovery they were discovere
themselves. For some cause, Sullivan did n
care to see his step-sons, and secreted hims
in a room. The boys began searching for t
young man who had married their mother, b
were unable to find him. Hoping to be mo
successful in their search, they went befor
justice of the peace and swore out a warra
Armed with this paper they returned to t
hotel and wanted to enter every room, b
were stopped by the proprietor. The bo
were very mad, and both made threats again
their stepfather's life. The matter began to
tract attention, and a call was made for poli
officers. Captain Couch responded, and wh
he reached the hotel found the Messrs. W
liams considerably excited. They wanted
find their mother and her husband, promisi
to make it all day with the latter the insta
they saw him. Captain Couch's long servi
has made him a good judge of human natu
and the instant he saw the two men he kn
that they were fearless, and that in their te
bly wrought up condition might do almo
anything. The captain gave th
a quiet talk and then
cured an audience with Mr. and Mrs. Sulliva
From the lady the captain heard the oth
side of the story and quickly decided to ke
the boys away. He realized, too, that no go
could come of a meeting between Sullivan a
his step-sons, and exacted a promise from h
not to leave the room. Immediately after s
curing quiet the captain left the hotel a
hurrying up to the police headquarters
ported the matter to Chief Connolly. T
chief with the captain returned to the hotel a
called upon the lady. Mrs. Sullivan repeat
her story to Chief Connolly, who promised h
protection. The chief then held a conferen
with the Messrs. Williams, and finally decid
that an interview between the mother a
sons would be the proper caper. He then
quainted the lady with his decision. M
Williams at first hesitated, but finally conse
ed to see her eldest son, provided the ch
would remain in the room. Mr. Williams w
led into the room where his mother await
him. Mr. Sullivan, however, was not prese
As he walked in the gentleman looked ab
the room searchingly, and then turning to
mother extended his hand, saying:

"Mother."

"My son," said the lady, grasping his ha
Mrs. Sullivan's eyes filled with tears, a
her son made a terrible effort to hide his e
tion. Something was said about the marria
and then the son said:

"Mother, I'd like to have my two hund
and fifty dollars which was in that trunk."

"You will find your money in a box at ho
with your name on it."

"And my watch?"

"Your silver watch is there, too."

"And the gold watch?"

"The one your father gave you?"

"Yes."

"Here it is."

As the lady spoke she drew out a lady's sm
gold watch.

"Well, I want that."

"I want to keep it, my son. It is all I h
which your father gave me."

"But I want my $250."

"I have told you that I left it in the box."

The conversation continued some time a
Mr. Williams withdrew. Before he left, h
ever, a conference was arranged for 4 o'cl
in the afternoon in which all were to be pr
ent. But the conference never came ab
Soon after dinner Mr. Sullivan sent to
hotel office for his bill, and when the Cent
train went out left with his bride. When
young men found that their mother had go
they were badly broken up and asked Ch
Connolly to stop her, but the chief was una
to ascertain where she had gone.

Information Wanted.

My son, Andrew Davis, left me at Thomasv
seven years ago. He was then in the employ of
Willingham. I am a colored woman. He has d
skin, with a scar on his left cheek from a burn,
is now about twenty-five years old. I woul
glad to receive any information concerning h
Address, Rose Davis, Atlanta, Ga. J&w

ATLANTA IS IN.

The Championship Flag Will Fly From Athletic Park.

Preliminary Organization—The Club is Formally Admitted to League Membership—What Will Be Done.

Atlanta was formally admitted to membership in the Southern league, yesterday.

This will be good news to almost everybody, for upon the subject of a ball club public sentiment has been practically unanimous.

Everybody wants baseball.

The delay in the organization of an Atlanta club has been occasioned, not by lack of interest, but by the failure of any man or men to take initiation. Yesterday's meeting supplied the deficiency, and after a temporary organization had been perfected, it was resolved to put a club in the Southern league, and the $1,000 guarantee has been placed in the hands of President Wilson.

The first important step has been taken. To secure a club worthy to represent Atlanta, is the next thing to be done.

Yesterday's Meeting.

For several days the directors of the Southern league have been in the city for the purpose of doing what they could toward getting the Atlanta enthusiasm aroused to the organization point. It was at first intended to hold a meeting on Tuesday, but illness of several gentlemen interested made this impossible. Yesterday morning, however, a number of prominent gentlemen met at The Constitution office for the purpose of discussing the question of "club or no club." Among those present were Mr. Clarence Knowles, Mr. C. A. Collier, Mr. H. W. Grady and a number of other gentlemen who have been prominent in Atlanta baseball in the past.

None but favorable sentiments were expressed. Everybody felt that Atlanta, the first city of the south, should have a club in the Southern league, and everybody said so. But those gentlemen who had devoted their time and energy to the various Atlanta baseball clubs of the past, did not feel as if they ought to be asked to shoulder the cares and responsibilities this year. The matter was talked of at length, and Mr. Joe Ohl, city editor of The Constitution, was asked to accept the presidency and business management. Mr. Ohl consented to fill the position temporarily, and to do all in his power to affect a strong organization, provided he would receive the hearty support of all lovers of the national game. This support being promised by all present, the $1,000 guarantee was raised and paid to President Wilson, of the Southern league. and Atlanta needed only the formal action of the league directors to make her a full-fledged member of the league.

The League Meeting.

This formal action came later.

After learning of the formation of the Atlanta club, the directors of the league were called together in room 104 at the Kimball, to take action upon this application. All four of the club members—New Orleans, Birmingham, Charleston and Memphis—were represented by delegate or by proxy. There were two applications for membership, one from Atlanta, and one from Chattanooga. Chattanooga, had, through her vice-president, Mr. Whitesides, left a formal application for membership, with the understanding that it was to be acted upon only in case Atlanta made application.

The first business transaction was the reduction of the amount of guaranty. It has been $1,500, but at the request of Chattanooga, it was reduced to $1,000. After this had been done, Atlanta and Chattanooga were formally admitted to membership.

This completed the work of the directors and the meeting adjourned.

League Prospects.

President Wilson and the other delegates are very much elated over league prospects.

The accession of Atlanta and Chattanooga gives the league two good baseball towns—Atlanta is especially so—and these two cities have the advantage of being well located. The club in Chattanooga is organized upon a sound financial footing, and the Atlanta club will doubtless receive the hearty support of the people of the gate city.

A good six-club league is greatly to be preferred to an eight-club league with one or two weak spots. But it is not unlikely that there will still be eight clubs to the league, although no special effort will be made to get in any others. Nashville has said she would not go in without the privilege of playing Sunday games at home, but Nashville will be restless without a ball club, and the base ball men of that city may change their minds. If Nashville does make application, an eighth club will be put in some other good ball town.

But six clubs are enough, and all calculations are being based upon a six-club league. With these six cities represented, the Southern league will be as strong as it ever was, and base ball in any of the cities will be a paying investment.

What Atlanta Proposes.

Atlanta proposes, first and foremost, to have the championship club of the Southern league.

The Atlanta club has at no time since the organization of the Southern league, taken a back seat and it is not proposed that this will be the case now. To be successful the club must have the hearty and substantial support of the people. The gentlemen who have interested themselves in the club have done so simply that Atlantians may have an opportunity to see ball—and good ball—this summer, and they deserve support and encouragement.

The club will be organized as a stock company, the shares of stock being $25 each. This will place the stock within the reach of everybody and everybody should subscribe. In this connection it might be well added that base ball, with the reserve privileges, will pay.

Manager and Players.

Some good manager will be secured at once, and it is probable that the selection of players will be left largely to him. It is late in the season, but there are plenty of good players to be had, and there is no doubt but Atlanta will be able to get a nine that will do the city credit. Cline, Sneed, Cahill and one or two other old favorites were offered by the clubs now holding them and the offers still hold open, but the prevailing sentiment is in favor of new blood.

Atlanta is to have a club and Atlanta is to be congratulated.

NOTES AND NEWS.

Eighteen young men of Mountain Home, Ark., swore off from the tobacco habit on the first of the present year. Whoever returns to the habit is to be ducked in a pond of water.

In Breslau, Germany, a chimney fifty-four feet in height has been constructed entirely of solid blocks of paper firmly compressed together, the blocks being placed carefully one on the top of the other, and joined together with a special cement. The chimney is non-inflammable, and, by the nature of the material, quite secure from lightning.

A steeple-jack near Huddersfield had climbed to the top of an immense chimney to remove the scaffolding, when the rope by which he was to descend broke and fell to the ground. While the crowd were wondering how he would ever get down he unraveled his stockings, and letting down the thread finally drew up a rope big enough to let him down.

Many years ago William Egeman, of Aurora, Ill., received from his relatives in the old country a pin in the shape of a cross, in which were set nine stones, which he supposed were glass or paste. After wearing the ornament for a time he cast it aside as of little value. Recently a jeweller told him that the stones were diamonds, worth at least $1,200.

A Pittsburg lady who, in her childhood, was a schoolmate of Mr. Blaine, says that the future distinguished statesman always stood near the head of the spelling class, but did not particularly attempt to excel in his other studies. She remembers him as a boy of strong will power, and says that he used to be more fond of remaining in the school-room studying at recess than of joining his comrades in play.

The Message.

I made a little song one day,
Not over sad nor over gay,
And every word thereof was full
With praise of one most beautiful.

To her I sung it, while o'erhead
The sunset deepened into red
Behind the hills, word, song and verse,
With utter love made wholly hers.

And so I put it from my heart,
I said: "My song since hers thou art,
Save at her bidding it shall be,
Return thou never more to me."

And as I lay today, quite still,
Beside her grave upon the hill,
The little song came back, so clear,
So sweet, I think she sent it here.

—Albany Evening Journal.

A BRIDE AND A GROOM

Followed to Atlanta by the Bride's Two Sons.

Mrs. Williams, Mother of Grown Children, Marries a Man Younger than Her Youngest Child.

A bride nearly sixty years of age, accompanied by a groom of less than twenty-five years, occupied one of the Markham house bridal chambers from Monday evening until yesterday afternoon, at two thirty o'clock, when they went out of the city on the Central railroad train.

Quite a sensational story surrounds the ancient bride and youthful groom.

The bride's home is at Fairplay, in Morgan county. There she has a general store which does a large business, and two or three fine farms. In addition to the store she has three sons—the youngest of whom is older than her groom—and a large circle of relatives and friends. Just what the lady's maiden name is does not appear, but up to Sunday last she was known throughout the section of the state in which she lived as Mrs. Elizabeth Williams—widow of David Williams, a gentleman who died several years ago, possessing the respect and esteem of all who knew him. During his life Mr. Williams worked constantly, and in addition to managing two plantations, opened a general mercantile establishment in the town of Fairplay, Morgan county. He was a gentleman of a fine business capacity, and the in mercantile trade prospered as well as upon his plantations. His sons, however, did not take kindly to the store, preferring the free independent life of a planter, and this, in all probability, was the initiatory step in the sensational marriage which has just transpired.

Several years ago Mr. Williams died, leaving his store and plantations to his wife and three sons. The boys finding the store without a proper custodian began giving it their attention, but the work was too confining and irksome, and in a short time they hired a young man named Charles Sullivan. Mr. Sullivan was born for the mercantile business, and soon demonstrated that fact by careful and judicious management of the store. The boys quickly discovered this fact, and, turning their attention to the plantation, left the store almost exclusively in Mr. Sullivan's charge. Mrs. Williams, however, possessed considerable business ability, and gave much of her time to the store. In this way she and young Sullivan were thrown together a great deal, but no one who knew them imagined that a love story would be the result of the association. Sullivan managed the store successfully until a few months ago, when he left Fairplay. Why he went away is a matter of conjecture, but go away he did. During the time Sullivan was in charge of the store, Mrs. Williams's youngest son began exhibiting business qualifications of no mean order, and when Sullivan went away the youngest Williams assumed charge of the store. Under his management everything moved along smoothly and successfully and Sullivan was not missed by any one except by Mrs. Williams.

But no one suspected that Mrs. Williams missed him.

On Saturday last Mrs. Williams informed her sons that she wanted to go to Rutledge to spend a week or two and upon the afternoon of that day one of her sons drove her to Rutledge, where she was given the best apartments in the hotel. The lady carried with her a trunk filled with wearing apparel and two or three weeks was supposed to be the extent of her absence from home. On Sunday—the day after Mr. Williams reached Rutledge, Sullivan put in appearance and that afternoon accompanied by the lady called upon a Methodist minister by whom they were united in marraige. The lady was well known in Rutledge, and the marriage created qtite a sensation because of the great difference in the ages of the contracting parties. Immediately after the marriage Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan left Rutledge. and Monday morning reached Atlanta. They secured apartments at the Markham, and were enjoying themselves as only a bridal couple can, when two of the boys appeared upon the scene.

The boys came Tuesday.

Soon after the marriage was consummated, some one sent information to the bride's home, and on Monday the boys started for Atlanta. After reaching the city, the Williams boys began searching for their mother and her husband. Early yesterday morning they found them at the Markham, but about the time they made the discovery they were discovered themselves. For some cause, Sullivan did not care to see his step-sons, and secreted himself in a room. The boys began searching for the young man who had married their mother, but were unable to find him. Hoping to be more successful in their search, they went before a justice of the peace and swore out a warrant. Armed with this paper they returned to the hotel and wanted to enter every room, but were stopped by the proprietor. The boys were very mad, and both made threats against their stepfather's life. The matter began to attract attention, and a call was made for police officers. Captain Couch responded, and when he reached the hotel found the Messrs. Williams considerably excited. They wanted to find their mother and her husband, promising to make it all day with the latter the instant they saw him. Captain Couch's long service has made him a good judge of human nature, and the instant he saw the two men he knew that they were fearless, and that in their terribly wrought up condition might do almost anything. The captain gave them a quiet talk and then secured an audience with Mr. and Mrs. Sullivan. From the lady the captain heard the other side of the story and quickly decided to keep the boys away. He realized, too, that no good could come of a meeting between Sullivan and his step-sons, and exacted a promise from him not to leave the room. Immediately after securing quiet the captain left the hotel and hurrying up to the police headquarters reported the matter to Chief Connolly. The chief with the captain returned to the hotel and called upon the lady. Mrs. Sullivan repeated her story to Chief Connolly, who promised her protection. The chief then held a conference with the Messrs. Williams, and finally decided that an interview between the mother and sons would be the proper caper. He then acquainted the lady with his decision. Mrs. Williams at first hesitated, but finally consented to see her eldest son, provided the chief would remain in the room. Mr. Williams was led into the room where his mother awaited him. Mr. Sullivan, however, was not present. As he walked in the gentleman looked about the room searchingly, and then turning to his mother extended his hand, saying:

"Mother."

"My son," said the lady, grasping his hand. Mrs. Sullivan's eyes filled with tears, and her son made a terrible effort to hide his emotion. Something was said about the marriage, and then the son said:

"Mother, I'd like to have my two hundred and fifty dollars which was in that trunk."

"You will find your money in a box at home with your name on it."

"And my watch?"

"Your silver watch is there, too."

"And the gold watch?"

"The one your father gave you?"

"Yes."

"Here it is."

As the lady spoke she drew out a lady's small gold watch.

"Well, I want that."

"I want to keep it, my son. It is all I have which your father gave me."

"But I want my $250."

"I have told you that I left it in the box."

The conversation continued some time and Mr. Williams withdrew. Before he left, however, a conference was arranged for 4 o'clock in the afternoon in which all were to be present. But the conference never came about. Soon after dinner Mr. Sullivan sent to the hotel office for his bill, and when the Central train went out left with his bride. When the young men found that their mother had gone, they were badly broken up and asked Chief Connolly to stop her, but the chief was unable to ascertain where she had gone.

Information Wanted.

My son, Andrew Davis, left me at Thomasville seven years ago. He was then in the employ of Mr. Willingham. I am a colored woman. He has dark skin, with a scar on his left cheek from a burn, and is now about twenty-five years old. I would be glad to receive any information concerning him. Address, Rose Davis, Atlanta, Ga. d&wlt

THE DIVORCE DOCKET CLOSED.

The Superior Court Tries Nearly a Dozen More Cases and Adjourns.

The superior court met yesterday morning, Judge Marshall J. Clarke presiding. The remaining divorce cases on the docket were disposed of.

The case which excited the most interest was that of Mrs. Sady Voorhis against Edward L. Voorhis. The petitioner was examined at great length. She said that she was married to the respondent in Jersey City. At first her married life was happy. After a little while her husband began keeping late hours at night, and this worried her. She asked him to refrain from this, and he replied that he was doing it as a matter of business; that he had been employed to correct errors in a crooked set of books and this kept him up late at night. This excuse satisfied her for some time, but finally she saw through it and remonstrated with him. Her husband then informed her that the banker, whose books he was keeping, had engaged him at $10,000 a year, and had promised him a brown stone residence free of rent. She realized how flimsy this excuse was, for she saw neither the big salary nor the fine residence. In November, 1882, they removed to Atlanta, and a year later she was compelled to return to her father, as her husband neglected to provide for her. She testified that her husband had been addicted to strong drink. Captain John Milledge and Mr. C. W. Smith represented the petitioner, and Mr. Frank Arnold appeared for the defendant. The jury, after a short deliberation, returned a verdict for the petitioner. This is the first verdict.

Verdicts were given the petitioners in the following cases:

Mrs. L. V. Thurman vs. W. W. Thurman.
Mrs. Rema Armstrong vs. Granville Armstrong.
Rossel L. Fincannon vs. Amanda Fincannon.
Ella Brown vs. Andrew Brown.
Flora Ann George vs. Mattison George.
Charles Ligins vs. Addie Ligins.
Mary E. Richardson vs. Edward Richardson.
Julia Rosser vs. Rylie Rosser.
Julia J. Bowers vs. Thomas Bowers.
Mary M. Hankerson vs. Isaiah Hankerson.
Palmetto Jones vs. M. Jones.
Flora George vs. Madison George.

The jurors were discharged, and Judge Clark thanked them for the patience and industry they had shown.

The court then adjourned to meet at 9 o'clock this morning, when the certiorari docket will come up.

THEY WANTED TO ESCAPE,

But One of the Gang Gave the Scheme Away and the Plan Failed.

Prisoners confined in the city stockade are being more carefully watched today than they have been for years, because a bold and desperate scheme to escape the prison was detected night before last and successfully defeated.

There are now nearly forty prisoners in the stockade.

Tuesday afternoon last one of the prisoners secured an audience with one of the guards, to whom he revealed the scheme to break out early the next morning. For two or three days the prisoners, so the give-away stated, had been discussing the probable success of a break. There were those in the gang who favored any attempt to escape, and there were those who opposed any scheme to get out. Those who favored the escape were in the majority, and an escape was determined upon. It was then decided to make the break Wednesday morning, and after coming to that conclusion details of the work were arranged. After considerable talk the prisoners agreed that two of three men were to stand at the main entrance to the barracks and spring upon the guard when the breakfast was brought in. Then the whole gang was to make a rush through the door.

The guard to whom the story was told repeated it to Superintendent Hastings. The superintendent became uneasy and telephoned police headquarters. Chief Connolly was present and detailed two men to go to the stockade. The officers went out, and placed themselves under Superintendent Hastings. The superintendent instructed the officers to accompany the guard to the main entrance when he went to serve breakfast. They did so, walking close behind the guard. As the guard stepped in a burly negro made a leap at him, but before his companions could join him the two police officers stepped forward. The uniformed men with pistols in hand frightened the negroes away and in a few minutes quiet was restored.

The prisoners were all given an extra hard day's work yesterday.

FOR THE THIRD TIME.

Charley Aiken, One of the Black-Listed, Found Guilty Again.

Charley Aiken. a young man well known in Atlanta, was a prisoner at will in the city prison yesterday.

Aiken is on the black-list.

A week or two ago he was convicted in police court for the second time, and notices were sent to the saloon men. Of course Atlanta saloonists know that the sale of liquor to a black-listed person involves a heavy penalty and are cautious in dispensing their goods. In some way, however, Aiken secured liquor, and night before last was picked up drunk. In police court yesterday morning he was found guilty, and to him Judge Anderson remarked:

"This is a conviction after your name has been placed on the black list. You may pay a fine of $5 and cost and escape the fine by telling where you got your liquor."

Aiken declined to give the information, and later in the day was walking restlessly up and down the hallway with only a heavy iron-barred door between him and liberty. About dark he called for Detective Casin, with whom he held a conference, and it is believed that he is thinking of squealing.

A RAZOR AND AN AX

Are the Weapons With Which Two Negroes Do Battle—The Result.

William Holcomb and Martin Jones, two negroes, made desperate attempts to reduce the population of Atlanta yesterday, Holcomb using an ax and Jones a razor.

Holcomb has been making his home near the Air-Line shops for some time with a negro woman named Janie Woodward. Early yesterday morning, Holcomb went to the woman's house, and being refused admission, picked up an ax and knocked in a door. Inside the house he found Jones, upon whom he rushed with the blade. Jones drew a razor and the two men began mixing. The fight was not half as vicious as it was long, and when it ended both men were bleeding. Holcomb was cut in a half dozen places, but none of the wounds were deep. He had, however, succeeded in burying the ax in Jones's shoulder, making an ugly wound. Both men were arrested by Patrolmen Wooten and Harper.

ANOTHER STEP FORWARD.

The Atlanta Fire Department Supplied With the Most Approved Swinging Harness.

One of the needs of the Atlanta fire department has just been supplied: the swinging harness. This is now used in all first-class fire departments and is regarded as indispensible.

Every engine house in the city has this swinging harness. It hangs above the place where the horses stand when the men harness them to the engines or reels. A set of harness hangs over each horse. The driver mounts into his seat at the tap of the bell. By the time he is seated the horses are in position and down drops the harness upon their backs. A few clasps are secured and the horses are hitched to the machine. Instead of standing all the time with harness on, they have nothing but bridles on.

The harness has already proved a big success.

An Early Morning Fire.

About half-past one o'clock this morning an alarm of fire was sounded from box No. 12, and the fire department responded promptly. The fire proved to be at Mr. J. N. Nunnally's confectionery store, 36 Whitehall street. There is a small gas heater under the counter in the front part of the store, and, through neglect, the gas had not been turned off. Very near the heater were left some greasy pieces of cloth, and these finally became so hot that they ignited. They were burning when the smoke was discovered, and the alarm turned in promptly. There was no loss.

Carter's Little Liver Pills may well be termed "Perfection." Their gentle action and good effect on the system, really make them a perfect little pill. They please those who use them.

THE SOCIAL SIDE

Of the Life of Atlanta and Georgia People.

Mrs. Thompson's Dinner—Several Atlanta Weddings—Doings of Society People Throughout the State.

Last night at the Kimball house, Mrs. Joseph Thompson gave an elegant dining to her guest, Miss Halderman, of Leavenworth, Kansas.

There were present: Mrs. Livingston Mims, Mrs. Julia Knight, Miss Tiny Hammond, Miss Janie Orme, Miss Mattie Williams, of Charleston; Miss Eula Maddox, Miss Halderman, Mrs. Joseph Thompson, Mr. Hugh Gordon, Mr. Alton Angier, Mr. Lucius L. McCleskey, Mr. A. C. Bryan, of North Carolina; Mr. Thomas Paine, Mr. John Grant, Mr. Lewis Redwine, Mr. Cobb Jackson, Mr. Charles Crankshaw, Mr. Ben Hill Thompson, Mr. Frank O'Bryan, Mr. Edwin Wilson, of Kansas City; Major Comegys, Major Livingston Mims.

The sumptuous repast was spread in room 104, and the occasion was very brilliant and thoroughly enjoyable.

* * *

Yesterday afternoon, at four o'clock, Mr. Edward McBurney and Miss Maggie Berry were married at the residence of the bride's father, Mr. M. R. Berry, on Walton street.

The ceremony was performed, most impressively, by Bishop Key, of the Methodist church, who is a relative of the family. The wedding was a private one, only the family and a few intimate friends of the contracting parties being present.

Mr. and Mrs. McBurney left last night for a northern trip.

* * *

The marriage of Miss Florence Candler to Mr. Clifford A. Cowles will be solemnized at the residence of the bride's parents in Decatur, this afternoon, at four o'clock.

* * *

The Fortnightly club has postponed its "Dickens evening" until next Tuesday. Captain Harry Jackson will personate Dickens, introducing the various characters from Dickens's novels. Miss Laurette Boykin will read an original essay on Dickens, and the "Pickwick Club" will act as ushers on that occasion.

* * *

The "musicale" which was to have taken place last night at Mrs. Ballard's institute, has been postponed until tomorrow night. A very interesting programme will be given by the young ladies of the school, some of whom have shown decided musical talent. It will be an elegant entertainment, and all who are so fortunate as to be present will pass an agreeable evening. Mr. and Mrs. Constantin Sternberg will contribute several numbers.

* * *

At the residence of Mrs. Ellis, in Cooper street, a pleasant dance was given night before last. About a dozen couples were present.

* * *

A unique "Mum and No Mum" social will take place next Friday night at the residence of Captain T. L. Langston, at 195 Peachtree street, under the auspices of the Young People's society of the First Presbyterian church. The entertainment will consist of novel and ludicrous features, concluding with a fine programme of music and recitations.

There will be no charge for admission, and a royal welcome will be given to all who attend by Captain Langston and his accomplished wife. While there will be no charge, the visitors may go prepared to pay a slight fine or two if "Mum or No Mum" rules are transgressed.

* * *

The ladies auxiliary society of the Young Men's Christian association and the ladies connected with railway branch, have succeeded in making an engagement with a company of Chinese. This troupe consists of a man, his wife and two children, and it is spoken of in the highest terms by the newspapers of Augusta and Savannah. The entertainment will be given next Monday night in Concordia hall. The programme is a varied and interesting one. There will be illustrations, music, and the costumes of the celestial empire will be explained. The ladies will no doubt secure a full house and realize considerable money for the charitable object they have in view.

* * *

A special dispatch to The Constitution from Columbia, S. C., says that an elegant wedding was solemnized there last night. The dispatch says: The many friends of Mr. John A. Willis, who is so widely known to commercial travelers, as the clever manager at Fagar brothers "Hotel Jerome," will be interested to learn of his marriage to Mrs. Arianna I. Dial, one of Columbia's most charming and accomplished ladies. The wedding took place at the elegant new mansion of the bride, in the presence of a few intimate friends, the Rev. Dr. W. C. Lindsay officiating.

* * *

Yesterday morning at 8 o'clock Mr. Alfred Matthews, of Kenton, Ohio, was united in marriage to Miss Mary Bennon, of Atlanta, formerly of Urbana, Ohio. The wedding took place at SS. Peter and Paul's church, on Marietta street, the Rev. Father McMahon performing the ceremony in a beautiful and impressive manner. The bride is an accomplished and lovely young lady. The groom is a young journalist of sterling worth and fine promise. He is the editor of the Kenton Democrat.

* * *

The oyster supper tomorrow at the residence of Mrs. A. C. Smith will be a pleasant affair. The ladies are preparing a good programme. The money raised will be used for a charitable object.

* * *

The full dress reception tonight will be a brilliant affair. It will take place in the parlors of the Capital City club. It will be the last reception of the club before Lent.

* * *

The ladies of the St. Paul's Methodist church will give a pleasant entertainment at the Parsonage, on Fair street, tonight. No admission will be charged. There will be refreshments served at reasonable prices.

About People.

Mr. D. G. Wylie, father of Captain James R. Wylie, has just returned from a paternal visit to Arkansas. Mr. Wylie is now in his eighty-fourth year, but as bright and as active as a man in his prime.

Mrs. Clem Harris, and her charming little daughters, Nellie and Sarah, are in Marietta, visiting Mrs Dick, Mrs. Harris's mother, but are expected home soon.

Miss Laura Willet, of Macon, is visiting her sister, Mrs. C. A. Davis, Jr., at 350 Whitehall street. Mrs. Davis has been sick for several weeks, but it is hoped now that she is recovering.

CAUGHT ON THE FLY.

Coleman Holder, charged with stealing wood, was given a cell in the city prison yesterday.

Ordinary Calhoun is having some improvements made in his office in the way of shelving, etc.

The members of the board of examiners of engineers had several more applicants before them yesterday.

The projectors of a new line of street railway for north Atlanta will hold a meeting next week.

The members of the Atlanta Rifles will hold an important meeting tomorrow night at their armory. Some interesting matters will be attended to.

Peter Kenny and another barber had a razor duel at the National yesterday. Kenny carved his antagonist and was arrested. This morning he will be arraigned in police court.

Don't commit suicide! if you have dyspepsia, with headache, heartburn, distress in the stomach, no appetite, and are all worn out—but take Hood's Sarsaparilla and be cured.

Regular Dinners ready from 11 to 3 p. m.
A good Lunch 10 cents.
A better Lunch 15 cents.
A Square Meal 25 cents.
Extra Dinner 35 cents.
Best Dinners 50 cents.
Pies, Cakes, Coffee, Milk and other light lunches 5 cents each.
Everything of the very best quality, well cooked, scrupulously clean and promptly served.
The Waverly Dining Room for Ladies and Gentlemen, 15 Marietta St., corner Broad.
Special terms to regular patrons
(W. F. Stokes & Co., Proprietors.) [illegible]

THINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The "Y's," as the Young Woman's Christian Temperance Union is termed, held an exceedingly interesting meeting at Smillie seminary yesterday. Mrs. Thomas, late of Michigan, read a thoughtful paper on "Heredity." The members applauded it to the echo, and showered congratulations on the author. On next Wednesday evening Mrs. D. S. M. Hick will talk on sanitation, and Miss Nettie Browne will read an essay. The final reports of the committees for the reception on February 7th will be made at that time.

"That Macon jailer is mad," laughed Jailer Poole yesterday. "He says he is capable of taking care of Woolfolk, and that we needn't trouble our heads about having to take care of him."

"Going to challenge the Macon jailer?"

"No; in fact I'm glad he got mad, because I don't want Woolfolk. You know when he was here before he was never chained, but if they brought him back here again we would chain him certain. You see he's on his mettle now to keep Woolfolk, and I hope to goodness he will stay that way."

On Tuesday the barbers employed by Mr. J. F. Wynne struck because of some of the rules laid down by Mr. Wynne for the government of the shop. Mr. Wynne states that he found the washbasin used by the customers of the shop filled with dirty soap suds and that the bootblacks used the towels to wipe on, and told his foreman it was time to stop such proceedings. To this the barbers objected. They accordingly notified him that they could not work under such regulations and left. He immediately filled their places with other barbers.

The meeting of the Baptist ministers of Atlanta on next Monday is expected to be one of the most interesting ever held. A movement is on foot to organize the Baptist churches in Fulton county into an association, for the purpose of extending and strengthening the interests of the denomination in the county.

"Say, did you know Cubie?" asked Jailer Ozburn, sadly. "He's dead."

"You mean the dog that knew all the prisoners?"

"That's the one. Poor old Cube! Yes, sir, that dog knew the jail rules as well as the jailer there. He was the ugliest dog I ever saw and the best one."

It is stated that the contract for grading the Georgia, Carolina and Northern railway, between Atlanta and the residence of Major W. J. Houston, in DeKalb county, will be awarded about March 15th. The exact route selected is yet a state secret.

It is rumored that Rev. A. L. Hillman, 352 Whitehall street, will deliver a number of free lectures on the power of electricity to cure the diseased, illustrating this power as exhibited at the wonderful electric shaft at Hillman, Georgia.

Yesterday afternoon, at the residence of the bride's mother, 23 Wheat street, Miss Willie Powers was married to Mr. O. W. Bentley, both of this city, Rev. Dr. Hawthorne officiating. Only a few friends were present.

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union, Mrs. E. C. Witter, president, will meet in the basement of the First Baptist church at 3 p. m. to-day. Every ward in the city will be represented.

Rev. H. L. Morehead, D. D., secretary of the American Baptist Home Mission society of New York, is in the city, and will visit Spelman seminary today.

SHE LEFT HER HOME,

And Her Friends Telegraph the Atlanta Police Authorities for Her.

Telegrams were received at police headquarters yesterday from Johnson, S. C., requesting the chief of police to search the city for a young lady who had disappeared from her home.

The lady is Miss Emma Padgett.

The telegrams contained a description of the young lady. She is put down as a pure blonde with a wealth of golden hair and pretty blue eyes. The description was placed in the hands of detectives, who are searching the city now for the young lady.

PULLING CARD PLAYERS.

The Police Make a Raid on a Negro Gaming House—What They Got.

Captain Crim with Patrolmen Ivey and Abbott raided a negro gaming house in the rear of the first ward last night. They found a crowd of negroes playing cards and succeeded in arresting quite a number. At the city prison cases were booked against Will Ishey, Joe Caldwell, Coly Gay, Harrison Baker, Riley Henderson, Colie Gay, Will Collins, Mary Bowen, Lizzie Sharp and Mary Mathews were booked for keeping a gaming house.

RAILROAD NEWS.

Scattered Here and There in the City Yesterday.

Mr. Sam Webb, of the Central road, went down to Savannah last night on business.

Mr. H. E. Kershaw, passenger rate clerk of the Central road at Savannah, was in the city yesterday.

The rate for one-thousand-mile tickets on the Baltimore and Ohio lines, west of the Ohio river has been reduced to $20 from $25.

Both the Central and East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia roads are carrying a number of people to the Sub-Tropical exposition at present.

The Pennsylvania company has decided to put on sale two thousand mile tickets at $40 to be good for one year from date of sale. The one thousand mile tickets are $25.

Mr. W. E. Reynolds, traveling passenger agent of the Queen and Crescent route, left yesterday for his home in Lancaster, on account of the illness of one of his children.

A joint meeting of freight representatives of Cincinnati, Louisville, Evansville, Cairo, Jeffersonville and New Albany lines will be held at the Galt house, Louisville, on Thursday next. The meeting is for the purpose of adopting an agreed basis for the conduct of business originating at points south of the Ohio river and destined for points north of the river. The proposed new tariff, so far as it has been possible to arrange it, will be submitted at the meeting.

The Wilmington Messenger has the following about Mr. O. G. Parsley, who is now located at 47 Alabama street: "We learn that Mr. O. G. Parsley, Jr., has been tendered, and has accepted, the position of southeastern freight agent of the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Gulf railroad, with office at Atlanta, Georgia. This company has recently extended its line from Memphis to Birmingham, all this making it not only one continuous line of road from Kansas City to Birmingham, but also giving to it the short line from Kansas City, Springfield, St. Louis, Memphis, and points along the Mississippi river to all points in the south and southeast, by virtue of which it will doubtless soon become the trunk line between the south and west. In looking around for a suitable man to develop and care for its southern business, the choice fell upon Mr. Parsley, and we congratulate the company upon having secured his services. Mr. Parsley entered the railroad service in this city in 1879, and his peculiar adaptability to the business soon manifesting itself, he rose rapidly, finally reaching the position of chief clerk in the freight and passenger department of the Seaboard Air-Line system of roads, which responsible place he held for several years, during which he administered the affairs of the department so satisfactorily that the announcement of his resignation, when the headquarters of that system removed to Raleigh, was received with much regret, not only by the railroad officials, but also by our business community, among whom his accommodating and progressive manner of meeting their requirements had made him many friends. We commend him to our gate city friends.

The Paper Age.

From the Philadelphia Record.

More and more paper is taking the place of woodwork. Paper doors are now largely substituted for wooden doors. The paper doors are better for the reason that they are lighter; they do not shrink or swell with the changes of weather; they are made from single sheets of paper moulded into any desired pattern, and they are not dearer than wooden doors.

PERSONAL.

Two-cent stamps for sale at Constitution business office. Open all day. tf.

$5,000 will be forfeited if the Pappoose 5c cigar is not all clear Havana filler of the finest grade grown in Cuba. This is a bona fide offer. Augusta, Savannah, Macon have already discovered the superior merit of this cigar over all the other brands of cigars that have been foisted on the south. Remember this cigar has stood the test of nine years' time; has come to stay. For sale by
W. P. Smith & Co., Druggists.

A HEAVY FAILURE.

A Creditors' Bill Filed Against the Phœnix Planing Mills.

The Merchants' Bank and the Lowry Banking House the Largest Creditors—Can the Firm Pay Out?

Another failure was announced yesterday, and it proved to be a very important one.

Mr. G. A. Howell, attorney of the Merchants' bank of Atlanta, and representing the Lowry banking house, filed a creditor's bill in the office of the clerk of the superior court. The bill was against Ogletree & Robinson, et. al., the proprietors of the extensive planing mill, No. 27 North Butler street. This is one of the largest establishments of the kind in the city and employes a large force of workmen. It was thought that the mill was in a prosperous condition, as it was running full time and about it appeared signs of thrift.

In the bill it is alleged that the firm is indebted to the banks. Mr. Howell asks the court to appoint a receiver to take immediate possession of the property. He went before Judge Marshall J. Clarke and submitted the petition.

Judge Clarke decided that he would hear the case in chambers next Saturday morning. Mr. Howell will represent the creditors. The firm is said to owe about $18,000, and it is believed the assets will far exceed this amount. The exact figures cannot be given until the case is fully before the court.

The planing mills were formerly owned by Ogletree, Robinson & Boyd, but the latter sold out his interest and removed to Tennessee. Since then the present owners have run the establishment successfully. The firm has borne a high reputation in commercial centers, and was thought to be solid. It has paid taxes on nearly $35,000, and has always heretofore responded promptly to all demands made upon it.

A short while ago some paper of the firm fell due, and to meet the payments embarrassed the company. To bridge themselves over the temporary difficulty the partners gave a mortgage for $5,000. This transaction aroused suspicion, and it was whispered that something was wrong.

Creditors became uneasy, and bills began to come in with uncomfortable rapidity.

The banking house of W. M. & R. J. Lowry holds claims against the firm for $800 and the Merchants' bank holds claims amounting to $5,700.

Mr. G. W. Boyd holds a mortgage for $2,500 and Mr. Griffith holds one for $4,000.

Those, together with the other and smaller claims, aggregate about $18,000.

No information could be derived from any member of the firm. Mr. Ogletree, the senior partner, is confined to his house with sickness, and declined to make any statement.

The friends of the firm express the belief that the embarrassment is only temporary and that arrangements will be made for meeting all the debts and for continuing the business.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kind, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall St., New York.
At Wholesale by Wyly & Greene
Atlanta, Georgia.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

CURE

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

SICK

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

HEAD

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO.,
New York City.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

Friday and Saturday, January 27 and 28. | Grand Saturday Matinee at 2.

LOUIS JAMES
—AND—
Marie Wainwright!
Supported by a Superb Company, in the Great Plays
—OF—
FRIDAY NIGHT and Saturday Matinee — GRETCHEN
SATURDAY NIGHT — VIRGINIUS

Three performances of unsurpassable elegance, refinement and perfection of details. The most elegant and costly costumes on the American stage. Notwithstanding the enormous expense attending the engagement of this strong attraction, the best seats are only $1.25. Sale opens Wednesday.
jan 22 23 25 26 27 28

OPERA HOUSE—EXTRA
Thursday, Friday, Saturday. FEB. 2, 3, 4.
Grand Abbott Matinee Saturday
Sale of Seats Monday, Jan. 30. Only Opera that Will Be Given in Atlanta This Season.
CROWDED HOUSE EVERYWHERE.
GRAND OPERA IN ENGLISH.
Engagement of the Famous Emma



ABBOTT.
New Grand Opera Company.
Abbott, Annandale, Bertram, Fricke, Montegriffo, Michelena, Pruette, Broderick, Allen Tomasi.
GRAND CHORUS AND ORCHESTRA
THURSDAY—Abbott, entire company, Verdi's
TROVATORE.
FRIDAY—Abbott's latest triumph.
RUY BLAS, Or Queen and Lackey, A Beautiful Spectacle.
"An Entrancing Love Lyric," the celebrated Love Duett, "Tis Bliss for Thee to Die." Melodious Music, Grand Choruses, Gorgeous Costumes.
Emma Abbott and Entire Company.
SATURDAY—EMMA ABBOTT MATINEE.
Great cast and double bill.
The entire sparkling Comic Opera.
CARNIVAL OF VENICE.
Also the celebrated Lullaby from
ERMINIE.
Emma Abbott and Entire Company.
SATURDAY NIGHT—ABBOTT as "ARLINE," Great cast.
BOHEMIAN GIRL.

$500 Reward.

A REWARD OF $500 WILL BE PAID WITHIN twelve months from this date for the apprehension and conviction of the party who

Set fire to the storehouse

of F. M. Sevall & Co., at Hogansville, Ga., on the night of the 26th of December last.
ATLANTA HOME INSURANCE COMPANY.
January 26th. Jan 26 d 2w.

COPARTNERSHIP.

I HAVE THIS DAY SOLD ONE-HALF INTEREST in my Retail Drug Store at 26 WHITEHALL STREET to Mr. CHARLES KERLER, Jr. The business will be conducted under name of
JONES & KERLER.
January 21, 1888. CALVIN D. JONES,

AS SUCCESSORS OF CALVIN D. JONES IN the Drug Business at 26 Whitehall street, we shall continue to sell only PURE MEDICINES and shall keep full stocks in every line, and all desirable styles of articles found in a first-class Drug Store Great varieties of
Brushes, Toilet Articles, Perfumery, etc.
ARTICLES USED AT
PRISCRIPTION COUNTER
SHALL BE THE BEST.
FINE CIGARS, DOMESTIC AND IMPORTED.
January 21. JONES & KERLER.
jan26—thur sun tues 2w

EDGEWOOD ACADEMY,

MALE AND FEMALE, CHARTERED AND graded; will open January 30th, 1888. Teaching analyitical and thorough.
A good music teacher can serve a small class.
Try us by patronage. REV. I. L. LIN,
jan 26—su thu Principal.

AUTOGRAPHS.

SEND FOR A SAMPLE COPY OF
THE COLLECTOR,
A monthly journal devoted to autographs.
W. R. BENJAMIN,
5 East 17th St., New York City.
Largest dealers in autograph letters in America.

TO WEAK MEN suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, lost manhood, etc. I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, free of charge. Address Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

JOHNSON'S FOR INTERNAL —AND— EXTERNAL USE.
Cures Diphtheria, Croup, Asthma, Bronchitis, Neuralgia, Pneumonia, Rheumatism, Bleeding at the Lungs, Hoarseness, Influenza, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Catarrh, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Chronic Diarrhœa, Kidney Troubles, and Spinal Diseases.
ANODYNE
We will send free, postpaid, to all who send their names, an Illustrated Pamphlet containing information of very great value. Everybody should have this book, and those who send for it will ever after thank their lucky stars.
All who buy or order direct from us, and request it, shall receive a certificate that the money shall be refunded if not abundantly satisfied. Retail price, 35 cts.; 6 bottles, $2.00. Express prepaid to any part of the United States or Canada. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., P. O. Box 2118, Boston, Mass.
THE MOST WONDERFUL FAMILY REMEDY EVER KNOWN.
LINIMENT

RAILROAD TIME TABLE.

RAILROAD TIME TABLE

Showing the arrival and departure of all trains from this city—Central Time.

EAST TENN. VA. & GA. R'Y.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
*No. 14—from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ....7 20 a m	*No. 12—for Rome, Knoxville, Cincinnati, Nashville and Memphis...1 05 p m
*No. 11—from New York, Knoxville, Cincinnati, Nashville and Memphis ....3 2- p m	*No. 14—for Rome, Nashville, Cincinnati and Memphis ....7 40 a m
*No. 13—from Cincinnati, and Nashville...6 45 p m	*No. 13—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ....7 05 p m
*No. 16—from Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ....10 10 p m	*No. 15—for Savannah, Brunswick and Jacksonville ....6 10 a m
*No. 15, from N. Y., Knoxville and Alabama points ....6 00 am	*No. 16, for Knoxville and New York.....10 20 p m
No. 12—From Hawkinsville and Macon ....11 40 a m	No. 11—for Macon and Hawkinsville...5 00 p m

CENTRAL RAILROAD.

From Sav'h*......7 15 a m	To Savannah*......6 50 a m
" Bar'sville†..8 15 a m	To Macon*......10 00 p m
" Bar'sville†..9 50 a m	To Hapeville†......12 01 p m
" Macon*......1 15 p m	To Macon*......2 30 p m
" Hapeville†..1 40 p m	To Barnesville‡......3 00 p m
" Sav'h*......5 40 p m	To Barnesville†......5 00 p m
" Macon*......10 35 p m	To Savannah*......7 15 p m

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Chat'ga*....9 50 p m	To Chattanooga*.7 50 a m
" Chat'ga*....6 30 a m	To Chattanooga*.1 40 p m
" Marietta....8 35 a m	To Rome......3 45 p m
" Rome......11 05 a m	To Marietta......4 40 p m
" Chat'ga*....1 46 p m	To Chattanooga*.5 50 p m
" Chat'ga*....6 48 p m	To Chattan'ga*...11 15 p m

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Montg'ry*..3 50 a m	To Montgomery* 2 00 p m
" West P't*....9 15 a m	To West Point*..4 45 p m
" Montg'ry*...1 25 p m	To Montgom'ry*.10 50 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta*....6 30 a m	To Augusta*......8 00 a m
" Covington*.7 55 a m	To Decatur......9 00 a m
" Decatur....10 15 a m	To Clarkston......12 10 p m
" Augusta*....1 00 p m	To Augusta*......2 45 p m
" Clarkston...2 20 p m	To Covington......6 15 p m
" Augusta*....5 45 p m	To Augusta*......9 00 p m
" Decatur....4 55 p m	To Decatur......4 00 p m

PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.
(Richmond and Danville Railroad.)

From Lula......8 25 am	*To Charlotte......7 40 am
*From Charlotte..12 20 pm	To Lula......4 30 pm
*From Charlotte...9 40 pm	*To Charlotte......6 00 pm

GEORGIA PACIFIC RAILROAD.

*From Starkville..6 15 a m	To Birming'm* ...1 25 pm
From Tallapoosa..8 50 a m	To Tallapoosa......5 00 pm
*From Birm'g'm..5 45 p m	*To Starkville.....10 00 pm

CLARKSTON TRAINS—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta......12 10 p m	Lv. Clarkston......1 25 p m
Lv. Decatur......12 42 p m	Lv. Decatur......1 48 p m
Ar. Clarkston......12 57 p m	Ar. Atlanta......2 20 p m

*Daily—†Daily except Sunday—‡Sunday only. All other trains daily except Sunday. Central time.

BROKERS AND BANKERS.

W. H. PATTERSON,
Bond and Stock Broker,
24 SOUTH PRYOR STREET.

FOR SALE.

Capital City Land and Improvement Stock.
Georgia Midland and Gulf Railroad 1st Mortgage Bonds.
Americus, Preston and Lumpkin railroad 1st mortgage Bonds.
State of Georgia Bonds.
City of Atlanta Bonds.
Central Railroad Debentures.
Other securities bought and sold.

CAPITAL CITY BANK,
OF ATLANTA, GA.,
COR. WHITEHALL AND ALABAMA STS

Capital and Undivided Profits, $452,000.

A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS
—)TRANSACTED(—

Collections made direct on all points in the United States and remitted for promptly. Particular attention paid to the business of correspondents. The business of Bankers, Merchants and Manufacturers is repectfully solicited. Special feature made of the Savings' Department. Interest paid on time deposits. oct 15 tf

THE GATE CITY NATIONAL BANK
Of Atlanta, Ga.

—UNITED STATES DEPOSITORY.—

Capital and Undivided Profits,
$375,...

Issues Certificates of Deposit Payable on Demand with Interest.

Three per cent per annum if left four months.
Four per cent per annum if left six months.
4½ per cent per annum if left twelve months.

HUMPHREYS CASTLEMAN
BROKER AND DEALER IN
BONDS AND STOCKS
WANTED.

City of Atlanta 6 per cent bonds, State of Georgia 6 and 7 per cent bonds; Central railroad certificates, Atlanta and West Point railroad certificates, Western railroad 8 per cent bonds, and Central railroad 7 per cent bonds.
H. CASTLEMAN,
Office 12½ E. Alabama S.

WANTED
James' Bank Block Stock. Tallapoosa Land, M and M Stock.

FOR SALE.
100 shares Georgia Improvement Co Stock.
40 shares Capital City Land and Imp Co Stock.
15 shares Gate City National Banc Stock.
$5000 Georgia 4½ per cent bonds.
THE TOLLESON COMMISSION CO.,
29 E. Alabama street.

NORTH SIDE SAVINGS BANK
No. 7 Pryor Street.

DOES A GENERAL BANKING BUSINESS. Accounts of manufacturers, country merchants and farmers received. Accommodations extended as far as consistent to sound banking. We draw drafts payable in all parts of Europe, pay interest on special deposits and make collections on all parts of the United States and Canada.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED
dec11 dly

HAMS.

'A little higher in price, but of unrivalled quality.



"OUR CONSTANT AIM IS TO MAKE THEM THE FINEST IN THE WORLD."

Finance and Commerce.

Bonds, Stocks and Money.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE.
ATLANTA, January 25, 1888.

New York exchange buying at par and selling at ¼ premium.

STATE AND CITY BONDS.	Bid.	Asked.	R. R. BONDS.	Bid	Asked.
New Ga., 4½ 20 year	104½	105½	Ga 6s, 1910	109½	—
Ga. 6s, 1889	100	102	Ga. 6s, 1922	111	—
Ga. 7s, gold	104½	105½	Cent. 7s, 1893	105	—
Ga. 7s, 1896	117	—	C., C. & A. 1st	105	—
S. C. Brown	105	—	A. & C. 1st	115	—
Savannah 5s	103	105	A. & C. inc	101	—
Atl'ta 8s, 1902	121	—	W. of A. 1st	102	103
Atl'ta 8s, 1892	107	—	do. 2d	105	107
Atl'ta 7s, 1904	118	121	Ga. Pac. 1st	105½	107½
Atl'ta 7s, 1899	111½	—	Ga. Pac. 2d	47	51
Atl'ta 6s, L. D.	107	—	Am'cus, Prest. &L'mkn 1st 7s	107½	110
Atl'ta 6s, S. D.	100	102	M. & N. G. 1st	100	—
Atlanta 5s	102½	104	Ga. Mid. & Glf 1st 6s, 1926	91	93
Atlanta 4½s	102	103	RAILROAD STOCKS.		
Augusta 7s	113	—	Georgia	196	198
Macon 6s	110	114	At. & Char.	80	—
Columbus 5s	98	—	Southwest'n	124	—
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.			S. Carolina	5	10
Atlanta Nat'l	200	300	Central	120	—
Merch'ts B'k	130	140	Central deb	99	101
B'k State Ga	140	—	Aug. & Sav	125	130
Gate City Nat	140	—	A. & W. Pt	108	110
Capital City	95	100	do. deb	100	—
S. G RAILROAD BONDS. 6s, 1897	105	—	C., C. & A.	25	35

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Stocks as Reported at the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, January 25.—Stock market was dullest for many days and was almost completely barren of feature and trading, as usual was of same professional character. All interest centered in St. Paul, Richmond and West Point and Reading, and some effort was made to hammer first two stocks named by effect was of no importance. Gould properties were among firmest today. Weak spots were Oregon improvement and Manitoba which are materially lower this evening on very small transactions. There was little movement in market until toward 2 p. m. when more animation was developed and best prices of day was reached, after which there was no further feature and close was very dull but steady at highest prices of day. Transactions show further decrease aggregation only 112,000 shares almost everything is higher tonight, though advances are confined to fractional amounts only. Oregon improvement, however, is down 1⅞ and Manitoba 1¾.

Exchange dull but steady at 485½@486. Money easy at 2½@3½, closing offered at 3. Subtreasury balances: Coin $132,737,000; currency, $10,722,000. Governments dull and heavy; 4s 125; 4½s 107⅛. State bonds dull but steady.

Ala. Class A 2 to 5	105	N. O. Pac. 1st	77
do. Class B 5s	110	N. Y. Central	107⅛
Ga. 7s mortgage	105	Norfolk & W'n pre	44
N. C. 6s	121	Northern Pacific	21¼
do. 4s	95	do. preferred	45⅝
S. C. con. Brown	106½	Pacific Mail	34½
Tenn. settlement 6s	70	Reading	65¼
Virginia 6s	48	Rich. & Alleghany	6
Virginia consols	40	Richmond & Dan	—
Chesap'ke & Ohio	4	Rich. & W. P. Ter'l	22
Chicago & N. W.	108⅝	Rock Island	112
do. preferred	143½	St. Paul	75⅞
Del. & Lack	129½	do. preferred	114¼
Erie	27½	Texas Pacific	25
East Tenn., new	10	Tenn. Coal & Iron	30
Lake Shore	92⅞	Union Pacific	56⅜
L. & N.	60⅜	N. J. Central	78⅛
Memphis & Char	54	Missouri Pacific	84
Mobile & Ohio	11½	Western Union	77⅜
N. & C.	78½	Cotton oil trust cert.	32⅞

*Bid. †Ex-dividend. ‡Offered. ¶Ex-rights.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 25, 1888.

Net receipts for 4 days 58,802 bales, against 85,349 bales last year; exports 67,972 bales; last year 114,106 bales; stock 933,352 bales; last year 937,470 bales.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
January	10.51@10.53	10.54@......
February	10.54@......	10.58@10.59
March	10.67@10.68	10.69@10.70
April	10.73@10.75	10.75@10.76
May	10.80@10.81	10.82@10.83
June	10.87@......	10.89@10.90
July	10.91@10.92	10.93@10.94
August	10.94@10.95	10.96@10.97
September	10.45@10.49	10.48@10.49
October	10.12@......	10.12@10.13

Closed steady; sales 57,700 bales.

Local—Cotton steady; middling 9⅝c.

The following is our table of receipts and shipments for today:

RECEIPTS.

By wagon	31
Air-line Railroad	35
Georgia Railroad	121
Central Railroad	32
Western and Atlantic Railroad	5
West Point Railroad	7
East Tennessee, Va. and Ga. Railroad	17
Georgia Pacific Railroad	—
A. and F	9
Total	260
Receipts previously	97,038
Total	97,298
Stock September 1	81
Grand total	97,379

SHIPMENTS.

Shipped today	50
Shipped previously	79,764
Taken by local spinners	5,176
Total	84,990
Stock on hand	12,389

The following is our comparative statement:

Receipts today	260
Same time last year	172
Showing an increase of	88
Receipts since September 1	97,398
Same time last year	116,528
Showing a decrease of	19,230

NEW YORK, January 25—C. L. Green & Co., in their report on cotton futures today, say: Business continues rather light, and as a rule fails to extend beyond the limits of the room, the outside element appearing to be in a waiting mood and unwilling to enter upon new deals at present. Variations in price are consequently quite narrow, and afford no clear trading margin. On the whole, however, the undertone today has been fairly steady, and after breaking off a fraction, prices stiffened on a steady disappearance of offerings, and finally closed very well supported at 2@3 points above last evening. Small receipts of actual cotton also had some influence, especially after it was discovered that of the 2,667 bales reported for Galveston over 1.800 bales were simply linters, and 750 bales through shipments. The foreign position is without essentially new features.

NEW YORK, January 25—[Special.]—From Hubbard, Price & Co., through John S. Ernest: Our cables today advise that the foreign markets all discredit all reports sent from here regarding the exhaustion of the crop, and believe the diminishing port receipts due to bad roads. The inactivity of our market predisposes operators abroad to this opinion, and an advance there will only follow some active movement here, which will be interpreted as showing the correctness of the views of the marketing of the crop. The same report as before is received concerning Manchester, which will buy when the cotton market shows strength. Our many inquiries syuth bring replies which point to exhaustion, but cannot yet summarize them. Operators here have been indifferent to business today, with a resulting dull market. Prices opened at a slight improvement and remained steady during the forenoon, advancing late in the day under small but judicious buying, which ran the inside positions four points and the outside ones two points above the close of yesterday. Arint cloths show a good business at an advance of 1-16c. The feeling is in favor of better prices tomorrow, the firm front of the bull operators bringing many of the smaller traders into line, and, while the volume of business is small, a continuance of the liffht receipts will bring free buyers to the market.

Mr. W. H. Brodie, one of the oldest and most respected members of the exchange, was suddenly stricken apparently by an apoplectic stroke while in his office, and the probable fatal result was much deplored by all, as his personal traits had made him much endeared.

NEW ORLEANS, January 25—Messrs. Glenny & Violett have this to say about cotton in their circular: The bears here are becoming nervous with a growing disposition to cover shorts in near months on account of reports that all notices will be stopped in February and March. This, together with light port receipts, has given much strength to the market. Interior receipts, so far as indicated, show a large loss as compared with last week and this week last year, Memphis alone losing 14,000 bales from last Friday's stock with two more days to still further reduce it. A dispatch from Savannah this afternoon reports unsold stock there only 14,000 bales. We think a large amount of the stock at all the leading ports is in the hands of strong holders, and when eastern and foreign spinners want it they will have to pay for it. The market closed as follows: February 9.94@9.95, March 10.08@10.09, April 10.18@10.19, May 10.28@10.30, June 10.39@10.40, July 10.49@10.50, August 10.48@10.44, October 9.62@9.65.

MANCHESTER, January 24.—The Guardian, in its commercial article, says: Concord between buyers and producers regarding prices is almost as distant as it was a fortnight ago, although sellers have generally made substantial concessions. The cause of difficulty principally is uncertainty as to amount of American cotton crop. Export yarns are fairly supported by November and December orders. Although some spinners are anxious for fresh business, they are rarely so pressed as to be compelled to make decided concession in price. There is poor demand for yarns. There have been a few moderate sales of cloth for India, but otherwise sales have been unimportant. Heavy goods are quiet, but steady.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, January 25—12:15p. m.—Cotton quiet and rather easier; middling uplands 5⅝; middling Orleans 5 11-16; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 37,000; American 30,10 ; uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 38-64; January and February delivery 5 36-64; February and March delivery 5 37-64; March and April delivery 5 38-64, 5 39-64; April and May delivery 5 40-64; May and June delivery 5 42-64; June and July delivery 5 44-64; July and August delivery 5 46-64; futures opened dull.

LIVERPOOL, January 25—2:00 p.m.—Sales of American 7,300 bales; uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 36-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 36-64, buyers; February and March delivery 5 37-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 38-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 40-64, value; May and June delivery 5 42-64, sellers; June and July delivery 5 44-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5 46-64, sellers; August and September 5 46-64, buyers; futures quiet and steady.

LIVERPOOL, January 25—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause January delivery 5 37-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 37-64, buyers; February and March delivery 5 37-64, buyers; March and April delivery 5 39-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 40-64, buyers; May and June delivery 5 42-64, buyers; June and July delivery 5 44-64, buyers; July and August delivery 5 46-64, buyers; August and September delivery 5 47-64, sellers; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, January 25—Cotton dull; sales 107 bales; middling uplands 10⅝; middling Orleans 10¾; net receipts 1,126; gross 6,013; consolidated net receipts 13,014; exports to Great Britain 3,356; to continent 6,146; stock 242,731.

GALVESTON, January 25—Cotton quiet; middling 10; net receipts 2,667 bales; gross 2,667; sales 85; stock 44,918.

NORFOLK, January 25—Cotton quiet; middling 10 1-16; net receipts 644 bales; gross 644; stock 53,640; sales 471; exports coastwise 652.

BALTIMORE, January 25—Cotton nominal; middling 10⅝; net receipts 179 bales; gross 335; sales none; stock 10,296; sales to spinners —; exports to Great Britain 2,965; coastwise 133.

BOSTON, January 25—Cotton quiet; middling 10¾; net receipts 115 bales; gross 1,655; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, January 25—Cotton quiet; middling 10 1-16; net receipts 185 bales; gross 185; sales none; stock 14,193.

PHILADELPHIA, January 25—Cotton firm; middling 10 11-16; net receipts 208 bales; gross 208; sales none; stock 8,221; exports to Great Britain 1,391.

SAVANNAH, January 25—Cotton quiet; middling 9 13-16; net receipts 1,492 bales; gross 1,492; sales 300; stock 85,056; exports coastwise 3,401.

NEW ORLEANS, January 25—Cotton steady; middling 9⅞; net receipts 2,614 bales; gross 2,714; sales 3,000; stock 374,376; exports to continent 1,200; coastwise 4,881.

MOBILE, January 25—Cotton firm; middling 9 13-16; net receipts 460 bales; gross 480; sales 800; stock 44,628; exports coastwise 454.

MEMPHIS, January 25—Cotton quiet but firm; middling 9 13-16; net receipts 755 bales; shipments 2,278; sales 950; stock 143,050.

AUGUSTA, January 25—Cotton dull; middling 10; net receipts 170 bales; shipments —; sales 959.

CHARLESTON, January 25—Cotton quiet; middling 10; net receipts 1,735 bales; gross 1,735; sales 350; stock 37,550; exports to continent 3,900; coastwise 685.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Produce.

Special to The Constitution.

CHICAGO, January 25—There was no activity on 'change today. A slow dragging decline in prices for wheat and corn was checked for a time during the morning, but the reaction soon came to an end. A decrease of 1,200,000 bushels in the amount of wheat on ocean passage caused wheat to open a little higher. May being up ⅛@¼c at 81. From that figure it advanced to 82¼@82⅜ and under a free offering again reacted to about 82. About noon the local crowd who had got long on the market began dumping their holdings and caused May to break again to 81⅝ where it closed.

Corn was without special feature today, trading being almost entirely local. A somewhat firmer feeling prevailed, however, influenced mainly by covering by local shorts. May corn opened ⅛@¼c higher at 52¾@52⅞, advanced to 53, followed wheat down and touched 52¾ and closed at 52¾.

Oats were dull and lifeless and sold within ⅛@¼ range.

Provisions were quiet and steady and without feature of interest up to noon. Outside business was light and professionals had things all their own way, but the fluctuations were confined to narrow limits.

About 12:30 the big bears made a sudden raid on pork wite the intention of forcing May below $14.00, when a selling on stop orders were expected to carry it materially lower. After breaking the market from $14.20 to $14.07½ they desisted and in a few minutes a rally to $14.20 was witnessed. The range for the morning was $14.07½@$14.32½ and closed at $14.27½.

Lard broke 5@7½. May lard sold at 7.50@7.52 and closed at 7.52½.

Short ribs declined 7½, but reacted and closed steady. May short ribs at 7.67½@7.70 and closed at 7.65.

The following was the range in the leading futures in Chicago today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
February	76	76⅛	75⅞
May	82	82¼	81⅝
June	82½	82½	82
CORN—			
February	47⅞	47⅞	47¾
May	52¾	53	52⅝
June	53	53	52⅞
OATS—			
May	33⅛	33⅛	33
PORK—			
February	13 87½	13 90	13 85
May	14 27½	14 32½	14 27½
LARD—			
February	7 35	7 35	7 32½
May	7 55	7 55	7 52½
June	7 62½	7 62½	7 60
SHORT RIBS—			
February	7 42½	7 42½	7 40
May	7 67½	7 70	7 65

PROVISIONS, GRAIN, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, January 25, 1888.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, January 25—Flour—Best patent $5.50; extra fancy $5.25; fancy $4.75; extra family $4.50; choice family $4.25; family $4.00; extra $3.75. Wheat — New Tennessee 95@97c; new Georgia 85. Bran—Large sacks $1.20; small $1.20. Corn Meal—Plain 75c; bolted 75c. Pea Meal—90c. Grits—$4.40. Corn—Choice white 74c; No. 2 white Tennessee 72c; No. 2 mixed 70c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 48c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, $1.10; small bales $1.10; No. 1 large bales $1.10; small bales $1.10; clover 95c; wheat straw baled 80c. Peas—Stock —.

NEW YORK, January 25—Flour, southern quiet and steady; common to fair extra $3.30@$4.00; good to choice $4.00@$5.00. Wheat, options advanced ⅛@⅜c but later weakened and settled back ⅛@⅜c, closing barely steady at a shade above the bottom; spot a shade lower and dull; No. 2 red January 88⅞@89⅛; February 88⅞@89⅛; May 91⅞@92⅛. Corn, options opened ⅛@¼c higher, closing dull and barely steady; spot opened firm but quiet, closing weak; No. 2 January 60¼; February 60⅛; May 60⅝@61⅛. Oats a shade stronger and quiet; mixed western 37½@40; No. 2 January 38⅜; February 38⅞; May 39⅜@39½. Hops steady; state 4@17; California 6@15.

BALTIMORE, January 25—Flour easy and dull; Howard street and western superfine $2.37@$2.75; extra $3.00@$3.75; family $4.00@$4.35; city mills superfine $2.37@$2.65; extra $3.00@$3.75; Rio brands $4.37@$5.00. Wheat, southern firmer but quiet; western higher and quiet; southern red 96@$100; amber $1.00@$1.02; No. 1 Maryland —; No. 2 western winter red spot 88 bid. Corn, southern quiet but firm; white 58@59; yellow 58@59.

ST. LOUIS, January 25—Flour very dull. Wheat closed easier about ⅜c lower than yesterday; No. 2 red fall cash 80½; February 80⅝; May 82¾@83¼. Corn ⅛c lower; No. 2 mixed cash 47¼@47⅜; February 47; May 48⅝@48⅞. Oats easier; No. 2 mixed cash 30⅛@30⅝; May 31⅝.

CHICAGO, January 25—Cash quotations were as follows; Flour steady; winter wheat $3.90@$4.35; spring wheat $3.40@4.25; spring patent $3.50@$4.80. No. 2 spring wheat 75½@76¼; No. 3 do. 68; No. 2 red 81. No. 2 corn 47¾. No. 2 oats 30.

CINCINNATI, January 25—Flour easier; family $3.50@$3.65; fancy $3.90@$4.00. Wheat dull and lower; No. 2 red 87@88. Corn quiet; No. 2 mixed 51½. Oats steady; No. 2 mixed 34.

LOUISVILLE, January 25—Grain quiet. Wheat, No. 2 red 89@90; longberry —. Corn, No. 2 mixed 54; do. white —. Oats, new No. 2 mixed 35¾; No. 2 white —.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, January 25—Coffee—Firm; in good demand. We quote: Choice 23½c; prime 22½c; good 21½c; fair 20½c; low grade 19c. Sugar—Cut loaf 8c; powdered 8c; standard granulated 8c; standard A 7½c; extra C 7c; yellow extra C 6½c. Syrups—New Orleans choice 50@55c; prime 35@35c; common 20@25c. Teas—Black 35@60c; green 35@60c. Nutmegs 75c; Cloves 35c. Allspice 12½c. Cinnamon 12c. Sago 50c. Ginger 10c. Mace 60c. Pepper 20c. Crackers—Milk 7c; Boston butter 8c; pearl oyster 7½c; X soda 5c; XXX do. 5½c. Candy—Assorted stick 9c. Mackerel — No. 3 bbls $15.00; ½ bbls $6.75; kits 80c. Soap $2.00@$5.00 ₩ 100 cakes. Candles — Full weight 11c. Matches — Round wood ₩ gross $1.15; ₩ 200 $2.50; ₩ 3.50; ₩ 400 $4.50. Soda—in kegs 4½c; in boxes 5½c. Rhoice 6½c; prime 6c; fair 5½c. Salt—Virginia 75c. Cheese—Cream 14c; factory 13c.

NEW ORLEANS, January 25—Coffee easier; Riocargoes common to prime 1.@.9½. Sugar tending upward; Louisiana open kettle prime to strictly prime 4¾@4½; prime 4 15-16@4⅞; fully fair 4¾; good fair 4½@4⅝; fair 4½; common to good common 4¼@4 7-16; centrifugals, plantation granulated 6½; choice white 6 .-16@6 ; off white 6¼@6⅜; choice yellow clarified 5⅞@6; prime do. 5¾@5 13-16; off do. 5⅝@5¾; seconds 5@5⅞. Molasses quiet; open kettle fancy 38; choice 36; strictly prime 34@35; good prime 28@30; prime 22@25; common 25; fair to good fair 15@16; good common 22@24; centrifugals in good demand; strictly prime to choice 22@24; prime to good prime 19@21; fair to good fair 18@19; common to good common 18@21. Louisiana syrup 20@26. Rice in good demand; Louisiana ordinary to prime 4¾@5½.

NEW YORK, January 25—Coffee fair Rio dull at 17¼; options opened heavy and lower, closing steadier with a fair business; No. 7 Rio January 14.45@14.80; February 13.45@13.70; March 13.00@13.15; May 12.55@12.70. Sugar dull and nominal; fair to good refining 5⅛; refined dull; C 5⅝@5¾; extra C 5¾@6; white extra C 5⅞@6; yellow 5¼@5⅞; off A 6⅛@6⅜; mould A 7⅜; standard A 6¾; confectioners A 7⅛; cut loaf and crushed 8; powdered 7⅜@7½; granulated 7⅛@7¼; cubes 7⅜. Molasses quiet; 50-test 23. Rice firm; domestic 4½@5⅝.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, January 25—Provisions lower. Pork, new $14 75. Lard 7.10@7.15. Dry salt meats, boxed lots shoulders 5.87½@6.00; long clear 7.50; clear ribs 7.62½; short clear 7.75. Bacon, boxed shoulders 6.50; long clear 8.35; short ribs 8.45; short clear 8.60@8.62½; hams 11½@12.

NEW YORK, January 25—Pork dull and in buyers favor; mess $15.00@$15.25. Middles nominal. Lard closed dull and barely steady; western steam spot 7.67½; January 7.66; February 7.58@7.61; May 7.77@7.87; city steam 7.45; refined to continent 7.80.

LOUISVILLE, January 25—Provisions quiet. Bacon, clear rib sides 8⅝; clear sides 9⅛; shoulders 7. Bulk meats, clear rib sides 6¾; clear sides 8¼; partly cured shoulders 6.00. Mess pork $16.00. Hams, sugar-cured 11@12. Lard, choice leaf 9⅛.

CHICAGO, January 25—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $13.75@$13.80. Lard 7.32½. Short ribs loose 7.40. Dry salted shoulders boxed 5.90@6.00; short clear sides boxed 7.85@7.90.

ATLANTA, January 25—The following are ruling cash prices today: Clear rib sides 8¾c. Sugar-cured hams 12½@14½c. Lard—Pure leaf, tierces 9½c; refined 8½c.

CINCINNATI, January 25—Pork dull at $14.50. Lard easier at 7.30. Bulk meats steady; short ribs 7¾. Bacon firm; short ribs —; short clear 8⅞.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, January 25—Turpentine dull at 39; rosin firm; strained 80; good strained 85; tar firm at $1.10; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.10; yellow dip $2.25; virgin $2.25.

SAVANNAH, January 25—Turpentine dull at 38¾; sales — barrels; rosin steady at 85@87½; sales — barrels.

CHARLESTON, January 25—Turpentine nominal; nothing doing; rosin quiet; good strained 85.

NEW YORK, January 25—Rosin steady at $1.07½@$1.12½; turpentine dull at 41.

Fruits and Confectioneries.

ATLANTA, January 25—Apples—$3.00@$3.25 ₩ bbl. Lemons—$3.50@$4.00. Oranges—$3.25@$3.50. Cocoanuts—6c. Pineapples—$2.00 ₩ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.75@$2.00; grapes 7½@12½c ₩ lb. Figs — 13@18c. Raisins — New London $3.25; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90c. Currants—7½@8c. Leghorn citron—27c. Almonds—19c. Pecans—10@14c. Brazil—10@11c. Filberts—12½c. Walnuts—13c. Dried Fruit—Sundried apples 6@8c, sundried peaches 6@8c; sundried peaches pealed 12c.

Hardware.

ATLANTA, January 25—Market steady. Horseshoes $4.25@$4.50; mule shoes $5.25@$5.50; horseshoe nails 12@20c. Ironbound hames $3.50. Trace-chains 32@70c. Ames' shovels $9.00. Spades $10.00. Well-buckets $3.50@$4.50. Cotton rope 15@16c. Sweed iron 5c; rolled or merchant bar 2¾c rate. Cast-steel 10@12c. Nails, iron, $2.50; steel $2.60. Glidden barbed wire, galvanized, ₩ lb 5@5½c. Powder, rifle $5.00; blasting $2.15. Bar lead 7c. Shot $1.60.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, January 25—Eggs —20c. Butter—Gilt edge 20@23c; choice Tennessee 20@22½c; othes grades 10@15c. Poultry — Hens 25c; young chickens large 12½@15. Irish Potatoes—$3.00@3.50. Sweet Potatoes—70@75c. Honey —Strained 6@8c; in the comb 10c. Onions—$3.50@$3.75. Cabbage—2½@3c.

Live Stock.

ATLANTA, January 25—Horses —Plug $65@90; good drive $150@$200; drivers $125@$140; fine $250@$300. Mules—14½ to 15 hands $115@$125; 15 to 15½ hands $135@$160.

CINCINNATI, January 25—Hogs easy; common and light $4.25@$5.15; packing and butchers $5.45@$5.80.

Whisky.

CINCINNATI, January 25—Whisky steady at $1.05.
ST. LOUIS, January 25—Whisky steady at $1.05.
CHICAGO, January 25—Whisky $1.10.

Bagging and Ties.

ATLANTA, January 25—Bagging 1¾ lbs 6⅝c; 1½ lbs 6⅝c; $1.2lbs 7⅛; 1⅞ lbs 7⅝c; 2 lbs 7½c; ¼ lbs 8½c. Ties 1⅜.

DRESSMAKING.

MISS A. VAN DUSEN
IMPORTER OF
Wraps and Costumes.
DRESSMAKING IN ALL ITS BRANCHES
62 West 46th St., NEW YORK.

ABSOLUTE PERFECTION IN BAKING!
—AND ALL—
MEATS ROASTED IN THEIR OWN JUICES, BY USING THE
WIRE GAUZE OVEN DOOR
FOUND EXCLUSIVELY ON THE



MARVELOUS RESULTS

LOSS IN SHRINKAGE OF MEATS.

Very few people know that the Shrinkage of Meats roasted in a close oven is from thirty-five to forty per cent. All meat contains seventy-five per cent. of water and only twenty-five per cent. of solid matter, and the loss that is made in the roasting is made in the evaporation of the juice, which is the VITAL PART OF MEAT

Effect of the SOLID OVEN Door.

A TEN pound Sirloin, medium or well-done, will be REDUCED TO SIX pounds and four ounces of Roasted meat, showing a loss of three pounds and twelve ounces of juice. While the loss is 37½ per cent. of the total weight, it shows the enormous LOSS OF FIFTY PER CENT. OF THE JUICE.

Effect of WIRE GAUZE OVEN Door.

A TEN pound Sirloin, medium or well-done, will be reduced to nine pounds and eight ounces of Roasted meat, showing a loss of eight ounces of juice. While this loss is five per cent. of the total weight, it shows the very small LOSS OF BUT SEVEN PER CENT. OF JUICE.

SEND FOR ILLUSTRATED CIRCULARS AND PRICE LISTS.

FOR SALE BY A. P. STEWART & CO.,
69 Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.,
tues thur sat sun wky

PETER LYNCH,
95 Whitehall Street,
ATLANTA, - - GEORGIA,
Retail Dealer in
Foreign and Domestic Liquors.

Fine Liquors and Wines for medicinal purposes a specialty. Also bottled English Ale, Dublin Porter and Lager Beer. Tobaccos, Cigars and Snuff; Guns and Ammunition; Pistols and Cartridges; also Field and Garden Seeds in their seasons; Glass and Crockeryware, Boots and Shoes, and many other goods too numerous to mention. A perfect Variety Store. Terms, cash. Prices as low as the lowest.
PETER LYNCH.

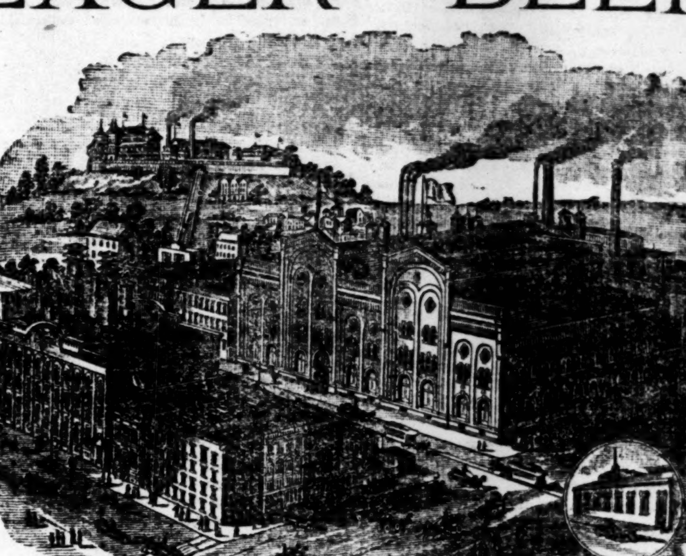
JOSEPH THOMPSON
(Of the late firm of Cox, Hill & Thompson,)
21 AND 23 DECATUR STREET,
Importer, Distiller and Wholesale Dealer in
Liquors, Wines, Brandies, Gins, Etc

Agent for Apollinaris Water and Mumm's Champagnes.
Pure Country Corn Whisky a specialty.
Orders from a distance promptly attended to.
Telephone 48.
Goods delivered in city.
su tu fr tf—th fr su

LAGER BEER.

CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN, Pres. JACOB MOERLEIN, Treas. GEO. MOERLEIN, Vice-Pres
JNO. GOETZ, Jr., Sec'y. JOHN MOERLEIN, Supt. WM. MOERLEIN, Ass't Sup

The Christian Moerlein Brewing Co.,
CINCINNATI, OHIO.
CAPACITY 350,000 BARRELS YEARLY.
—MANUFACTURERS OF THE FINEST BRANDS OF—
LAGER BEER.



For Sale Everywhere in Atlanta.

Particular attention is invited to our "NATIONAL EXPORT" which is brewed from the finest grade of imported and domestic hops and malt, and prepared according to the most approved methods. It is genuine and pure old lager; does not contain a particle of any injurious ingredients, and being absolutely free from all adulterations is invariably prescribed by the most prominent physicians for the convalescent, the weak and the aged. The "NATIONAL EXPORT" was brewed originally for the Australian trade exclusively, but, with our increased facilities, we are now prepared to furnish it to our customers throughout the world.

MOERLEIN'S "NATIONAL EXPORT" was awarded the first premium at every Cincinnati Exposition over all competitors, proving it the best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the world. The barrel beer of THE CHRISTIAN MOERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be equal, if not superior, to any beer brewed at home or abroad. Export beer is put up in casks of Ten Dozen Pints, and is guaranteed to keep in any climate.

Emil Selig, Atlanta Agent.
ALL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.
jan14—d3m

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CENTRAL RAILROAD of GEORGIA

No change of cars between Atlanta and Jacksonville, Fla., and intermediate points, or to Savannah, Ga.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, December 18th, 1887.

On and after this date Passenger Trains will run daily, as follows, except those marked †, which are run daily except Sunday. And those marked * are run on Sunday only.

Leave Atlanta	6:50 am	7:15 pm	2:30 pm	10:00 pm	† 5.00 pm	* 3:00 pm	†12:01 pm
Arrive Hapeville	......	......	......	......	......	......	†12:30 pm
Arrive Griffin	8:20 am	8:45 pm	4:05 pm	11:20 am	† 7:03 pm	* 4:58 pm	......
Arrive Barnesville	8:55 am	9:19 pm	4:47 pm	11:50 pm	† 7:55 pm	* 5:35 pm	......
Arrive Macon	10:25 am	10:50 pm	6:30 pm	1:15 pm	......	......	......
Arrive Columbus	2:55 pm	......	6:20 am	......	......	......	......
Arrive Eufaula	4:10 pm	......	4:37 am	......	......	......	......
Arrive Montgomery via Eufaula	7:13 pm	......	7:25 am	......	......	......	......
Arrive Albany	2:55 pm	......	11:05 pm	4:50 am	......	......	......
Arrive Millen	2:08 pm	3:08 am	......	......	......	......	......
Arrive Savannah	5:00 pm	6:15 am	......	......	......	......	......

Passengers for Carrollton, Thomaston, Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Buena Vista, Blakeley, Clayton, Ala., Sylvania, Sandersville, Wrightsville, Eatonton, Milledgeville, should take the 6:50 a. m. train from Atlanta.

Leave Savannah	7:10 am	8:20 pm	......	......	......	......	......
Leave Millen	9:40 am	11:15 pm	......	......	......	......	......
Leave Montgomery via Eufaula	......	......	7:25 pm	7:40 am	......	......	......
Leave Eufaula	......	......	10:12 pm	10:47 am	......	......	......
Leave Albany	......	......	4.25 am	3:10 pm	......	......	......
Leave Columbus	......	......	10:30 pm	12:15 pm	......	......	......
Leave Macon	2:00 pm	3:25 am	9:10 am	7:05 pm	......	......	......
Leave Barnesville	3:27 pm	5:08 am	10:50 am	8:34 pm	† 5:20 am	* 7:00 am	......
Leave Griffin	4:05 pm	5:41 am	11:31 am	9:05 pm	† 5:57 am	* 7:45 am	......
Leave Hapeville	......	......	......	......	......	......	† 1:10 pm
Arrive at Atlanta	5:40 pm	7:15 am	1:15 pm	10:35 pm	† 8:15 am	* 9:50 am	† 1:40 pm

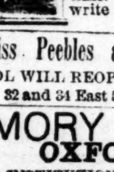
Sleeping Cars on all night trains between Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah and Augusta, Macon and Columbus, Atlanta and Albany.

Through car between Atlanta and Columbus via Griffin.

Tickets for all points and Sleeping Car berth tickets on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta.

S. B. WEBB, Passenger Agent. D. W. APPLER, General Agent.
ALBERT HOWELL, Union Ticket Agent, E. T. CHARLTON, Gen. Pass. Agent, Savannah Ga.

SCHOOLS.



Coleman National Business College, Newark, N. J. Open all the year. Best course of Business Training. Best facilities. Pleasantest location. Lowest rates. Shortest time. Most highly recommended write for Catalogue and be convinced.
H. COLEMAN, Pres't.

Miss Peebles and Miss Thompson's
SCHOOL WILL REOPEN MONDAY, OCTOBER 31
32 and 34 East 57th Street, New York.

EMORY COLLEGE,
OXFORD, GA.

THE INSTITUTION ENTERS UPON ITS FIFTY first session October 12, 1887, with enlarged faculty and increased facilities. For catalogues and information write to
tf ISAAC S. HOPKINS, President.

CHATTANOOGA, ROME & COLUMBUS RAILROAD.

TIME TABLE NO. 9.

In Effect November 22, 1887.

South Bound.	Daily. No. 1.	Daily. No. 3.
Rome	......	......
East Rome	6 30 am	2 30 pm
Holmes	6 40 am	2 40 pm
Holders	6 51 am	2 51 pm
Chambers	7 02 am	3 02 pm
New Bethel	7 15 am	3 15 pm
Summit	7 26 am	3 26 pm
Brooks	7 34 am	3 34 pm
Lake Creek	7 39 am	3 39 pm
Dyars	7 52 am	3 52 pm
Cedartown	8 10 am	4 10 pm

North Bound.	Daily. No. 2.	Daily. No. 4.
Cedartown	8 50 am	5 00 pm
Dyars	9 08 am	5 18 pm
Lake Creek	9 21 am	5 31 pm
Brooks	9 26 am	5 36 pm
Summit	9 35 am	5 45 pm
New Bethel	9 44 am	5 54 pm
Chambers	9 59 am	6 09 pm
Holders	10 08 am	6 18 pm
Holmes	10 21 am	6 31 pm
East Rome	10 30 am	6 40 pm
Rome	......	......

All trains run to East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia passenger depot in East Rome.

Connect at Rome with East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad, and with Rome railroad a Cedartown with East and West Railroad of Alabama.

J. D. WILLIAMSON, President. F. H. HARRIS, Acting Supt.

THE MIDLAND ROUTE.
(Georgia Midland and Gulf R. R.)

Shortest, quickest and best route to Columbus, Union Springs, Troy and Eufaula. Schedule in effect November 27th, 1887.

DAILY—SOUTHBOUND.	52.	50.
Leave Atlanta via Central R R	6 50 am	2 30 am
" McDonough, G M & G	7 15 am	......
" Griffin, "	8 30 am	4 10 pm
Arrive Woodbury "	9 45 am	5 25 pm
" Warm Springs, "	10 15 am	5 50 pm
" Columbus, "	12 05 n'n	7 40 pm
Leave Columbus, M & G	3 15 pm	......
Arrive Union Springs, "	5 30 pm	......
" Troy, "	7 15 pm	......
" Eufaula	10 12 pm	......

This is the only line running through coaches between Atlanta and Columbus without change.

DAILY—NORTHBOUND.	51.	53.
Leave Eufaula	4 37 am	......
" Troy, M & G	7 40 am	......
" Union Springs, "	9 20 am	......
Arrive Columbus,	11 40 am	......
Leave Columbus, G M & G	4 15 am	8 00 am
Arrive Warm Springs, "	6 10 pm	9 50 am
" Woodbury, "	6 40 pm	10 15 am
" Griffin, "	7 50 pm	11 25 pm
" McDonough, "	......	4 25 pm
" Atlanta, Central R R	9 40 pm	1 15 pm

Close connection made in Union depot, Atlanta, with through sleepers for Washington, New York and the East. Also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Cincinnati and the Northwest.

C. W. CHEARS, Gen'l Pass. Agt. M. E. GRAY, Superintendent.
—Columbus, Ga.—

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER,
AUGUSTA, GA., Sept. 17th 1887.

Commencing Sunday, 18th instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

Trains run by 90th meridian time.

No. 27 WEST—DAILY.	
Leave Augusta	7 45 a m
Leave Washington	7 20 a m
Leave Athens	7 45 a m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 00 p m

No. 28 EAST—DAILY.	
Leave Atlanta	2 45 p m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Athens	7 20 p m
Arrive Washington	7 20 p m
Arrive Augusta	8 15 p m

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No. 2 EAST—DAILY.	No. 1 WEST—DAILY.
Lv. Atlanta......8 00 a m	Lv. Augusta......10 45 a m
Ar. Gainesville......8 25 p m	Lv. Macon......7 10 a m
Ar. Athens......5 05 p m	Lv. Milledgeville..9 19 a m
Ar. Washington...2 20 p m	Lv. Washington 11 20 a m
Ar. Milledgeville..4 13 p m	Lv. Athens......9 00 a m
Ar. Macon......6 00 p m	Ar. Gainesville......8 25 p m
Ar. Augusta......3 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta......5 45 p m

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

No. 4 EAST—DAILY.	No. 3 WEST—DAILY.
Lv. Atlanta......9 00 p m	Lv. Augusta......10 15 p m
Ar. Augusta......5 00 a m	Ar. Atlanta......6 30 a m

DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta......9 27 a m	Lv. Decatur......9 45 a m
Ar. Decatur......9 30 a m	Ar. Atlanta......10 15 a m

COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta......6 15 p m	Lv. Covington......5 40 a m
Lv. Decatur......6 51 p m	Lv. Decatur......7 25 a m
Ar. Covington......8 05 p m	Ar. Atlanta......7 55 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—DAILY.

No. 31 WESTWARD.	No. 32 EASTWARD.
Lv. Camack......1 30 a m	Lv. Macon......6 30 p m
Ar. Macon......7 30 a m	Ar. Camack......11 00 p m

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signalled, stop at any regular schedule flag station.

No connection for Gainesville on Sundays.

Train No. 27 will stop and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. This train makes close connection for all points east, southeast, west, southwest, north and northwest.

Train No. 28 will stop and receive passengers at and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

No. 28 stops at Harlem for supper.

E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager,
JOE W. WHITE, T. P. A., Augusta, Ga.

THE ATLANTA & FLORIDA RAILROAD

The following schedule will go into effect on the Atlanta and Florida Railroad on January 21st, 1888:

No. 1. (READ DOWN) A. M.	No. 3. P. M.	Miles		Miles	No. 2. (READ UP) A. M.	No. 4. P. M.
8 00	3 50	0	Lv Atlanta Ar	2	8 30	5 20
8 20	4 05	2	E T V & G Jn	0.5	8 20	5 10
8 23	4 07	2.5	Univ's'y Plce	0.5	8 18	5 08
8 25	4 10	3	Roseland	5	8 15	5 00
8 45	4 30	8	Hapeville	6	8 00	4 33
9 00	4 50	14	McCollough	2	7 40	4 15
9 06	4 55	16	Travis	3	7 32	4 10
9 15	5 05	19	Camp Creek	3	7 20	3 55
9 25	5 15	22	Gilbert's	2	7 10	3 40
9 30	5 20	24	Fayetteville	4	7 00	3 30
9 48	5 38	28	Nash's	3	6 42	3 12
10 00	5 50	31	ArW'lsyv'l Lv		6 30	3 00

Trains leave from and arrive at E. T., V & G. Ry. Passenger Depot.

JOHN N. DUNN, President. H. L. COLLIER, Chief Engineer.
H. C. HARRIS, General Manager.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.
L.S.L.
For tickets or further information address the undersigned. If you have not been fortunate elsewhere, try me for a change. Mention this paper. JAS. H. WILSON, Covington, Ky.

WORKED BY A SHARPER

A Citizen of Buford Caught at an Old Game.

A CONFIDENCE MAN SUCCEEDS AGAIN

A Georgian Become So Friendly With an Entire Stranger That He Lends Him Money to Pay His Bills.

Henry Patillo, a planter, residing near Buford, a station on the Air-Line railroad, was worked by an old confidence game yesterday afternoon to the extent of seventeen dollars.

The gentleman has been in Florida for several weeks, and yesterday morning reached Atlanta en route home. He found it impossible to leave the city until the afternoon, as he had some business to transact. Just before the Air-Line train left the union depot, Mr. Patillo was standing in front of the baggage room, waiting to have a trunk checked. The baggage men were quite busy, and the gentleman found it necessary to await his turn. While doing so, Mr. Patillo found a neatly dressed gentleman standing beside him, and as their eyes met he remarked:

"This is tiresome."

"Yes, rather tiresome" answered Mr. Patillo, as he received his check.

The stranger stepped back with Mr. Patillo, remarking:

"Find that valise, please. I want to leave on that Air-Line train this evening."

Mr. Patillo glanced at the stranger again, saying:

"I'm going up the Air-Line, too."

"Yes? How far?"

"Buford. I live there."

"Oh, then we will be together. I'm going to get off at Buford tonight. Have you anything to do now?"

"Nothing but wait for the train."

"Then suppose you walk up street with me. I have ordered a small bill of goods, and as it hasn't come I guess I'd better go after it. It's only a block or two."

Mr. Patillo walked off with the stranger, and before they had gone a half block their arms were linked. On Marietta street, near the capitol, a young fellow suddenly appeared in front of them, saying:

"Mr. Johnson, I have sent your goods down to the shed."

"Oh, and I was just coming after them. Come, walk down to the shed and get your money. I have left my purse in my valise."

"Sorry, but I ain't got time to go."

"That's bad," said Mr. Patillo's companion, meditatively.

Then turning to Mr. Patillo, he said:

"Can't you let me have seventeen dollars, until we get back to the depot."

Mr. Patillo took out his purse, and handed the stranger three five dollar bills and a two. The stranger passed it to the other man, and then taking Mr. Patillo by the arm, turned and started back towards the union depot. The two conversed pleasantly until they reached Jacob's corner, when the stranger stopped suddenly, saying:

"There now, I forgot to get my bill, and I must have it. Suppose you walk back with me until I get it."

Then as Mr. Patillo turned about the stranger said:

"Suppose you go on to the shed, and take care of my valise until I get there. I won't be long."

"All right," said Mr. Patillo.

The two men separated, Mr. Patillo moving on towards the depot and his companion traveling in an opposite direction. After reaching the depot, Mr. Patillo began waiting for the man to whom he had given the seventeen dollars, but he never came. The gentleman allowed his train to go without him and calling at the police headquarters reported his loss. Detectives Reeves and Buchanan were detailed to investigate it, but up to midnight no clue to the confidence man had been secured.

THEY DO COMPROMISE.

But it is All Done of their Own Accord—Other Matters.

"Look here," said Judge Landrum yesterday, "didn't you make a mistake about so many cases being compromised in court?"

"Why!"

"Well, you see it sounds as if I was a party in effecting the compromise, and of course I can't do anything like that. What I meant was simply that the parties themselves smoothed it over, you see, and the plaintiff withdrew the charge. When a plaintiff withdraws the charge, there is nothing to do but dismiss the case. But the idea is that I take no interest whatever in bringing about the compromise."

"Of course, but the idea about so large a proportion of negro cases being compromised is all right?"

"Oh, yes. That's true enough. They usually discover before the case comes up that they are not so mad as they thought they were, and the complaint is withdrawn. They fly all to pieces and make big charges, but the defendant musters his kinfolks and they usually get the plaintiff in a good humor. But that is entirely of their own accord, and don't concern me near as much as a letter I got today."

And the judge shook his head mournfully.

"What about?"

"Why the fellow had some costs to pay and got mad about it. He wants to bring the suits himself, try the cases himself, and then make somebody pay for it."

All of which goes to show that a justice of the peace has some very unreasonable correspondents.

The darky who stole a five cent comb from Mr. Jacobs a few days since, was tried before Judge Manning yesterday. His charge was larceny, and he went to jail in default of bond.

DIED AWAY FROM HOME.

Dr. Wooten's Death at the Surgical Institute—Buried Today.

Dr. John T. Wooten died yesterday morning at the Surgical institute, on South Pryor street. Two weeks ago today, Dr. Wooten was brought from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Harris, of Washington, Ga., to the institute in order so receive treatment for paralysis. On yesterday morning Dr. Wooten had an unusually severe attack which resulted in his death. His daughter, Mrs. Harris, and two other daughters, Mrs. Bradley and Miss Addie Wooten, will accompany the body today on its journey to the doctor's old home in Dalton.

Dr. Wooten was fifty-four years of age, a member of the Dalton Lodge Knights of Honor, and a physician of note in Dalton. He will be buried in Dalton this afternoon by the Knights of Honor.

HIS WIFE SAVED HIM.

The Rampant Briton Before the Bar of the Court for Contempt.

Yesterday morning Harry Greene, the Englishman who created a disturbance in the city court by interrupting Colonel Goodwin while he was making an argument, was before Judge Van Epps to answer to the charge of contempt of court.

He was duly sober and seemed sorry.

He said he was under the influence of liquor when he misbehaved, and asked the clemency of the court.

A letter was given Judge Van Epps. It was written by Greene's wife. The writer asked the court to deal leniently with the offender. She said that he was a sober, kind-hearted and industrious man, who very seldom drank to excess.

Judge Van Epps reprimanded Greene and then discharged him.

A SUIT FOR DIVORCE.

An Ill-Matched Couple Wants to Be Separated.

There was yesterday filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court a petition for divorce.

Sallie Dawson asks the court to annul her marriage with James Dawson, which took place the 15th of February, 1878.

She alleges in her petition that her husband deserted her.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS warm up and invigorate the stomach, improves and strengthens the digestive organs, opens the pores, promotes perspiration, and equalizes the circulation. As a corrector of disordered system there is nothing to equal it.

R BEER.

MOERLEIN, Treas. GEO. MOERLEIN, Vice-Pre
MOERLEIN, Supt. WM. MOERLEIN, Ass't Sup

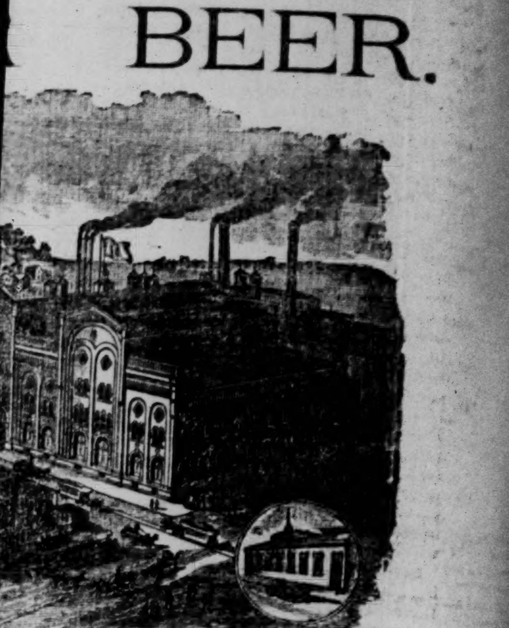
oerlein Brewing Co.,

ATI, OHIO.

0 BARRELS YEARLY.

OF THE FINEST BRANDS OF—

BEER.



rywhere in Atlanta.

IONAL EXPORT" which is brewed from the finest grade pe, and according to the most approved methods. It is particle of any injurious ingredients, and being abso prescribed by the most prominent physicians for the ATIONAL EXPORT" was brewed originally for the Austra facilities, we are now prepared to furnish it to our custom-

RT" was awarded the first premium at every Cincinnati best beer in Cincinnati, and, consequently, the finest in the N MOERLEIN BREWING CO. is guaranteed to be me or abroad. Export beer is put up in casks of Ten Dozen

Atlanta Agent.

PROMPTLY FILLED.

AD SCHEDULE.

LROAD of GEORGIA

nd Jacksonville, Fla., and intermediate points, or to Savannah, Ga.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, December 18th, 1887.

will run daily, as follows, except those marked †, which ar are run on Sunday only.

Perry, Fort Gaines, Talbotton, Buena Vista, Blakeley, Clayton, Eatonton, Milledgeville, should take the 6:50 a. m. train from

en Atlanta and Savannah, Savannah and Macon, Savannah nd Albany.

mbus via Griffin.

rth tickets on sale at Union Depot ticket office, in Atlanta.

D. W. APPLER, General Agent.

E. T. CHARLTON, Gen. Pass. Agent, Savannah Ga.

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD.

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, OFFICE GEN'L MANAGER, AUGUSTA, GA., Sept. 17th 1887.

Commencing Sunday, 18th instant, the following passenger schedule will be operated:

Trains run by 90th meridian time.

No. 27 WEST—DAILY.

Leave Augusta	7 45 a m
Leave Washington	7 20 a m
Leave Athens	7 45 a m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Atlanta	1 00 p m

No. 28 EAST—DAILY.

Leave Atlanta	2 45 p m
Leave Gainesville	5 55 a m
Arrive Athens	7 20 p m
Arrive Washington	7 20 p m
Arrive Augusta	8 15 p m

DAY PASSENGER TRAINS.

No. 2 EAST—DAILY.		No. 1 WEST—DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	8 00 a m	Lv. Augusta	10 45 a m
Ar. Gainesville	8 25 p m	Lv. Macon	7 10 a m
Ar. Athens	5 05 p m	Lv. Milledgeville	9 19 a m
Ar. Washington	2 20 p m	Lv. Washington	11 20 a m
Ar. Milledgeville	4 13 p m	Lv. Athens	9 00 a m
Ar. Macon	6 00 p m	Ar. Gainesville	8 25 p m
Ar. Augusta	3 35 p m	Ar. Atlanta	5 45 p m

NIGHT EXPRESS AND MAIL.

No. 4 EAST—DAILY.		No. 3 WEST—DAILY.	
Lv. Atlanta	9 00 p m	Lv. Augusta	10 15 p m
Ar. Augusta	5 00 a m	Ar. Atlanta	6 30 a m

DECATUR TRAIN—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta	9 27 a m	Lv. Decatur	9 45 a m
Ar. Decatur	9 30 a m	Ar. Atlanta	10 15 a m

COVINGTON ACCOM'N—Daily except Sunday.

Lv. Atlanta	6 15 p m	Lv. Covington	5 40 a m
Lv. Decatur	6 51 p m	Lv. Decatur	7 25 a m
Ar. Covington	8 05 p m	Ar. Atlanta	7 55 a m

MACON NIGHT EXPRESS—DAILY.

No. 3: WESTWARD.		No. 32 EASTWARD.	
Lv. Camack	1 30 a m	Lv. Macon	6 30 p m
Ar. Macon	7 30 a m	Ar. Camack	11 00 p m

Trains Nos. 2, 1, 4 and 3 will, if signalled, stop at any regular schedule flag station.

No connection for Gainesville on Sundays.

Train No. 27 will stop and receive passengers to and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur. This train makes close connection for all points east, southeast, west, southwest, north and northwest.

Train No. 28 will stop and receive passengers at and from the following stations only: Grovetown, Harlem, Dearing, Thompson, Norwood, Barnett, Crawfordville, Union Point, Greensboro, Madison, Rutledge, Social Circle, Covington, Conyers, Lithonia, Stone Mountain and Decatur.

No. 28 stops at Harlem for supper.

E. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
J. W. GREEN, Gen'l Manager.
JOE W. WHITE, T. P. A., Augusta, Ga.

THE ATLANTA & FLORIDA RAILROAD

The following schedule will go into effect on the Atlanta and Florida Railroad on January 21st, 1888:

READ DOWN.				Miles	READ UP.	
No. 1.	No. 3.	Miles			No. 2.	No. 4.
A. M.	P. M.				A. M.	P. M.
8 00	3 50	0	Lv Atlanta Ar	2	8 30	5 20
8 20	4 05	2	E T V & G Jn	0.5	8 20	5 10
8 23	4 07	2.5	Univ's'y Plce	0.5	8 18	5 08
8 25	4 10	3	Roseland	5	8 15	5 00
8 45	4 30	8	Hapeville	6	8 00	4 33
9 00	4 50	14	McCollough	2	7 40	4 15
9 06	4 55	16	Travis	3	7 32	4 10
9 15	5 05	19	Camp Creek	3	7 29	3 55
9 25	5 15	22	Gilbert's	2	7 10	3 40
9 30	5 20	24	Fayetteville	4	7 00	3 30
9 48	5 38	28	Nash's	3	6 42	3 12
10 00	5 50	31	ArW'lsyv'l Lv		6 30	3 00

Trains leave from and arrive at E. T., V & G. Ry. Passenger Depot.

JOHN N. DUNN, President. H. L. COLLIER, Chief Engineer.
H. C. HARRIS, General Manager.

Louisiana State Lottery Co.

L.S.L. For tickets or further information address the undersigned. If you have not been fortunate elsewhere, try me for a change. Mention this paper. JAS. H. WILSON, Covington, Ky.

WORKED BY A SHARPER

A Citizen of Buford Caught at an Old Game.

A CONFIDENCE MAN SUCCEEDS AGAIN

A Georgian Become So Friendly With an Entire Stranger That He Lends Him Money to Pay His Bills.

Henry Patillo, a planter, residing near Buford, a station on the Air-Line railroad, was worked by an old confidence game yesterday afternoon to the extent of seventeen dollars.

The gentleman has been in Florida for several weeks, and yesterday morning reached Atlanta en route home. He found it impossible to leave the city until the afternoon, as he had some business to transact. Just before the Air-Line train left the union depot, Mr. Patillo was standing in front of the baggage room, waiting to have a trunk checked. The baggage men were quite busy, and the gentleman found it necessary to await his turn. While doing so, Mr. Patillo found a neatly dressed gentleman standing beside him, and as their eyes met he remarked:

"This is tiresome."

"Yes, rather tiresome'" answered Mr. Patillo, as he received his check.

The stranger stepped back with Mr. Patillo, remarking:

"Find that valise, please. I want to leave on that Air-Line train this evening."

Mr. Patillo glanced at the stranger again, saying:

"I'm going up the Air-Line, too."

"Yes? How far?"

"Buford. I live there."

"Oh, then we will be together. I'm going to get off at Buford tonight. Have you anything to do now?"

"Nothing but wait for the train."

"Then suppose you walk up street with me. I have ordered a small bill of goods, and as it hasn't come I guess I'd better go after it. It's only a block or two."

Mr. Patillo walked off with the stranger, and before they had gone a half block their arms were linked. On Marietta street, near the capitol, a young fellow suddenly appeared in front of them, saying:

"Mr. Johnson, I have sent your goods down to the shed."

"Oh, and I was just coming after them. Come, walk down to the shed and get your money. I have left my purse in my valise."

"Sorry, but I ain't got time to go."

"That's bad," said Mr. Patillo's companion, meditatively.

Then turning to Mr. Patillo, he said:

"Can't you let me have seventeen dollars, until we get back to the depot."

Mr. Patillo took out his purse, and handed the stranger three five dollar bills and a two. The stranger passed it to the other man, and then taking Mr. Patillo by the arm, turned and started back towards the union depot. The two conversed pleasantly until they reached Jacob's corner, when the stranger stopped suddenly, saying:

"There now, I forgot to get my bill, and I must have it. Suppose you walk back with me until I get it."

Then as Mr. Patillo turned about the stranger said:

"Suppose you go on to the shed, and take care of my valise until I get there. I won't be long."

"All right," said Mr. Patillo.

The two men separated, Mr. Patillo moving on towards the depot and his companion traveling in an opposite direction. After reaching the depot, Mr. Patillo began waiting for the man to whom he had given the seventeen dollars, but he never came. The gentleman allowed his train to go without him and calling at the police headquarters reported his loss. Detectives Reeves and Buchanan were detailed to investigate it, but up to midnight no clue to the confidence man had been secured.

THEY DO COMPROMISE.

But it is All Done of their Own Accord—Other Matters.

"Look here," said Judge Landrum yesterday, "didn't you make a mistake about so many cases being compromised in court?"

"Why?"

"Well, you see it sounds as if I was a party in effecting the compromise, and of course I can't do anything like that. What I meant was simply that the parties themselves smoothed it over, you see, and the plaintiff withdrew the charge. When a plaintiff withdraws the charge, there is nothing to do but dismiss the case. But the idea is that I take no interest whatever in bringing about the compromise."

"Of course, but the idea about so large a proportion of negro cases being compromised is all right?"

"Oh, yes. That's true enough. They usually discover before the case comes up that they are not so mad as they thought they were, and the complaint is withdrawn. They fly all to pieces and make big charges, but the defendant musters his kinfolks and they usually get the plaintiff in a good humor. But that is entirely of their own accord, and don't concern me near as much as a letter I got today."

And the judge shook his head mournfully.

"What about?"

"Why the fellow had some costs to pay and got mad about it. He wants to bring the suits himself, try the cases himself, and then make somebody pay for it."

All of which goes to show that a justice of the peace has some very unreasonable correspondents.

The darky who stole a five cent comb from Mr. Jacobs a few days since, was tried before Judge Manning yesterday. His charge was larceny, and he went to jail in default of bond.

DIED AWAY FROM HOME.

Dr. Wooten's Death at the Surgical Institute—Buried Today.

Dr. John T. Wooten died yesterday morning at the Surgical institute, on South Pryor street. Two weeks ago today, Dr. Wooten was brought from the home of his daughter, Mrs. Harris, of Washington, Ga., to the institute in order so receive treatment for paralysis. On yesterday morning Dr. Wooten had an unusually severe attack which resulted in his death. His daughter, Mrs. Harris, and two other daughters, Mrs. Bradley and Miss Addie Wooten, will accompany the body today on its journey to the doctor's old home in Dalton.

Dr. Wooten was fifty-four years of age, a member of the Dalton Lodge Knights of Honor, and a physician of note in Dalton. He will be buried in Dalton this afternoon by the Knights of Honor.

HIS WIFE SAVED HIM.

The Rampant Briton Before the Bar of the Court for Contempt.

Yesterday morning Harry Greene, the Englishman who created a disturbance in the city court by interrupting Colonel Goodwin while he was making an argument, was before Judge Van Epps to answer to the charge of contempt of court.

He was duly sober and seemed sorry.

He said he was under the influence of liquor when he misbehaved, and asked the clemency of the court.

A letter was given Judge Van Epps. It was written by Greene's wife. The writer asked the court to deal leniently with the offender. She said that he was a sober, kind-hearted and industrious man, who very seldom drank to excess.

Judge Van Epps reprimanded Greene and then discharged him.

A SUIT FOR DIVORCE.

An Ill-Matched Couple Wants to Be Separated.

There was yesterday filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court a petition for divorce.

Sallie Dawson asks the court to annul her marriage with James Dawson, which took place the 15th of February, 1878.

She alleges in her petition that her husband deserted her.

PRICKLY ASH BITTERS warm up and invigorate the stomach, improves and strengthens the digestive organs, opens the pores, promotes perspiration, and equalizes the circulation. As a corrector of disordered system there is nothing to equal it.

ROBERT D. MANN.

About the War and Petrified Watermelons—A Word About Ohio.

Mr. Robert D. Mann, the universal ticket agent at No. 4 Kimball house, says that the interstate commerce bill has seriously incommoded his business. "The truth is," says Bob, "this consolidated railroad business is seriously affecting the selling of railroad tickets by respectable agents. We get enough for a living, but look at this picture [a fine looking western man standing at a safe dealing out commissions to ticket agents]. This is what we want, and we ought to have it. It is a shame," said he, "that our roads are so parsimonious. But don't say anything in the paper about it," added Bob. "This is a presidential year, and they might think I was a candidate for congress, or even for president, how do I know. I am the only man in the world that has a petrified watermelon. See it in the window, and that is just as good a recordas is required in these days for presidential timber."

"How is travel?" Bob was asked. "Very fine," he answered. "We have just had the timber men from the west and north down here—my office was full yesterday, and you ought to have heard what was said."

"Give us some of it."

"I will," said he, "I had many inquiries about how our people were satisfied about the results of the war. I had a large crowd before me, and I expatiated. I told them I had read, and observed much, since the war about the results, and I was satisfied that there was but one state in the union that was dissatisfied with the result.'

"'What state is that?' said many voices. 'Why the state of Ohio,' I replied.

'That old fellow Muriatic Acid Halstead, of the Cincinnati Commercial, is making everybody believe that it did not turn out as it should. We believe down here that old Muriatic is all out of line."

There was a geneeal laugh, and Bob went on explaining about the petrified watermelon. It is a genuine article, he says, and no mistake.

SENDING OUT THE DESCRIPTION.

The Police Chief Mailing Pen Pictures of Mrs. Springer.

A pile of letters was scattered over Chief of Police Connolly's table yesterday, and that official was busy stamping and sealing them. The envelopes all bore the chief's card and the contents were printed matter.

The printed matter was a description of Mrs. Springer and Adolph Johnson.

The information upon which the description was based was given the chief of police by Dempsey Springer, the husband of the woman who went away with Johnson. After announcing that a reward of four hundred dollars would be paid for the arrest of the man and woman, the paper said:

Wanted for robbery and bigamy, the following described parties:

Martha Elizabeth Springer, about thirty-two years old, five feet high, rather dark complexion, gray eyes, dark hair, full mouth, good teeth, (shows them when talking,) weight about 120 pounds, small woman, wears No. 4 shoes.

Adolphus Johnson, about fifty-one years old, six feet high, weight about 165 pounds, complexion dark, eyes rather dark, clean shaven, well built, high forehead, long flat face, twists his mouth when talking, short, smooth teeth.

The above parties left Marietta, Ga., January 7, 1887, their baggage being marked Evansville, Ind. The woman Springer left her husband after robbing him, and ran away with the man Johnson. They were living at the time near Ophir postoffice, Cherokee county, Ga., and may get letters from friends there.

The above reward will be paid by Dempsey Springer for the delivery of the above parties to me in Atlanta, Ga.

A. P. CONNOLLY, Chief of Police.

Atlanta, Ga., January 23, 1888.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY.

Mr. J. G. Thrower Convicted in Judge Richard H. Clark's Court.

IN THE CRIMINAL COURT yesterday morning the case of the state against J. G. Thrower for assault to murder was called.

Before the defendant was arraigned Solicitor-General Hill amended the indictment by striking out "for murder," leaving the charge against him of assault and battery. A good deal of time was consumed in striking a jury, as the prohibition question entered into the case to a certain extent. The defendant was known as a prominent prohibitionist. Several well known prohibitionists were rejected by the state. The defendant, however, accepted some jurors who had figured as anti-prohibitionists.

The prosecutor was C. D. Barker, who testified as to the assault made upon him by Mr. Thrower.

The defendant sought to introduce testimony showing the provocation which caused him to attack Barker, but this was not admitted by the court.

The jury took the case early in the afternoon and in four hours returned a verdict of guilty of assault and battery.

The state was represented by Solicitor General Hill and the defendant was represented by Mr. C. W. Smith and Captain Milledge.

$10,000 CLAIMED.

A Suit Against a Railway Company by Mr. Fred Allen.

There was filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court yesterday a suit for $10,000 damages against the Atlanta and West Point railroad and the Western railroad of Alabama. The complainant is Mr. Fred Allen, and his lawyers are Colonel L. W. Thomas and Messrs. Bigbee & Dorsey.

In his complaint he avers that while he was riding in a car of a passenger train an accident occurred and he was injured. The train was near LaGrange and a culvert caved in, precipitating the cars into the water. He asserts that the culvert was defective and that the railway company is liable for damages.

Best and cheapest, Salvation Oil only twenty-five cents. It banishes pain every time.

"No trouble to sell this article," say druggists to customers for Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup.

TO LOCATE WITH US.

Wanamaker & Brown, of Philadelphia, Has a Representative Here.

Mr. L. S. Craseson, of Philadelphia, has moved to our city and will open business in a few days at 28 Peachtree. He is the agent of one of the largest and finest merchant tailoring establishments in the world, and will have no difficulty in pleasing all who may desire clothing of the latest style. We are glad to have Mr. Craseson come, and trust he will find a profitable business here.

In a few days he will have his store fitted up and will be ready to receive orders.

Call on him and give him the encouragement that is due him.

Telegraph to Nicholas Kuhnen.

JANUARY 19, 1888.—Ship me at once 10,000 more Pappoose cigars in addition to my first order of 5,000, January 2nd. They are selling so well, can't keep in stock,

JOHN DOSCHER, Augusta, Ga.

FOR THE BEST

Furniture & Carpets

—AT THE—

Lowest Prices

—GO TO—

ANDREW J. MILLER & SON,

42 & 44 Peachtree St.

jan22—d1w 7p

W. R. JONES & CO.

PRACTICAL SLATE ROOFERS

Plain and ornamental roofing done in the best manner, and repairing old slate roof a specialty. Address, Box 316, Atlanta, Ga. Office 12 Loyd street. Jan15—d3m 7p

Fire! Fire!

C. P. Johnson 52 Decatur street, is selling dry goods, boots, shoes, clothing and general merchandise at your own price, to close out a stock damaged by fire. 1 wk

JEWELRY.

STILSON,

JEWELER,

55 WHITEHALL ST.

Reliable Goods, Fair Dealing. Bottom Prices.

HOTELS.

EUROPEAN HOTEL,

NOS. 14 TO 20 MARIETTA ST., ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

L. B. FOLSOM, Proprietor.

This popular Hotel has new furniture throughout and is centrally located, being nearly opposite the Artesian Well, the Opera House, Post-Office and Capitol. Meals and lunches can be obtained at all hours of the day or night, in the well known "Reading Room Restaurant," on first floor of the hotel. Porter at all the trains.

Belvidere Oyster Co. Oysters 25 cts per qt. Cor. Pryor, under Metropolitan Hotel. Telephone 7p un fol

SMOKE HAND-MADE CIGARS.

WE CLAIM THAT OUR SPANISH METHODS of making cigars, without form or machines, is perfect. We claim that this method has conquered all other method of hand work in making the finest grade of cigars. We use only the best imported Havana leaf tobacco in manufacturing our cigars, which are smoked by the leading men of the city, and we keep always on hand a select stock of Carolinas and Ponce de Leon brands. Let the lovers of fine Havanas call at our factory and find out the truth. Cuesta & Varela, 44½ S. Pryor st. 7p un bev eys

COURT AND CAPITOL.

Items of Interest Plucked from the News Trees at the Capitol and Customhouse.

GOVERNOR LOUNSBURY, of Connecticut called on Governor Gordon yesterday.

THE BOARD OF capitol commissioners will meet this morning at 9 o'clock at the new capitol building. Mr. S. P. Burnham, the supervising architect, has arrived, and was engaged all day yesterday in making the monthly estimate of expenditures, which will be submitted to the board today.

IN THE COMPTROLLER-GENERAL'S office Captain Furlow was preparing a fi fa. against the Singer Sewing Machine company. The special tax on this company is $200, and $10 each for seventy-three agents.

The Federal Courts.

IN THE UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT Judge William Newman presiding, argument in the case of M. B. Frank vs. the Atlanta and West Point railroad, was concluded late yesterday afternoon. The jury retired about four o'clock, and having failed to bring in a verdict at nightfall, were instructed to hand in a sealed verdict this morning.

A. G. WHITMIRE, Adolphus Higdon and Thomas Satterfield, all caught in an illicit distillery in Union county, were committed to Fulton jail yesterday in default of bond. They were arrested by Deputies Stephens, Milton and Cobb, day before yesterday, and taken and tried before Commissioner Bledsoe, at Elijay, Gilmer county.

DEPUTY STEPHENS BROUGHT in John Hood from Union county. He was arrested on a bench warrant and sent to jail.

The County Courthouse.

THREE COURTS WERE SITTING yesterday, simultaneously, in the county courthouse. On the lower floor, Judge Van Epps was dispensing justice; in the superior court room, Judge Richard H. Clark was hearing criminal cases; and in the chambers adjoining, the divorce mill was grinding out cases under the direction of Judge Marshall J. Clarke. In none of these tribunals, however, were there any sensational developments.

THE CASE OF the state against Eugene Hill was begun as soon as the Thrower case was finished. Hill is indicted for assault with intent to murder. Several witnesses were examined, when the court adjourned to meet this morning at 9 o'clock. The defendant is represented by Captain Milledge, Mr. Blalock and Mr. C. W. Smith.

JUDGE MARSHALL J. CLARKE will call the certiorari docket this morning.

JUDGE CLARKE announced his decision in the case of Walker vs. Chambers, denying the motion for a new trial.

JUST BEFORE THE end of the present term of the superior court a new grand jury will be drawn under the direction of Judge Marshall J. Clarke,

ORDINARY CALHOUN YESTERDAY appointed Emma Davis temporary administratrix on the estate of Emma Jackson.

IN THE CITY COURT, Judge Howard Van Epps presiding, the case of James Johnson against Bradstreet's agency was resumed. All the evidence was in by 3 o'clock, and Mr. James L. Mayson made the opening argument. The plaintiff sues for $5,000 damages for defamation of character. He alleges that the Bradstreet agency sent out reports derogatory of his reputation, which he asserts are not true. Four of five arguments will be made today, and the jury will not get the case before 3 o'clock this afternoon.

Unequalled—Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

No Safer Remedy can be had for Coughs and Colds, or any Trouble of the Throat, than "Brown's Bronchial Troches." Price 25c. Sold only in boxes.

Agents of the Pappoose 5c Cigar—America' Favorite.

Although it is the intention of the manufacturer of this cigar to sell it, as nearly as possible, to the drug trade only, there are occasionally times when it is to the interest of all concerned to sell a good, live, reliable cigar store, such as the ones in Atlanta and Savannah; and at times, although it is rare, we meet a few drug stores (especially is this the case in Atlanta) who are not willing to pay as much for a 5c cigar as the Pappoose costs, their ideas being too exalted as to how much profit a 5c cigar will stand. Below will be found the only stores that will be able to procure and sell the cigar.

ATLANTA AGENTS.

Beermann & Silverman, cigar store.
Smith & Bradfield, druggists.
Calvin G. Jones, druggists.
W. P. Smith & Co., druggists.
Sharp Bros., druggists.

AGENTS IN MACON FOR THE "PAPPOOSE" CIGAR.

Lamar, Rankin & Lamar, druggists.
John Ingalls, druggist.
Norman I. Brunner, druggist.
Rankin & Co., druggists.

SAVANNAH AGENTS.

G. M. Heidt, drug company.
W. M. Cleveland, drugs.
Edward A. Abbott, two drug stores.
St. Julian R. Yonge, drugs.
Edward J. Keiffer, drugs.
W. F. Reid, drugs.
J. F. Thornton, drugs.
J. B. Fernandez, leading cigar store.

AUGUSTA AGENTS.

T. T. Fleming's drug store.
Glasscock Barrett's drug store.
Dr. Frank Moses's drug store.
Dr. S. E. Salley's drug store.
John Doscher, fancy groceries.
Gherkens & Richter, fancy groceries.
Dan Kerr, fancy groceries.
John P Cartright, Arlington house Opera saloon (only saloon in the south selling the Pappoose cigar.)
Frederick Blanckensee, general agent and manager.

Strangers in the city will find "The Waverly" dining room for ladies and gentlemen, 15 Marietta street, corner Broad, a very desirable place to take their meals. Hand baggage checked free. jan17—1m bot 3d col 7p

CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC.

OVERCOATS

WINTER SUITS

HEAVY UNDERWEAR

—AT—

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

Call and examine before buying.

Respectfully, GEO. MUSE, 38 WHITEHALL ST.

JEWELRY.

DIAMONDS, WATCHES, JEWELRY AND STERLING SILVERWARE. The latest Novelties for the Holidays. The best $5.00 Watch in the world. Watch repairing a Specialty. J. S. DOYLE, Jeweler, 51 Whitehall Street.

BLANK BOOKS

Invoice Books, Notes, Drafts and Receipts, and any and everything in Office Stationery.

LADIES' FINE STATIONERY

and Visiting Cards. One of the handsomest stocks ever shown, in the very latest styles.

ARTIST'S MATERIALS.

In this department our stock is the most complete in Atlanta and our prices are the very lowest. Mail orders promptly filled. Complete stock Windsor & Newton's and Devol & Co.'s Tube Paints always on hand. Also a fine line of art studies to rent.

STEEL ENGRAVINGS

—AND—

FINE ETCHINGS.

The only house south carrying a full line of Engravings and Artist and Remark Etchings and Pictures of all kinds. We have some great bargains in Pictures for the next 60 days, to close out, and an opportunity is offered to get pictures at a very small outlay.

Picture Frames Made to Order

In this department we are the recognized leaders We employ the finest workmen, carry the largest and most complete stock of fine hand carved, wood Mouldings in the city. Also a fine line of Bronze, Gold and Gilt Mouldings at the lowest prices. Artists' Crayon and Canvas Stretchers made to order. Screens, Easels and everything in the cabinet line made in latest styles. Samples of our Mouldings for frames sent on application. If you have a picture to be framed be sure and see our stock of samples and see a specimen of our work before having it made. We guarantee satisfaction in every respect.

E. H. & J. R. Thornton

28 WHITEHALL ST.

Telephone 236.

THE HAMMOND TYPE-WRITER.

Highest Awards: New Orleans 1885, New York 1885, London 1887.



It has never yet failed to receive the highest award when placed in competition. Fine Cabinets and Desks. Send for sample book of elegant paper Carbons and Ribbons for all Type-writers. Send for Catalogue. Agents wanted. A. F. COOLEDGE, Agent Georgia and Alabama, 21 Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga.

EOD un thornton n r m

HOYT & THORN,

Cheap Cash Grocers

90 WHITEHALL STREET.

We Invite You Inspection.

1 qt Fancy Dark Cape Cod Cranberries	$ 10
13½ lbs Standard Granulated Sugar	1 00
15 lbs Extra C Sugar	1 00
10 lbs O K Lard	1 00
50 lbs Regal Patent Flour	1 60
15 lbs Best Head Rice	1 00
25 lbs Graham Flour	80
25 lbs Country Buckwheat	90
50 Bars Laundry Soap, 8 oz	1 00
2½ lbs Extra Mandehling Java	1 00
3 lbs Fancy Old Gov. Java	1 00
1 lb Royal or Dr. Price Baking Powder	45
6 lbs Schumacher Oat Meal	25
2 lb Can Armour Corned Beef	20
3 lbs Purest Mince Meat	25
48 lbs Hudnut's Grits	1 00
1 dozen 2 lb Can Tomatoes	1 00
Fresh Dove Ham—large	12½
6 Cans Columbia River Salmon	1 00
3 lbs Finest Pickled Corned Beef	25
9 Bars Colgate 8 oz Soap	25
13 Bars Glory Soap	50
lbs any kind Jelly	20
Breakfast Bacon	12c

And a full line of Gordon & Dilworth, as well as Thurber, Whyland's fancy groceries. Our goods are fresher on account of quick sales. We fill and ship mail orders the day received. We do the largest business and sell lower in our line than any house in the south.

HOYT AND THORN,

7p n r m

LUMBER!

LONG LEAF

YELLOW PINE

FLOORING, CEILING, WEATHERBOARDING,

SHINGLES

LATHS, MOULDINGS, ETC.

HUDSON & DOBBS,

Cor. Hunter St. & Central RR.

TELEPHONE 1068.

[From New York Tribune, December 7, 1887.]

$1,000 CHALLENGE.

Remington Standard Typewriter

We claim for our machine the following points of superiority: Ease of manipulation, durability and speed—the essential qualities in a writing machine. Its ease of manipulation is unquestioned. To test its durability requires many years of actual use. But its superior speed can be demonstrated in a few moments.

We challenge all other writing machines to a speed test, as follows:

The umpire to be selected by our competitors.

Deposit. Each competitor to deposit with the umpire a certified check, payable to his order, for $1,500.

Competing machines to write capitals and small letters.

Time. Before March 1st, 1888. The test to take place not earlier than one month after the first acceptance of this challenge.

Place, New York city, in some convenient hall, to be selected by our competitors and to be paid for by ourselves.

Number of operators. Each competing machine to be represented by three operators, with an instrument for each. The aggregate time of each to be considered in making the award.

Matter to be written. The declaration of independence. This may be committed to memory, or written from dictation. If dictated, each operator may select his or her own reader.

Trials. Each operator to have the privilege of three trials.

Deductions for errors. A deduction of one second for every omitted, misspelled or misplaced word. A deduction of one-fifth second for every omitted punctuation mark or capital letter.

Disposal of proceeds. $500 to be equally divided amongst the operators of the winning team. The balance to be donated to the Grant monument fund.

WYCKOFF, SEAMANS & BENEDICT.
339 Broadway, N. Y.

Full stock at 2½ Marietta st. W. T. CRENSHAW.

TELEPHONES.

HELLO!

There are now over Nine Hundred Telephone Subscribers connected with the Atlanta

TELEPHONE EXCHANGE.

We think it a matter of public interest to know how many persons in each line of business in the city have Telephones, and the names of those who thus manifest their enterprise.

We propose to publish the names of one or two classes, each day, of our Telephone subscribers until the entire list is gone through with, which embraces over thirty different classes of business.

We print today the names of the

Decatur and Marietta Subscribers.

who have Telephone stations.

Tomorrow we will print those of the

Miscellaneous Subscribers.

We shall be glad to have the orders of those who need telephones.

W. J. COLE, Dist. Supt. W. T. GENTRY, Manager. H. H. JACKSON, Asst. Mgr.

January 26th, 1888.

Directions for Calling Marietta or Decatur Subscribers.

Subscribers in Atlanta will call for Marietta or Decatur, and when answered by operator there, will then give name of party wanted. The operator will then call them. Atlanta and Decatur subscribers can use the Telephone with each other without extra charge. Non-subscribers are not allowed to use the Telephone except from the Central Office, either in Atlanta or Decatur, where they will be charged 15 cents for each conversation.

1201—DECATUR EXCHANGE.

Bates, E E, grocer.
Candler, M A, residence.
Crockett, J P, grocer.
Haygood, Dr A G, residence.
Jewett, H R, residence.
Kirkpatrick, J C, residence.
Laird, J R & Co, grocers.
Pattillo, W F, residence.
Pearce, Mrs E A, residence.
Ramspeck & Co, T R, grocers.
Robson, J R, retail grocer, Kirkwood.
Scott, Geo W & Co, residence.
Scott, G B, residence.
Southern Express Co.
Stewart, Judge Jno B, ordinary.
Word, Dr R C, residence.

1200—MARIETTA EXCHANGE.

American Marble Cutting Co.
Anderson, Chuck, livery stable.
Anderson & Son, store.
Brumby Chair Company.
Camp, Geo H.
Cortelyou, Dr P R, residence.
Fletcher, A A & Co.
Hunt & Co, store.
Leak, A Y, grocer.
Legg, B R, store.
McClatchey, D F, store.
McClatchey, D F, residence.
Reynolds, H V, residence.
Reynolds, Dr A.
Shockley, T H, store.
Shockley, T H, residence.
Southern Express Co.
Stephens, W P, grocer and meat market.
Whitlock House.
Winn, Will J, residence.
Western Union Telegraph Office.
W & A R R Co, J H Boston, agent.

25c. for 5 minutes conversation with Marietta.

JUDICIOUS AND PERSISTENT Advertising has always proven successful. Before placing any Newspaper Advertising consult LORD & THOMAS, ADVERTISING AGENTS, 45 to 49 Randolph Street, CHICAGO.

OPIUM HABIT CURED IN FIFTEEN DAYS. NO CURE NO PAY.

All I ask is a trial, and a PERMANENT CURE IS GUARANTEED. Address J. A. NELMS, M. D., P. O. Box 63 or No. 22 Wheat St., Atlanta, Ga. tf

CLOTHING.



We Are on the WARPATH.

We Mean Business!

Our immense stock of Winter Clothing and Furnishing Goods must and shall be sold if LOW PRICES will do it.

$7 00	Overcoats reduced to	$4 00
12 00	" "	8 00
15 00	" "	10 00
20 00	" "	15 00
25 00	" "	18 00

It will pay you to buy and keep one until you need it.

$30	Men's Suits reduced to	$22
25	" "	18
20	" "	15
15	" "	10
12	" "	7

Boys' and Children's Suits and Overcoats at your own price. Extra Pants for Men, Boys and Children.

Look at our prices whether you wish to buy or not. We will show you how low Clothing can be sold.

JAS. A. ANDERSON & CO.,

41 Whitehall Street.

REAL ESTATE.

Sam'l W. Goode. R. H. Wilson. A. L. Beck

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.'S

Real Estate Column.

TODAY'S BARGAINS.

$1,100 for 3 room house on lot 50x65, corner Cain and Clifford, renting for $10.

$350 for 2 room house and lot, 40x100 feet, on Green street; renting for $4.

$400 for 2 room house and lot, 40x110 feet on Green street, renting for $5.

$800 for 3 two room houses, on lot 61x153 feet on Wells street.

A great bargain in a choice Whitehall street home, with large lot and all modern conveniences. Must be seen to be appreciated. Price exceedingly moderate.

$1,000 for a choice Jackson street lot 50x200 feet to a 15 foot alley; on car line, in first-class neighborhood, one block from Forest avenue; one-half cash, balance in six and twelve months, with 8 per cent interest.

$650 for a neat, new, 3-room, well finished cottage, with front and back verandas, well on back veranda, one block from Decatur street, this side of Younge street, to be sold in easy payments.

$2,500 on very easy payments for a neat, new, 7-room residence, paved walks, one block from Whitehall.

$2,500, half cash, balance 6 and 12 months, for a new 4-room neat cottage and a plain 4-room cottage, both on a corner lot, very near Fair Street school, and renting to good tenants at $23 per month.

$1,000, payable $200 cash and $20 monthly, for a new 3-room cottage, on a high, nice lot 50x120 feet, one block from Decatur street car line, in a pleasant neighborhood.

$1800 for 3 new 3-room cottages, renting regularly at $18 per month, convenient to Air-Line shops and to Fulton Cotton Spinning mills, one block from car line.

$1,800 for a 3-room and a 4-room cottage on Marietta street on same lot, this side bridge works, immediately on Marrietta street car line—a good investment.

$20,000 for a very central Marietta street property, corner (one street, lot 100x130 feet, residence first-class two-story brick, all modern conveniences; destined to be the most desirable site for business purposes, and very superior location for a first-class family hotel or boarding house, or for a good block of modern tenement houses. See our rent list if you wish a store or dwelling.

A nice home in Marietta, Ga., for sale cheap.

$6,000 for a Cooper street home on a lot 125x200 feet, with all late conveniences, large dwelling of ten rooms and necessary outhouses, delightful neighborhood and quite convenient to business, churches, depot, etc. Terms easy.

$5,000 for a new 7-room Ivy street home, with front and side verandas, near corner E. Cain street, one block from governor's mansion, water, gas.

$2,750 for West End home, complete, new 6-room dwelling strongly and neatly built, stable, barn, etc., large level lot, 50x250 feet, pleasant neighborhood, one block from Gordon street car line, with full view of Peter street and Central railroad trains.

$1,500 for neat new 5-room cottage on Alexander street, in good neighborhood; lot 50x150 feet; a real cozy home, neatly finished, $300 cash, the balance $25 monthly, with 8 per cent interest. You can buy this easily through the Building and Loan association by any person with a regular monthly salary and $300 to $400 cash.

$1,100—Payable $200 cash and $25 per month for new 5-room cottage, neat and nice, on a corner lot, one block from Marietta street car line, in good neighborhood.

Vacant lots suitable for homes in good neighborhoods, convenient to street car lines on many choice streets.

$7,000—For 8 r brick residence, with all late convenience, servant's room and kitchen; beautiful view, pleasant neighbors, convenient to business by street car line and by pleasant walk or drive, on paved streets; very large and beautiful shaded lot 83x200 feet, in a part of the city improving, and where property is enhancing in value. This is a complete home, and will be sold on easy terms.

$900—Payable $300 cash, balance in 6 and 12 months for 4 r cottage on E. Jones street, this side Fair st. school, and one block from Fair street car line.

$3125—Half cash, balance 6 and 12 months, for 6 r E. Cain street cottage, between Ivy street and Courtland avenue.

$3500—For new 6 r Ivy street cottage between Wheat and Houston streets.

$2250—For 6 r Luckie street cottage and a 4 r cottage in good neighborhood, on a corner lot 100x200 feet, near car line.

We keep a choice list of houses to rent, cottages, boarding houses, stores, offices, suburban homes, farms, etc.

$5,000 for Peachtree lot 80x350 feet high; and of beautiful shape, on very easy terms.

$1,500 for a choice Jackson street lot, 55x140 feet; east front; corner Houston street; easy payments.

$2,000 for a 4 room W. Peachtree cottage, lot 40x200 feet, between Pine and Cedar streets.

SAM'L W. GOODE & CO.
No. 1 Marietta st.

WE CAN SUPPLY PLANTS

OF THAT NEW STRAWBERRY, SOUTHERN Beauty, a cross between 3 sorts; large, red all over; solid; carries well; ripens early; is great market sort and fine for family planting; is a self-feeder; foliage large and bears tremendous. Price $3 100; $20 1,000 plants. Terms, money with order; private checks accepted for considerable amount. Can offer few thousand apple trees and early peaches at $10 100; $70 1,000. Few thousand wild goose plum at 20c.; $15 100; also apricots, fine, at 20c.; $15 100. Write us and send order. J. C. LINDLEY & BRO., Greensboro, N. C. Name this paper. jan5-d1m

LADIES

Do Your Own Dyeing at Home With

PEERLESS DYES!

THEY WILL DYE EVERYTHING. THEY ARE sold everywhere. Price 10c a package. 40 colors. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities. They do not crock or smut. For sale by all Druggists.

MISCELLANEOUS.

WATCH REPAIRING.

BY - SKILLED - WORKMEN, - A - SPECIALTY

FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW,

JEWELERS.

top 1st col 8p

OPIUM and Whiskey Habits cured at home without pain. Book of particulars sent FREE. B. M. WOOLLEY, M. D. Atlanta, Ga. Office 85½ Whitehall Street.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Indications.

Indications for Georgia: Colder; fair weather; fresh to brisk northwesterly winds.

Daily Weather Bulletin.

OBSERVER'S OFFICE, SIGNAL SERVICE, U. S. A. } U. S. CUSTOM HOUSE, January 25—9 P. M. }

Observations taken at 9 p. m., central time.

STATIONS.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Dew Point.	WIND. Direction.	WIND. Velocity.	Rainfall.	Weather.
Mobile	30.26	56	52	NW	10	.00	Clear.
Montgomery	30.24	48	44	W	Light	T	Clear.
New Orleans	30.21	55	52	N	8	.00	Clear.
Galveston	30.24	58	54	N	Light	.00	Fair.
Palestine	30.36	50	42	N	6	.00	Clear.
Pensacola	30.20	58	52	NW	6	.00	Clear.
Corpus Christi	30.32	58	56	N	Light	.00	Cloudy.
Brownsville	30.34	60	58	N	6	.01	Cloudy.
Rio Grande	30.42	60	58	Cm	Calm	.00	Cloudy.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

7 a. m.	30.35	43	41	E	12	.01	Foggy.
2 p. m.	30.10	45	43	S	5	.07	Foggy.
9 p. m.	30.14	42	38	W	16	T	Clear.

Maximum thermometer.....49
Minimum thermometer.....41
Total rainfall.....08

W. EASBY SMITH,
Sergeant, Signal Corps, U. S. Army.

NOTE.—Barometer reduced to sea level.
T indicates precipitation inappreciable.
* Condensed fog.

UNDERTAKER.

No. 62 South Pryor street. On call day or night

1y FRANK X. BLILEY.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

WOOTEN—Died at National Surgical Institute, 98 Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga., January 25th instant, Dr. J. F. Wooten, formerly of Dalton. Funeral will take place at Baptist church at Dalton, Ga., today at 2 p. m. Friends and acquaintances of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MEETINGS.

The cottage prayer meeting to be held Thursday evening at Mr. Winburn's residence on Decatur street, as announced Sunday evening at Decatur street mission, is postponed till further notice.

Ladies' Auxiliary Y. M. C. A.

There will be a special meeting of the Ladies' Auxiliary this afternoon (January 26th) at 3 o'clock, at the Railroad Rooms, 19½ S. Forsyth street. All ladies interested in the association are requested to meet with us. Arrangements will be completed for the Chinese entertainment Monday and Tuesday, January 30th and 31st.

MRS. DR. KING, President.
MISS ALICE PURTELL, Secretary.

A REGULAR COMMUNICATION OF Atlanta Lodge, No. 59, F. & A. M., will be held at Masonic Hall, over corner Marietta and Broad streets, 7 o'clock this p. m. Unusual business and work in the E. A. degree.

Master Masons in good standing cordially invited to attend.

A. J. SHROPSHIRE, W. M.
Z. B. MOON, Secretary.

WANTED!

Energetic Agents

to sell Chase's Burglar Proof Blind Fasteners Rapid sales! Big profits! Circulars free. Samples 10 cents. WM. H. FARRAND, Rochester, N. Y.

TO ARTISTS.

LeMesurier TubePaints

UNEQUALED FINENESS,

UNRIVALED PURITY OF COLOR,

SUPERIOR BODY AND STRENGTH

These tubes, with few exceptions, are

DOUBLE THE SIZE

of any now on the market.

Send for price list and opinions of eminent artists to

A. P. TRIPOD,

45 Decatur Street,

ATLANTA.....GEORGIA

DEALER IN

Artists' Materials, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, etc.

nov12—dtf

R. H. RANDALL,

Real Estate Agent, No. 1 Kimball house, Wall St.

$18.000 CHOICE CENTRAL LOT, suitable for Opera House or business.

$12,500 will buy an 18 acre orange grove worth $20,000.

$10,000—10½ acres, 7 room dwelling, outhouses, fruit orchards. About 60 acres in cultivation, balance woodland, half mile of Edgewood.

$10,000—Elegant brick residence, modern conveniences, close in.

$4,750—One of the prettiest homes on Whitehall st.

$4,000—Large 4 r h, East Baker, lot 100x200. A bargain.

$4,000—Vacant lot 50x100, E Peters, near Pryor.

$3,500—Good 6 room house, Jenkins street, close in and cheap.

$3,000—splendid new 7-room 2-story residence West End.

$2 per acre for 12,500 acres good pine lands in Florida.

$1,750—nice 5-room cottage, Connally street. A real bargain.

$1,350—good 6-room house, Howell street. Owner wants to sell.

$2,750—Splendid new 7 room cottage, near Whitehall.

$1,500—6-room house, near Marietta street. $300 cash balance $30 monthly.

$1,250—4 room cottage, Fettus street. Cheap enough.

$1,200—4 room house, Glynn street. Installments.

$1,500—10 acres Polk county, Florida, fruits of all kinds. Will exchange for Atlanta property.

$900 will buy neat 3 room cottages on Bass, Terry, Martin and Reed streets.

$350—3-room house on Howell street. Good investment.

$650—3-room house near Decatur street. A bargain indeed.

$1,500—6 acres and 3 room house, near Edgewood.

160 acres near Falling Rock, on M. & N. Ga. railroad, at a bargain.

Some elegant vacant lots, near E. T. V. & Ga., railroad shops, from $550 to $700.

Houses and lots to sell in the booming town of Lithonia, on Georgia railroad.

Wanted—Houses to rent, houses and vacant lots to sell. Parties having houses and lots they wish to sell will do well to put them in my hands. Call and examine what I have.

R. H. RANDALL,
wed-sun No. 1 Kimball house, Wall street.



ASK YOUR STATIONER FOR IT.

We want AGENTS in every city and town.

Does the work of one costing $100.

INDORSED BY LEADING BUSINESS MEN.

GEO. BECKER & CO.,
Gen'l Agts for Georgia. 20 Great Jones St., New York City

A STRONG UNION.

Mr. A. G. Howard and Harralson Brothers & Co.

A POWERFUL COMBINATIOM FORMED

By Tobacconists—Something About the Two Houses—A Talk About Tobacco—The Trade in Tobacco.

It was announced in commercial circles yesterday that Mr. A. G. Howard, one of the oldest and most respected wholesale tobacco dealers in the city, had united himself with the house of Harralson Brothers & Co.

This is a union of the two strongest tobacco houses in Atlanta. Mr. Howard's troubles are fresh in the minds of our people. Of them it may be said, that they have added to his strength in the commercial world, and his popularity with the trade. His name has always been the synonym of integrity, and safe commercial dealing. His troubles came through paper issued by his partners in Virginia—paper which he had never seen, and of which he knew nothing. The burning of the factory of his partners threw this paper on him, and in justice to his general business, and his creditors, he declined to pay it. From first to last he has had the universal esteem and sympathy of all classes of our business men who have gone to his store to tender him help and encouragement. No man ever stood higher in Atlanta's confidence than Mr. A. G. Howard.

The house of Haralson Brothers and company is a strong one. The head of the house, Mr. Phil Haralson, is one of the coming business men of the south. He took a division from the business last year, and made investments in Gadsden, paying down $23,300 cash for property in that city. He has sold from this property $48,000 worth, and could easily get forty thousands dollars for the remainder. He thus cleared by this investment between sixty and eighty thousands dollars. Besides the house in Atlanta which has competed with Howard for the largest business in the city, he has a branch house in Birmingham, which also does a prosperous business.

Mr. Phil Haralson on yesterday confirmed the statement that Mr. Howard had now connected himself with his house, and said:

"I shall give my whole attention to the Atlanta business this year as will Mr. Howard, and we hope to make it a phenomenal year in the tobacco trade. Mr. Pendleton here can give you an idea of our first order we have just filed with him."

Mr. H. C. Pendleton, who was standing by, said:

"Messrs. Haralson Bros. & Co., and Mr. Howard have just closed with me an order for one million cigars to be filled at once. This is the largest order ever given by any house in Atlanta since it was a city. It is an evidence of the sort of business the house intends to do."

"What brands of cigars are ordered?"

"The Rabbit Foot and the Three Kings. These are well-known and famous brands, owned by these two houses. Mr. Howard owned the Rabbit Foot brand, which is popular all through the south. Messrs. Haralson Bros. & Co. own the Three Kings, which is equally popular and famous. One of these houses would average one hundred and twenty-five thousand cigars a month of its own brand, so that the order for a million cigars, when the two brands are united in one house, will not keep them long supplied. I am thoroughly acquainted with the tobacco trade, and this combination of Mr. Howard with the Haralsons will result in a great tobacco house, that will be an honor to the south."

Mr. Howard said:

"The trade is out of these cigars throughout the country and is calling for them rapidly, both brands. We have large shipments now on the way, and in a few days can supply the "Rabbit Foot" and the "Three Kings" in any quantity desired. You may let me have a say about this new combination, and my business troubles. I have been very much touched by the uniform kindness and sympathy I have met since I discovered that this paper was out which I had never seen, and which I did not feel that I could in justice to my business assume. There seems to be a cordial understanding of the situation among my friends and business associates who appreciate the position I have taken, and into which I was driven by no fault of my own. I shall give my best work to the house of Haralson Bros. & Co., and feel sure that my old friends will follow me into my new connections, and give me the continued benefit of their support."

The business arrangement which connects Mr. Howard with the Haralsons takes effect at once. The news of it will be received with general congratulation. The old house of Jordon, Howard & Haralson was one of the first wholesale tobacco houses in Atlanta after the war, and the reuniting of the firm of Howard & Haralson is auspicious. The Haralsons will find their trade largely augmented, and Mr. Howard will feel that the reward of a fine business life is that your friends will stand by you when friends are needed. We wish all concerned a happy and prosperous year.

THEY ALL FAVOR IT.

Meaning the Scheme to Annex a Portion of DeKalb County.

It looks very much as if all the citizens of the western portion of DeKalb county want to be annexed to Fulton county.

The project is being extensively discussed.

The following letter to THE CONSTITUTION adds one more name to the list:

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: This question of the annexation of the west side of DeKalb to Fulton county so as to include Decatur is highly advisable. I do not know the tax rate in Fulton or how the extensive chemical companies doing business in Clifton will view the matter should these rates be materially greater than in DeKalb. But the condition of the county roads described in your issue of to-day is a deplorable fact; and the sentiment of the county majority seems unalterably against the taxation for macadamized roads. Those of us who take an interest in public meetings, theatres, etc., or who desire to remain in Atlanta after business hours, are positively mud bound under the present schedule of the Georgia road and this condition of the county thoroughfares, whereas with good roads, a good horse could take us out in thirty minutes. I heartily favor this scheme. Would consider my property greatly increased in value, and would personally be willing to be double taxed to see the annexation.

Very respectfully,
N. P. PRATT.
Atlanta, January 25, 1888.

SUING A RAILWAY COMPANY.

Ed. Williams Wants $2,000 From the Georgia Pacific Railway Company.

Messrs. Hoke & Burton Smith yesterday filed in the office of the clerk of the superior court a suit for damage against the Georgia Pacific Railway company.

The complainant, Edward Williams, alleges that he was in the employ of the defendant the 1st of December, 1887, and whilst discharging his duties as a car coupler, was badly crushed between an engine and a caboose. The accident occurred at Birmingham. His arm was crushed and his shoulder injured. He asks for $2,000. He asserts that the accident was not caused by his carelessness, but resulted from the carelessness of the company's servants.

"Consumption Can Be Cured."

Dr. J. S. COMBS, Owensville, Ohio, says: "I have given **Scott's Emulsion** of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites to four patients with better results than seemed possible with any remedy. All were hereditary cases of Lung disease, and advanced to that stage when Coughs, pain in the chest, frequent breathing, frequent pulse, fever and Emaciation. All these cases have increased in weight from 16 to 28 pounds, and are not now needing any medicine."

It Works to Perfection.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

The Pappoose cigar has stood the severe test of nine years' time, and is today the leading 5 cent cigar all over the east and west, and fast becoming the favorite cigar in the south. This really fine smoke will be sold by SMITH & BRADFIELD.

The exquisite taste and aroma of the grea Pappoose clear Havana filled cigar is the nearest approach to the old time imported cigar yet manufactured in America, and will be found on sale at the popular drug store of CALVIN D. JONES.

HOPE FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

A New Theory of the Dread Disease Which Seems Very Sensible.

In fifty per cent of the cases, consumption is only the symptom of some other disease!

The disease, in such cases, cannot be cured until the cause, whatever it is, is removed.

More than half the victims of consumption have albumen in the water.

"What does this indicate?"

Albumen cannot appear in what escapes from the body, if the organs which take the water from the blood are healthy.

We drink water in large quantities every day. This water goes through the body and washes away the waste matter and decay of the system, and takes it to the kidneys. If these organs are healthy, this waste in solution in water is removed by them. If not, the natural action is reversed, and instead, of removing the waste, that poisonous stuff remains in the blood, but the real life-giving element or the albumen escapes.

Fancy the effect!

The uric acid waste is a rank poison, and attacks the weakest organ first. The Brompton Hospital of London, England, shows in its reports that over 52 per cent of the victims of consumption are really victims of kidney disease, the lung trouble, being shown by the presence of albumen in the blood, to be but the indication of kidney derangement. The real cause of pulmonary troubles being so authoritatively shown to be faulty, even though unsuspected action of the kidneys, explains why, in order to master the dreaded consumption, one must rid the blood of the uric acid irritant, which inflames and burns up the lung substance. For this purpose there is nothing equal to that great specific, Warner's safe cure. This remedy has won the favor of medical men all over the world, purely on its merits. We have no doubt that if the kidneys are kept in natural action, consumption and a great many other diseases, caused by uric acid, will not only be cured, but will be prevented.

J. W. Westlake, of Mt. Vernon, Ohio, had a sister residing in Michigan who was thought surely to be going with consumption. She took ten bottles of Warner's safe cure, which he sent her, and he says: "That was the last I heard of her consumption." Thousands of such cases are developed every day.

Dip your fingers in acid every day, and it soon festers and is destroyed. Send acid-poisoned blood through the lungs every second and they soon give way.

This, then, is the condition of things that always precedes consumption: First, weakened kidneys; second, retained uric acid, poisoning the blood; the developments of disease in the lungs by the irritant acids passing through them. Then there is a little cough in the morning; soon, thick, yellow matter is spit up, followed by loss of flesh and strength with dreadful night sweats; and when the patient goes to his school physician for help, he is put on cod liver oil, which his stomach, weakened also by uric acid in the blood, cannot digest. Because there is no pain present in the kidneys, the patient does not think they are affected, but the kidney acid is doing its work every minute, every hour, day and night, and by and by the disease of the lungs has advanced until pus is developed, then comes hemorrhages, and at last the glassy stare of the eye, which denote that the end is near.

A post-mortem examination of such cases shows that the terrible uric acid has completely destroyed the substance of the lung.

It is impossible to cure lung diseases, when the blood is poisoned with uric acid.

AFTER THE OFFICERS.

Governor Gordon Issues an Order of a Great Deal of Importance.

It has gotten to be a common thing for sheriffs and their deputies and other officers of the law throughout the state of Georgia to lay low when felonies have been committed, until rewards for the apprehending or delivery of criminals have been offered.

Recognizing this fact, Governor Gordon passed the following order yesterday:

THE ORDER.

To assist the executive in the exercise of the discretion vested in him by law to offer rewards for the capture of fugitives from justice, it is

Ordered, That from and after this date, no reward will be offered under the 58th section of the code for any fugitive charged with felony, unless a petition from the county judge, county commissioners, or ordinary of the county from which he has fled, asking that proclamation of such reward be filed in this office, accompanied by the affidavit of the sheriff of the county, or his lawful deputy, stating that a process, charging such fugitive with a felony, has been placed in his hands, and that he has made prompt efforts to execute such process, and after diligent search has not been able to find such fugitive in the county."

The foregoing rule does not, of course, hold good under the last clause of section 58 of the code, which is purely mandatory and requires the governor, "upon reliable information being received that incendiaries have burned ginhouses or set fire to them, to offer rewards of not less than $250 or more than $500 for the apprehension of such incendiaries."

This last clause allows the governor no "discretion." The rest of section 58 does.

THEY COULD NOT GO.

An Invitation Which Came Too Late to Be Accepted.

The following telegram was received from Brunswick too late to deliver to the lumbermen, who returned home after the banquet night before last.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad tendered to the excursionists a train to Brunswick to see the immense lumber interests of this great South Atlantic port, but it was impossible for them to go, as they had to return home:

BRUNSWICK, Ga., January 25.—Editors Constitution: Brunswick extends through you to the convention or lumbermen now in your city a cordial invitation to visit Brunswick, the largest lumber port on the South Atlantic coast. Have arranged special hotel rates. Please answer if accepted, giving number and when will arrive.

C. DOWNING, JR.,
Vice-President Board of Trade.
T. DUN, Mayor.

Harsh purgative medicines are fast giving way to the gentle action and mild effects of Carter's Little Liver pills. If you try them they will certainly please you.

Don't be fooled or misled by parties not selling the Pappoose cigar, who will invariably tell you they have a better cigar than the Pappoose. Use your own judgment once in a while, and go to stores who will give you full value for your money. For sale by

SMITH & BRADFIELD,
CALVIN D. JONES,
SHARP BROS.,
W. P. SMITH & Co., Druggists.
BEERMAN & SILVERMAN, Cigars.

Telegraph to Nicholas Kuhnen.

JANUARY 24, 1888.—Ship immediately 10,000 more Pappoose cigars; having large run on them; dark colors. JOHN P. CARTWRIGHT, Arlington Hotel bar, Augusta, Ga.

Haddock, fresh Cod, Salmon, Smelts. Emery's market. 2t.

BAD DEBTS.

Collected by Sprague's Collecting Agency.

Mr. W. R. Hawkins, state agent of this agency, is in the city and will call upon the business public and present its claims.

It is strongly and highly indorsed by the leading business men of several of our larger cities. It is useless for us to call your attention to the need of a first-class live collecting agency. We all have bad debts to collect, and some that are never reached in any other manner. The cost is small compared to the good results obtained. As we have said, Mr. Hawkins will call on you in behalf of his agency.

Over fifty millions of the Pappoose 5 cent cigars have been sold by the retail trade of America, and not a single fault has ever been found with it. On the contrary, all have a word of praise for it. It is the finest 5 cent cigar ever sold in Atlanta. For sale at SHARP BROS.

DAMAGED GOODS.

C. P. Johnson, 52 Decatur street, today at any price. Call early as the first will get immense bargains.

PRICE'S BAKING POWDER.



Its superior excellence proven in millions of homes for more than a quarter of a century. It is used by the United States Government. Endorsed by the heads of the Great Universities as the Strongest, Purest, and most Healthful. Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder does not contain Amonia, Lime or Alum. Sold only in Cans.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO.,
NEW YORK. CHICAGO. ST. LOUIS.
5 or 8p fol and n r m last p wk

G. W. ADAIR, Real-Estate.

I will sell a bargain in two central first-class stores

One splendid vacant lot on North Pryor street.

Four nice well built cottages on good lots, third ward, near Fair street school.

Three nice 4-room houses in First ward near Walker street school.

Four vacant lots in Second ward. All anxious to sell.

waiting buyers.

RENTS! RENTS!

A large lot and elegant residence on Peachtree st. from one to three years with or without furniture.

Two elegant new brick residences, gas and water

Central places, stores, cottages, cheap homes

woodyards, etc.

G. W. ADAIR,
5 Kimball House, Wall street.
de28—dtf 8pg

J. C. HENDRIX. J. L. HARRISON.

J. C. HENDRIX & CO.,

Real Estate.

100 Lots at Auction on Capital avenue, Washington, Pryor and McDaniel streets, Wednesday, February 8th, 1888. All lay high, are good size, on and close to street car line. Every lot a beauty. Plats out in a few days.

68 Blocks in the Murphy Addition of Tallapoosa. Blocks varying in size from one to twenty-six acres, just on city limits near the Iron Furnace, the Mallable Iron Works, the Boiler Works on Georgia Pacific Railroad and main avenues. Write for plats or call and see us.

6 room house on Davis street, lot 49x260; snug house, $4,750.

6-room house on South avenue, lot 50x200.

6-room house, with servants' house, bath rooms, etc., on Pulliam street; lot 59x150; at a bargain.

8-room house, a perfect beauty, near new capitol, on Capitol avenue. Come and see us about this home.

New house, 7 rooms, on Ira street; large lot. Must be sold.

10-room house, large lot, on Whitehall street. The owner has directed us to sell.

3 shaded lots on Formwalt street, $600 each. Very cheap.

Large corner lot on Richardson and Cooper streets; overlooks the city; sidewalks now being put down; just the place for a No. 1 home.

8-room new house on Fryor street; every convenience possible; will sell; a bargain.

3 choice lots on Washington street; the pride of the south side.

9-room house, south side, on street car line. Gas and water; house new. Call and we will sell you a bargain.

2 beautiful vacant lots, on Capitol avenue, cheap.

3 building lots on Windsor street; highest ground on the street; beautiful view; lays well.

Three beautiful lots, two acres each; West End.

Four commanding blocks, on Capitol avenue, Washington and Pryor streets.

A number of building lots near the East Tennessee shops and glass works. Houses in great demand in that vicinity. We can sell you lot so you can build and get a handsome interest.

The Alexander hill, on Fair, Chestnut and Ashby streets, 84 lots; all lay just right. Will sell the block at a bargain.

Purchase Money Notes bought. Loans negotiated

J. C. HENDRIX & CO.,
8p 31 S. Broad Street.

A PROCLAMATION.

GEORGIA:

BY JOHN B. GORDON,
GOVERNOR OF SAID STATE.

Whereas, Official information has been received at this Department that a murder was committed in the county of Haralson on the 12th day of December last, on the body of John M. Argoe, by John Brooks, alias John Causey, who has fled from justice. I have thought proper, therefore, to issue this my Proclamation, hereby offering a reward of One Hundred and Twenty-five Dollars for the apprehension and delivery of said John Brooks, alias John Causey, to the Sheriff of said county and state.

And I do moreover charge and require all Officers in this State, Civil and Military, to be vigilant in endeavoring to apprehend the said Brooks, alias Causey, in order that he may be brought to trial for the offense with which he stands charged.

Given under my hand and the Great Seal of the State, at the Capitol in Atlanta, this the 24th day of January, in the year of our Lord, One thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-Eight, and of the Independence of the United States of America, the One Hundred and Twelfth.

J. B. GORDON, Governor.

By the Governor.
N. C. BARNETT,
Secretary of State.

KENNY & WERNER

NO. 40 DECATUR STREET, OPPOSITE YOUNG MEN'S LIBRARY.

Wholesale Liquors!

We have the largest stock of Imported and Domestic Wines and Liquors in the city.

The only house paying county license, and consequently, the only house authorized to sell by the quart.

KENNY & WERNER,

No. 40 Decatur street.

Telephone No. 160. - - - Goods Delivered.
All orders from a distance promptly attended to.
dec30—dtf 8thp un u o rob

A BUSINESS CHANGE.

HAVING SEVERED MY CONNECTION WITH the firm of Avary & Bratton, I desire to announce that I have purchased what is known as Schumann's Branch Pharmacy, corner of Peachtree and Forsyth streets, where I will be glad to greet my friends. My customers may be assured that I shall keep a full line of pure drugs, and competent pharmacists will be in charge day and night. Packages delivered in all parts of the city. Orders by telephone promptly attended to. L. R. BRATTON.

Two-cent stamps for sale at Constitution business office. Open all day. tf

CLOTHING, FURNISHING GOODS, ETC

Our Prices will Interest You.

Sweeping Reductions in all Departments.

SPECIAL SALE.

MENS', BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S SUITS! OVERCOATS!

HIRSCH BROS.,

Clothiers and Tailors,

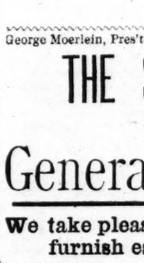
42 AND 44 WHITEHALL STREET.

GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES, ETC

BROWN & KING,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS

—IN—



COTTON, WOOLEN AND GENERAL MILL SUPPLIES, MACHINERY AND TOOLS LEATHER AND RUBBER BELTING, HOSE PACKING, ETC.
PORTABLE FORGERS, PRESSURE BLOWERS AND EXHAUST FANS.
WROUGHT IRON PIPE FITTINGS AND BRASS GOODS.

SEND FOR PRICES AND DISCOUNTS.

62 S. BROAD ST.

8thp un Hirsch



SECURITY INVESTMENT COMPANY.

The Georgia Security Investment Company

OF ATLANTA, GA.

CAPITAL - - - - - - - - - - $50,000.00

L. J. HILL, President. W. R. HAMMOND, Secretary.
JOHN KEELY, Vice President. HALL & HAMMOND, Attorneys.

DIRECTORS.

A. D. ADAIR, JOHN KEELY,
W. A. HEMPHILL, L. J. HILL,
W. R. HAMMOND.

We wish to SELL NOTES running FIVE YEARS from date, with interest at 7 PER CENT, payable ANNUALLY. They are SECURED by IMPROVED REAL ESTATE worth at least two and one-half times amount advanced, and THEIR PAYMENT GUARANTEED by THIS COMPANY. Parties having money to invest will consult their interest by addressing L. J. HILL, President, Atlanta, Ga.

LIME, CEMENT AND COAL.

SCIPLE SONS

Terra Cotta Stove Flue, absolutely fire proof; Terra Cotta Chimney Tops and Stove Thimbles.



GRANITE.

George Moerlein, Pres't. John Goetz, Jr., Vice-Pres't. J. A. Eberhardt, Sec'y Treas. & Gen. Mgr.

THE SOUTHERN GRANITE COMPANY,

QUARRIES AT LITHONIA, GA.

General Contractors in Granite

We take pleasure in announcing that we are now prepared to furnish estimates upon the finest quality of Lithonia

GRANITE

For any and all purposes, especially in the line of

FINE ARCHITECTURAL, MONUMENTAL AND STREET PAVING WORK.

PLANS, SPECIFICATIONS AND ESTIMATES WILL BE PROMPTLY FURNISHED.

PRINCIPAL OFFICE: 20 Kimball House, ATLANTA.
BRANCH OFFICE: 19-20 Wiggins Block, CINCINNATI.

jan14—d8ra

ARMSTRONG BRACE!



ELASTIC SUSPENDER WITHOUT RUBBER.

Combining Comfort and Durability.

NO RUBBER USED IN THESE GOODS. NICKEL PLATED BRASS SPRINGS FURNISH THE ELASTICITY.

Ask Your Dealer for Them!

Sent by Mail, Post Paid, on receipt of price, at the following List

A Quality, plain or fancy web,	50	D Quality, plain or fancy web	$1.25
B " " "	75	E " plain silk web	1.50
C " " "	1.00	F " fancy "	2.00

ARMSTRONG M'F'G CO., 216 Church-st., N. Y. City. 267 Franklin-st., Chicago, Ill.

W. A. HEMPHILL, President. JACOB HAAS, Cashier

CAPITAL CITY BANK

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT

OPEN EVERY DAY UNTIL 2, AND

Open on Saturdays and Mondays Until 7 p. m

Drafts issued on England, Germany, France and all parts of Europe at lowest market rates.

Dec. 12—tf

THE

VOL. XIX.

TWO THOUSAND A YEA

Voted to the Widows of Genera Logan and Blair

TO KEEP THE WOLF FROM THE DO

The Senate Passes a Bill Pensioning Them The President's Reception—Other Washington Gossip.

WASHINGTON, January 26.—[Special. The senate today passed the bills to give M John A. Logan and Mrs. Francis P. Blair e a $2,000 annual pension. The vote stood 5 7 in favor of the former and 54 to 6 for latter. Senators Coke, Harris, Berry, Reag Vance and Salisbury voted against pension Mrs. Logan. The first six voted against M Blair, Salisbury not voting.

Senator Brown today proposed a bill in senate to pay Morgan Rawls, of Effing county, $800 for a house destroyed by the u army immediately after the war. In tea down some old hospitals near his house for purpose of building negro schoolhouses Savannah, his dwelling house was includ during his absence.

A delegation from the board of tr of Wichita, Kansas, arrived here tonight appear before the committee on territories morrow, in favor of opening the Oklaho territory. Representatives from the Cre Seminoles, Choctaws and Chicasaws are here to oppose it, and a delegation from Cherokees will arrive tomorrow. The Indi have been conferring today with Major Bar who is one of the members of the commit opposed to opening the territory. The maj ty of the committee will undoubtedly repor favor of opening the territory, but there be a minority report in favor of the Indian

Senator Brown and family will leave Georgia tomorrow. The senator goes home the purpose of attending the annual meet of the Western and Atlantic railr and the Dade [Coal company. He will absent about two weeks.

Mr. Carleton has been confined to his r some days with erysipelas. He is, howe much better today.

There were only three of the Georgia d gation in attendance upon the president's ception to the house and senate tonight. T were Messrs. Barnes, Grimes and Blount.

E. W. H

PENSIONS FOR THE WIDOWS.

The Senate Passes Bills to Pension the W ows of Generals Logan and Blair.

WASHINGTON, January 26.—In the se Mr. Allison, from the committee on appro ations, reported back the house bill to c into effect the provisions of the act of the of March, 1887, in regard to experimental tions at agricultural colleges. Placed on calendar.

On motion of Mr. Quay, the senate took f the calendar and passed the bill increasing pension for total deafness to thirty dolla month (from thirteen dollars), and allowin proportionate rating for partial deafness. stated that the entire increased expense to treasury under the bill would not exceed hundred thousand dollars a year.

The calendar was then taken up and the thereon taken up in their regular order, th objected to to be laid aside without action.

A number of bills of local interest w passed.

The senate then took up the bill giving pension of $2,000 yearly to the widow of Ge eral John A. Logan.

After a long debate Mr. Berry called for th yeas and nays on the passage of the bill, and the bill was passed—yeas 55, nays 7.

The negative votes were given by Mess Berry, Coke, Colquitt, Harris, Reagan, Sa bury and Vance.

On motion of Mr. Vest, a like bill increa to $2,000 a year the pension of the widow General Frank P. Blair was passed by a of 54 to 6 (Mr. Saulsbury not voting.

The senate then took up the Blair ed tional bill, but soon proceeded to the consi ation of executive business.

The doors were soon re-opened, and Blair proceeded with his remarks. A ren of Mr. Blair's on the subject of northern talists in the south was interpreted by Dawes as meaning that these northern talists were influenced only by money ma considerations, and cared little for the pr tion of popular education in that section.

Mr. Dawes inquired what Mr. Blair meant in that connection, and was assure Mr. Blair that he had said nothing would justify such an interpretation.

Mr. Hawley subsequently noticed the point, and Mr. Blair complained that both attempted to place him in a false attitude.

Mr. Hawley assured him he meant not of the kind. He did not mean that the tor from New Hampshire had anything more than that northern went to the south with their capital in the dinary mercantile way, or, in Mr. Blair's words, for the purpose of "self appropriat to make money. He (Hawley) said that carried with them a higher purpose than of mere money-making; and he instanced Anniston and Sheiby iron works in Alab as a place built up by Connecticut capital where churches and schools were well tained.

In concluding his speech, Mr. Blair sa had confined himself to the presentation timony to show that if ever there was ne national aid to education that need had er increased than diminished.

Mr. Morgan obtained the floor but yield a motion to adjourn and the senate at 4:4 journed till Monday.

BUSINESS BEFORE THE HOUSE

Indians Titles to Land—The Paris Ex sion, Etc.

WASHINGTON, January 26.—In the h the morning hour was consumed in deb the bill affecting the title to a small tr land in Kansas, reserved for some New Indians, who never occupied the lands. bill was finally passed.

The committee on foreign affairs w charged, and at its own request, from f consideration of the bill, incorporating Maritime Canal company, of Nicaragu the same was referred to the committ commerce.

Consideration of unfinished busines Wilkins' banking bill—was postponed count of the absence of Mr. Wilkins, w unwell.

On motion of Mr. Wise, of Virginia, was passed regulating practice in cases re ed from state to federal courts. It pr that a plaintiff shall not be required to security for costs of suit, if he be a citiz the state in which suit was brought.

Mr. Belmont, from the committee on f affairs, reported the joint resolution, acc the invitation of the French republic, to part in the international exhibition to b in Paris in 1889, and appropriating $200,0 enable the United States to participate.

On motion of Mr. Whitthorne, of Te see, the bill was passed appropriating $1 for the repair of the United States war s ship Hartford.

The speaker pro tem stated the regul der to be the consideration of the reso setting apart February 21st, after the m hour and each day thereafter, until f order, for the consideration of bills re from the committee on public building grounds, not to interfere with revenue o eral appropriation bills.

Mr. Randall suggested that the hous better adjourn, and he made a motion t effect, which was defeated.

Filibustering motions were then e upon, but were repeatedly voted down much noise and confusion.

Finally, at 5 o'clock, the house adj till tomorrow without action on the tion.

The President's Reception.

WASHINGTON, January 26.—A recepti given by the president and Mrs. Clevel the executive mansion this evening